Exclusive Central Meson Production in Proton Antiproton Collisions at the Tevatron at $\sqrt{s} = 1960$ GeV and 900 GeV

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on behalf of the CDF Collaboration







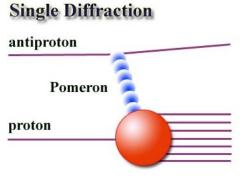
Physics Motivation

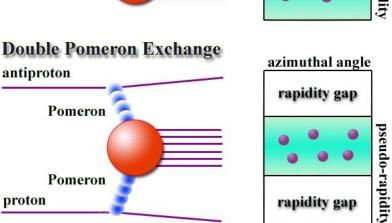
Double Pomeron Exchange (DPE)

azimuthal angle

rapidity gap

rapidity gap





Pomeron:

- Carrier of 4-momentum between protons
- Strongly interacting color singlet combination of gluons and quarks
- Quantum numbers of vacuum
- LO: P = gg

proton

Analysis GXG reaction

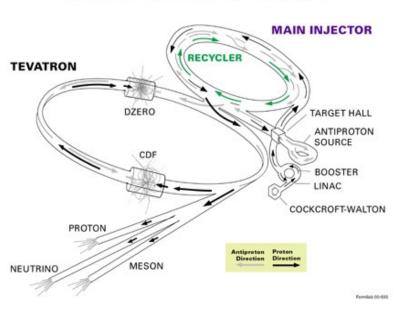
$$\overline{p} + p \rightarrow \overline{p}$$
 (*) + GAP + X + GAP + p (*)

- X (in this study):
- hadron pair mostly π^+ π^-
- central $|y(\pi^+ \pi^-)| < 1.0$
- between rapidity gaps $\Delta \eta > 4.6$
- Q = S = 0, C = +1, J = 0 or 2, I=0

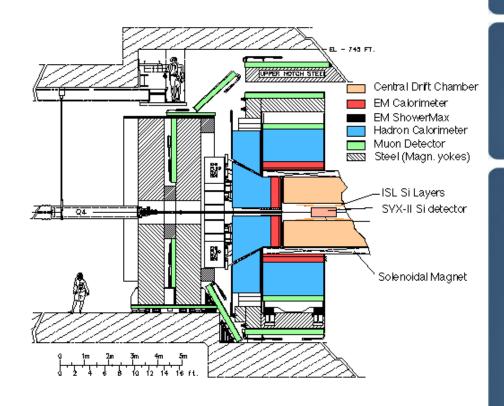
Expected to be dominated by DPE in the t-channel!

Collider Detector at Fermilab

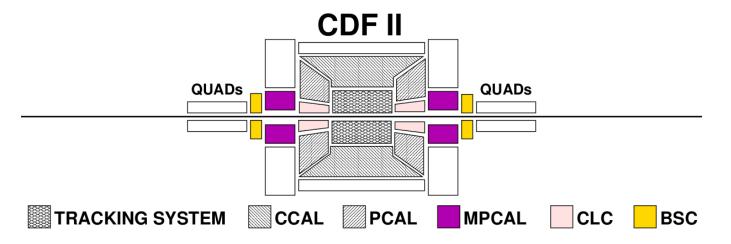
FERMILAB'S ACCELERATOR CHAIN



 $\sqrt{s} = 1960 \text{ GeV}$ $\sqrt{s} = 900 \text{ GeV}$



Collider Detector at Fermilab



- We do not detect outgoing protons
- Forward detectors in veto

- BSC Beam Shower Counters
- CLC Cherenkov Luminosity Counters
- PCAL Plug Calorimeter

We require all detectors, $|\eta|$ < 5.9, to be empty except for two tracks

Central Hadronic State Analysis Candidates selection



Trigger requirement:

- 2 central ($|\eta|$ <1.3) towers with E_i> 0.5 GeV
- PCAL (2.11<|η|<3.64) in veto
- CLC (3.75<|η|<4.75) in veto
- BSC1 (5.4< $|\eta|$ <5.9) in veto

