



Recent results and progress from LEPS and LEPS2 at SPring-8

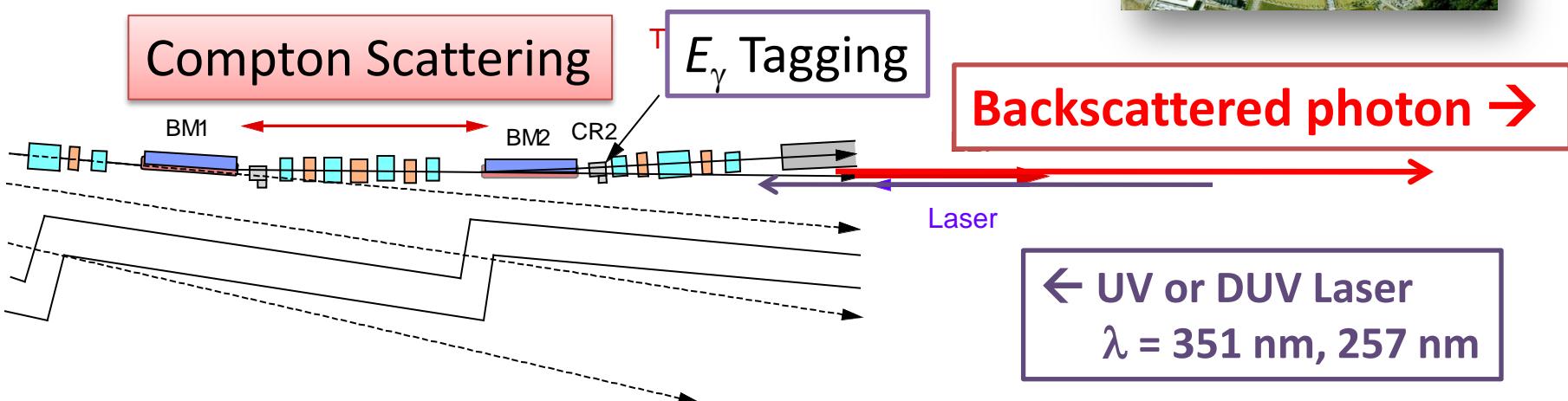
HOTTA, Tomoaki
(RCNP, Osaka University)
on behalf of
the LEPS&LEPS2 collaboration

Outline

- Introduction to the **LEPS/LEPS2** experiments
- Recent results from **LEPS**
 - Search for K^-pp bound state
 - $\Theta^+(1530)$: new data and analysis
- Current status of **LEPS2**
- Summary

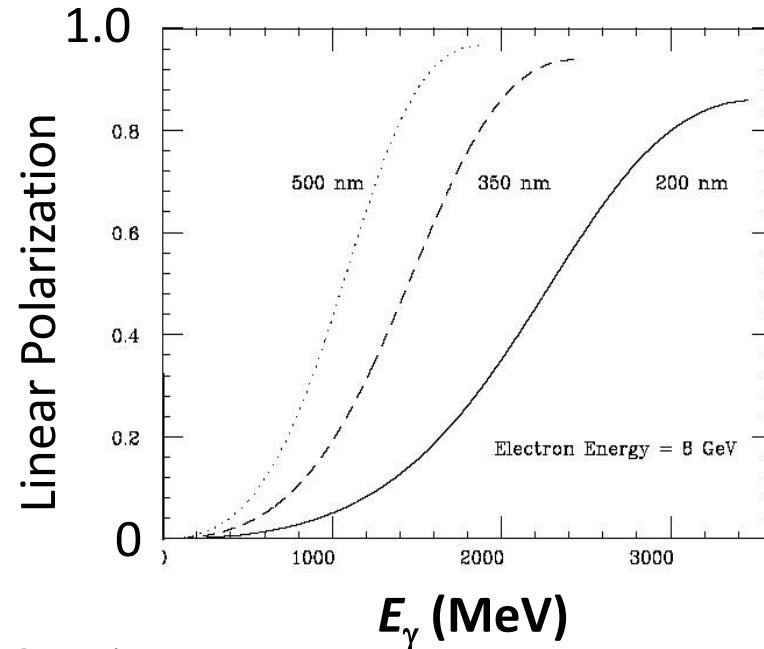
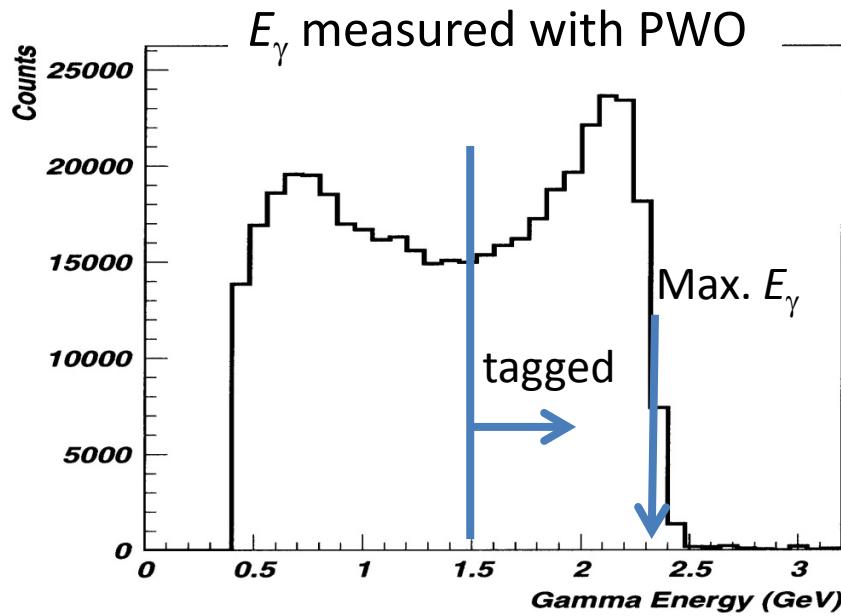
Laser-Electron Photon @ SPring-8