Gap cuts:

To determine noise levels in subdetectors we divide zero-bias sample from same periods into two sub-samples:

No Interaction:

- No tracks and
- No CLC hits and
- No muon stubs

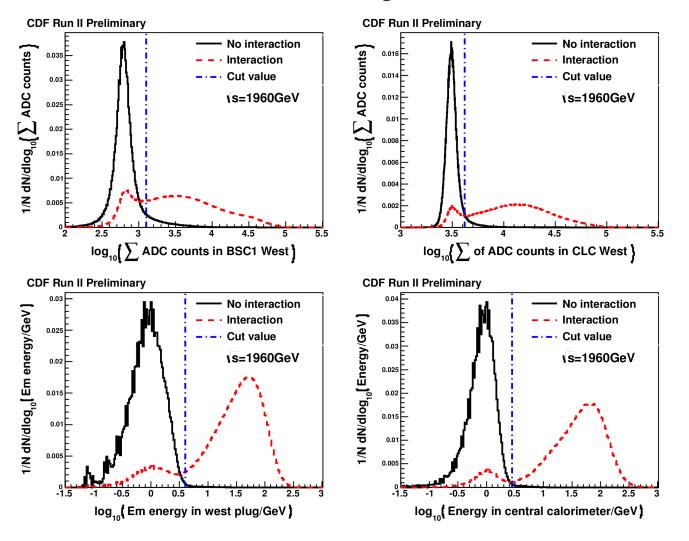
Interaction:

At least one

- Track
- CLC hit or
- Muon stub

or

Exclusivity cuts

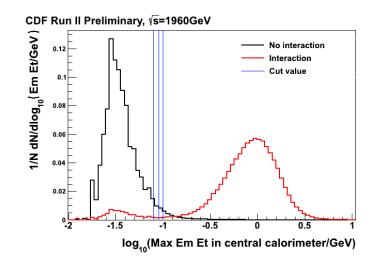


Central Hadronic State Analysis Candidates selection

Exclusive 2 tracks:

- → Similar technique in region of central calorimeter
- → excluding cones of R=0.3 around each track extrapolation.

$$R = \sqrt{(\Delta \eta)^2 + (\Delta \phi)^2}$$



The "hottest" EM tower must be less than 90 MeV

Additional cuts:

- quality of tracks
- cosmic ray rejection
- 2 oppositely charged tracks

Effective exclusive luminosity

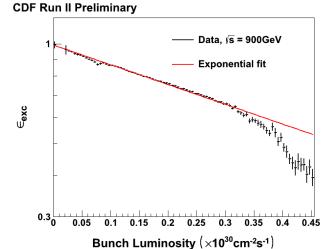
 Determination of efficiency of having nopileup using zero-bias sample.

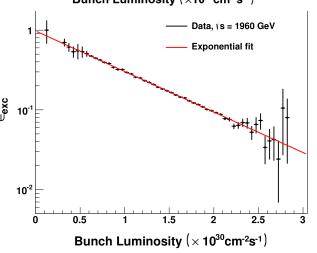
We measure ratio of empty events (all detectors on noise level) to all events.

- Exponential drop with bunch luminosity.
- Slope corresponds to total detected inelastic cross section.

	1960 GeV	900 GeV
σ_{obs} (η <5.9)	55.9(4) mb	65.8(4) mb
L _{eff}	1.15/pb	0.059/pb

Higher dissociation masses allowed at 1960 GeV





Acceptance and cut efficiency

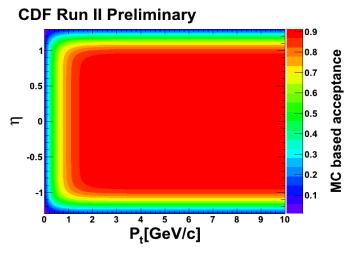
Model independent analysis

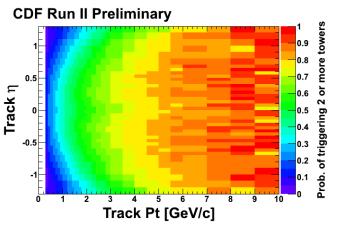
Kinematic cuts:

- $P_{r}(\pi) > 0.4 \text{ GeV/c}$
- $|\eta(\pi)| < 1.3$
- $|y(\pi^+ \pi^-)| < 1.0$

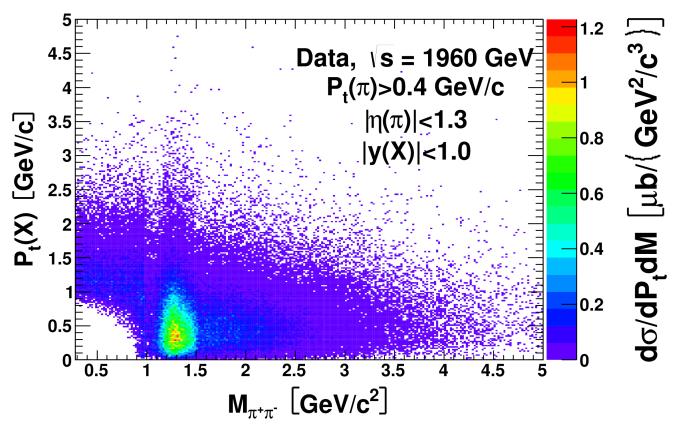
3 components:

- Trigger efficiency
- Single track acceptance
- 2 tracks acceptance

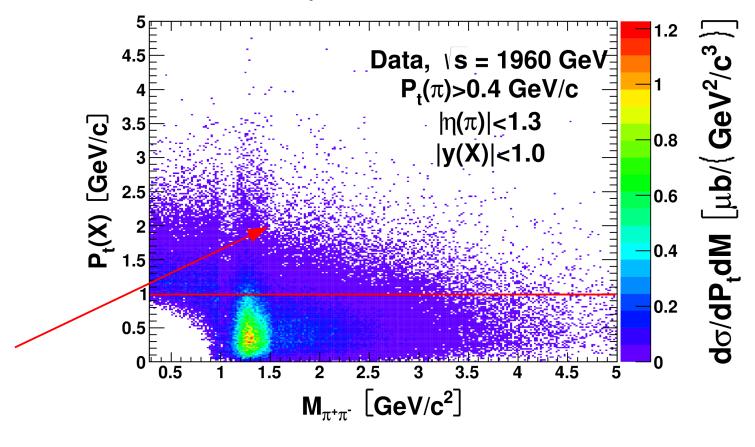




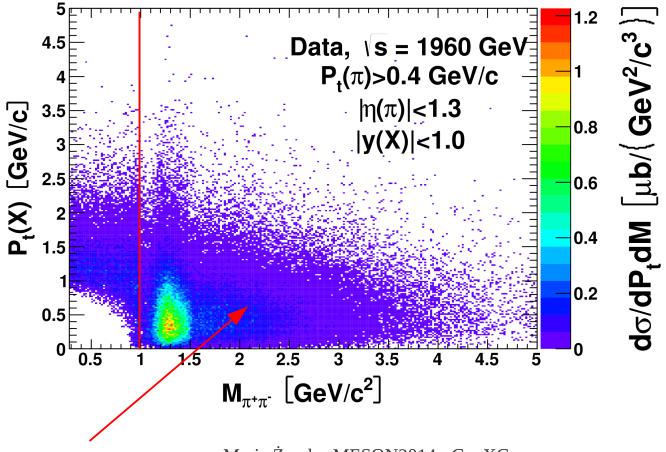
 $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$ vs $P_t(X)$ for 1960 GeV