- SPring-8: 8-GeV Synchrotron Radiation facility
 - Electron storage ring dedicated to SR light source.
- 2 beamlines (**LEPS** & **LEPS2**) are operated at the same time.

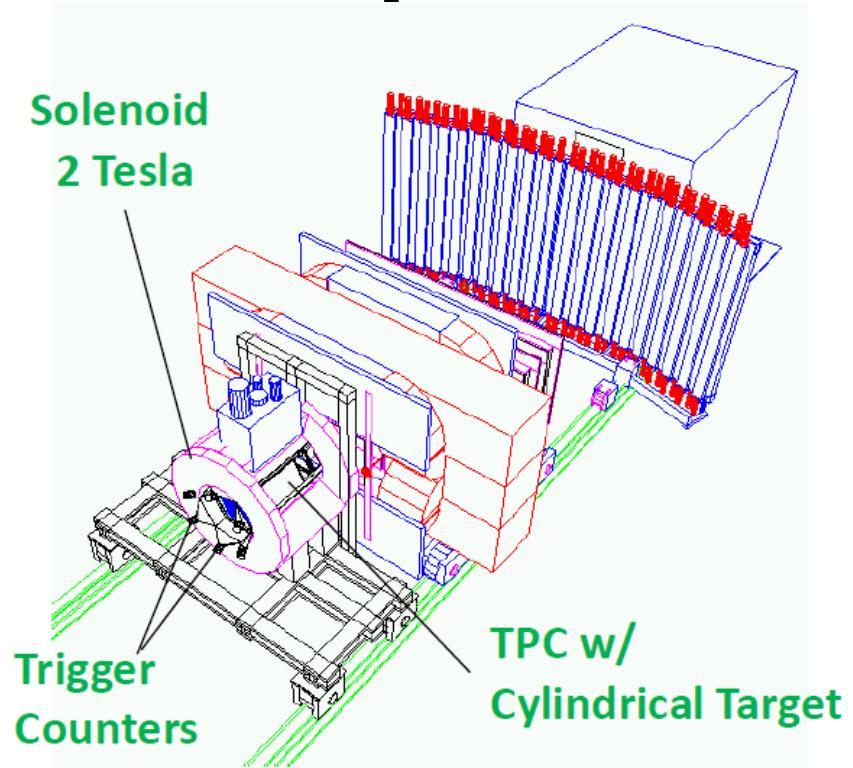
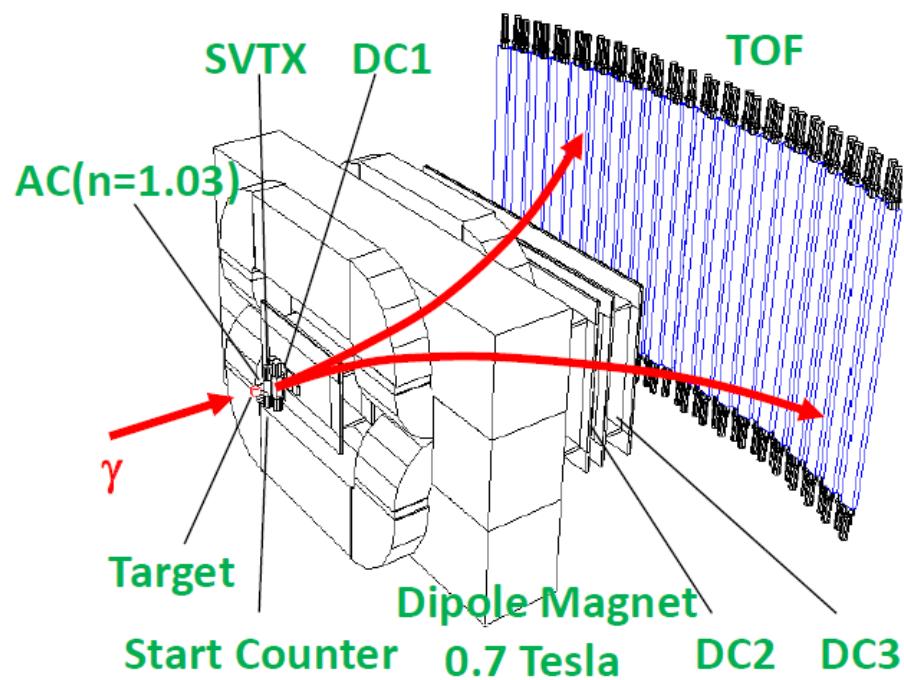