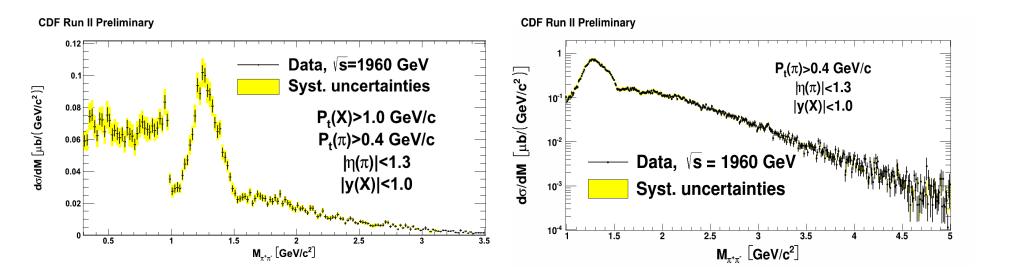
 $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$ vs $P_t(X)$ for 1960 GeV



 $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$ vs $P_t(X)$ for 1960 GeV

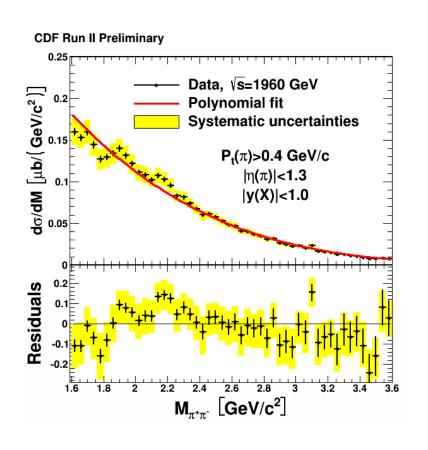


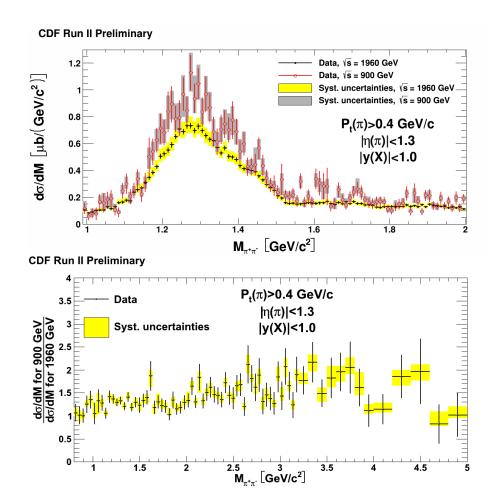
Central Hadronic State Analysis $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$ for 1960 GeV



- → Broad continuum below 1 GeV/c²
- → Cusp at 1 GeV/c²
- → Resonant enhancement around $1.0 1.5 \text{ GeV/c}^2$ dominated by $f_2(1270)$

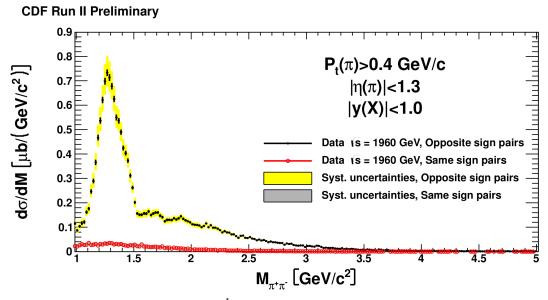
Central Hadronic State Analysis $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$ for 1960 GeV and 900 GeV





Non-exclusive background Same sign sample

- The events with two same charge tracks
 6.1% 900 GeV and 7.1% 1960 GeV
- Sign of non-exclusive background
- 4-track events with two missed tracks:
- → below the P_t -threshold or in calorimeter crack or very forward



Conclusions

- We have measured $\pi^+\pi^-$ pairs between large rapidity gaps at the Tevatron, which should be dominated by double pomeron exchange.
- Contribution of non- $\pi^+\pi^-$ pairs background and non-exclusive background is small subtraction of this background in progress.
- We do not see a $\rho(770)$, confirming that photoproduction and ρ -exchange, are negligible.
- The mass spectra show several structures:
 - Broad continuum below 1 GeV/c²,
 - Sharp drop at 1 GeV/c²
 - Resonant enhancement around 1.0 1.5 GeV/c².
- This is the only measurement from the Tevatron, and has much higher statistics than preliminary data from the LHC experiments.



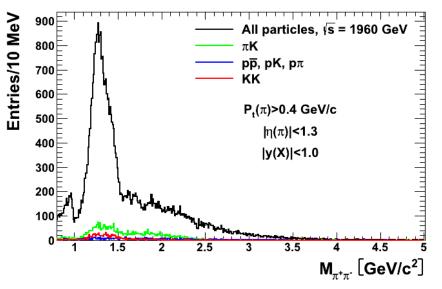
Backup slides

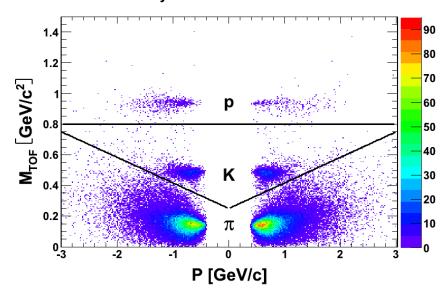


Non-ππ background









Acceptance calculation

Model independent analysis

Kinematics cuts:

- $P_t(\pi) > 0.4 \text{ GeV/c}$
- $|\eta(\pi)| < 1.3$
- |y(X)| < 1.0

3 components:

- Trigger efficiency
- Single track acceptance
- 2 tracks acceptance



Trigger efficiency

1. Sample of min-bias data, good quality isolated (no other tracks in cone with R=0.4) tracks.

2. Checking how often they fired 0, 1, 2 or more trigger towers (>= 4 bits) in 3x3 box around track extrapolation.

3. Trigger efficiency composed from those 3 probability distributions (which are functions of P, and η)

Trigger efficiency

Probability of triggering 2 or more towers in the central detector by two independent tracks "a" and "b":

$$\varepsilon = P_2(a) + P_1(a) * [P_1(b) + P_2(b)] + P_0(a) * P_2(b)$$

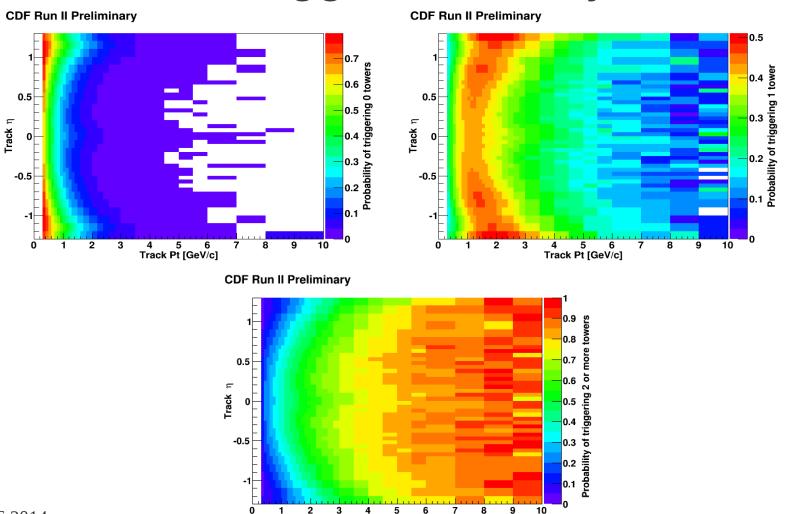
	P_2b	P ₁ b	P_0b
P ₂ a	X	X	X
P ₁ a	X	X	
P _o a	X		

P₀ – probability of triggering no towers

P₁ – probability of triggering one tower

P, – probability of triggering two or more towers

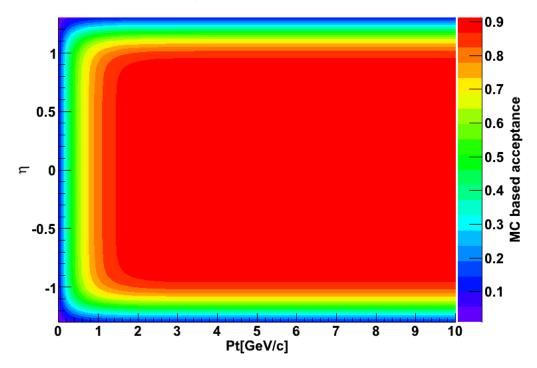
Trigger efficiency



Track Pt [GeV/c]

Single track acceptance

- 1. Single pion generation, flat in phi
- 2. Acceptance as a function of Pt(track) and eta
- Probability that track will be reconstruced at all
- Probability that track will pass all single track quality cuts



2 tracks cuts acceptance

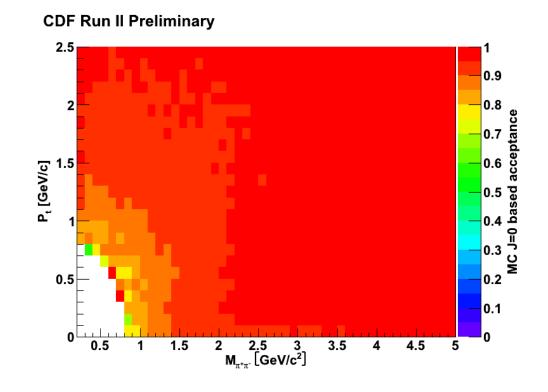


Cuts:

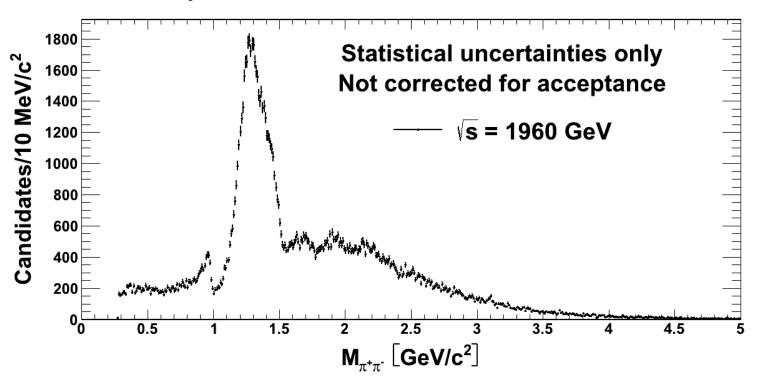
- 3D opening angle
- y of central state
- Separation
- \bullet ΔZ_{c}

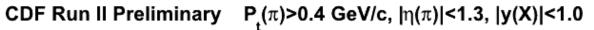
Based on J=0 phase space model

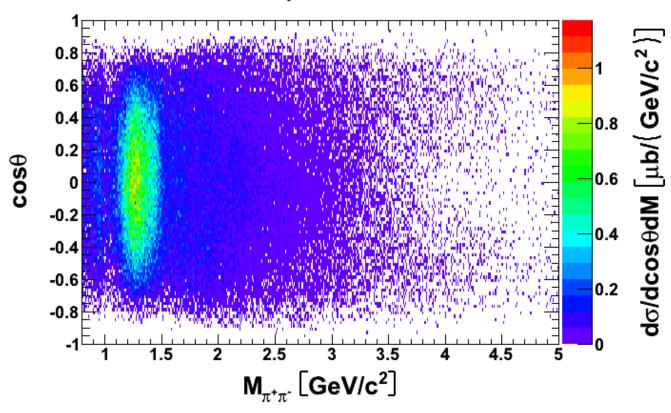
All previous cuts applied before

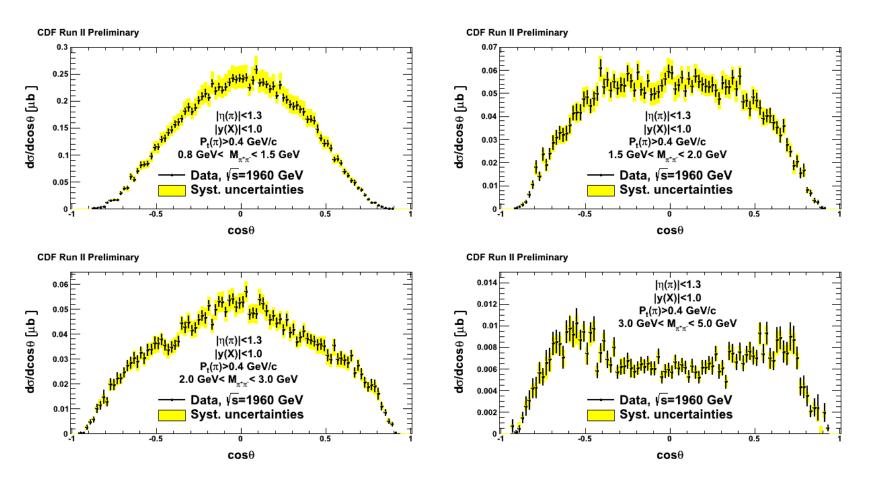


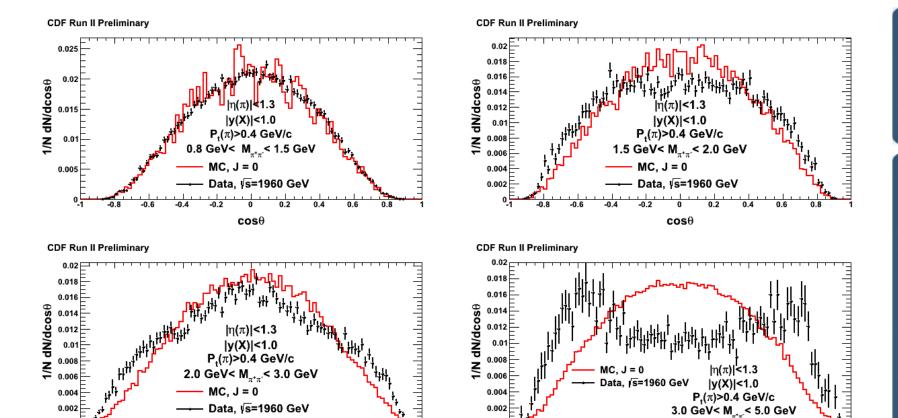
Invariant mass distribution











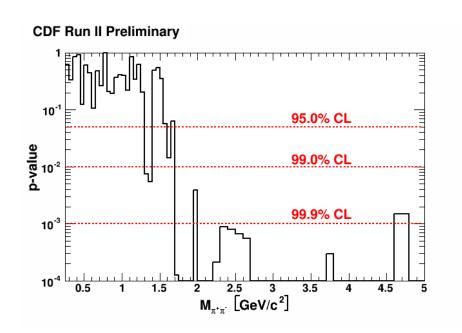
cos0

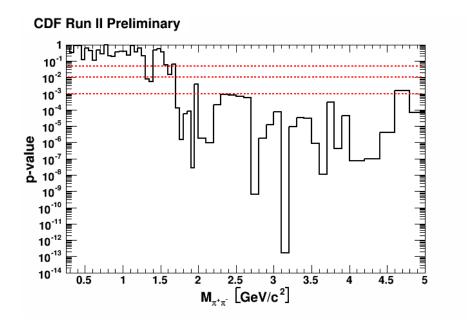
cos θ

Comparison of data/MC s-wave $cos(\theta)$ distributions H0 : $cos(\theta)$ distribuants for data and s-wave MC are the same (in mass bins)

- H1 : not H0.
- Test type: Smirnow
- Test statistics: λ Kolmogorov







If p-value is smaller then 0.05 we reject the H0 (s = 0) in favour of H1 on the 95% CL If p-value is greater then 0.05 we cannot reject the null hypothesis H0 (s = 0) on the 95% CL