Properties of LEPS/LEPS2 beam

- 355 nm or 351 nm UV laser → **2.4 GeV (max.)**
- 266 nm or 257 nm Deep UV laser → **2.9 GeV (max.)**
- Tagged photon $E_\gamma > 1.5 \text{ GeV}$, ~10 MeV resolution.
- Laser: ~100% polarized → **Highly polarized γ beam.**



LEPS Detector Setup



Forward Spectrometer

- TOF : RF signal - TOF wall, $\Delta t = \sim 150$ ps
- Momentum : $\Delta p \sim 6$ MeV/c for 1 GeV/c K
- Acceptance : Hori $\pm 20^\circ \times$ Vert $\pm 10^\circ$

TPC

- $20^\circ < \theta < 140^\circ$
- $\Delta P/P \sim 0.2$
- $\Delta \phi \sim 0.04$ rad

Recent results from LEPS

Forward spectrometer

- $\kappa(800)$ exchange in $\gamma p \rightarrow K^{*0} \Sigma^+$ reaction.
Hwang et al., PRL108, 092001(2012)
- $K^- pp$ bound state search in $\gamma d \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- X$ reaction. Tokiyasu et al., PLB728(2014)616 ↙
- $\Theta^+(1530)$ photoproduction (new data) ↙

Forward spectrometer + TPC

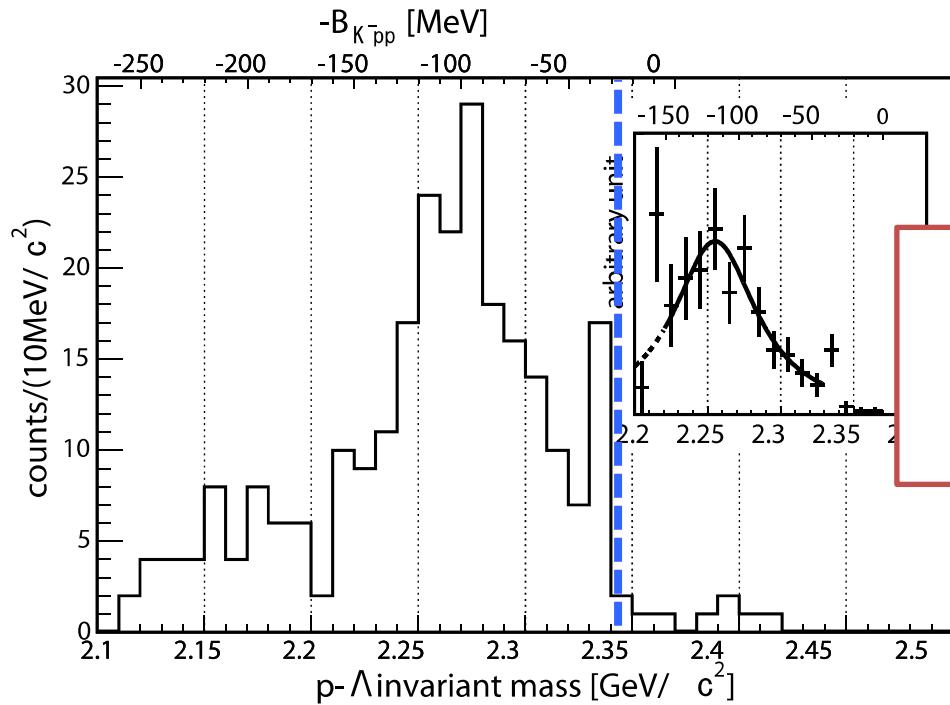
- $\Lambda(1405)$ photoproduction at $E_\gamma = 3$ GeV
- ω and η' photoproduction at backward angles.
arXiv:1306.3031

$K^- pp$ bound state

- strong $\bar{K}N$ attraction in $I = 0$ channel.
- Existence of **Kaonic Nuclei** is suggested.
- $\bar{K}NN$ is the lightest kaonic nuclei.
- $K^- pp$: strongest binding $\bar{K}NN$ system.
- Investigating sub-threshold $\bar{K}N$ interaction.
- Theoretical prediction, depending on models
Binding Energy = 9 – 95 MeV, Width = 34 – 110 MeV

Possible candidates

FINUDA: Stopped K^- on nuclear targets



PRL 94, 212303 (2005)

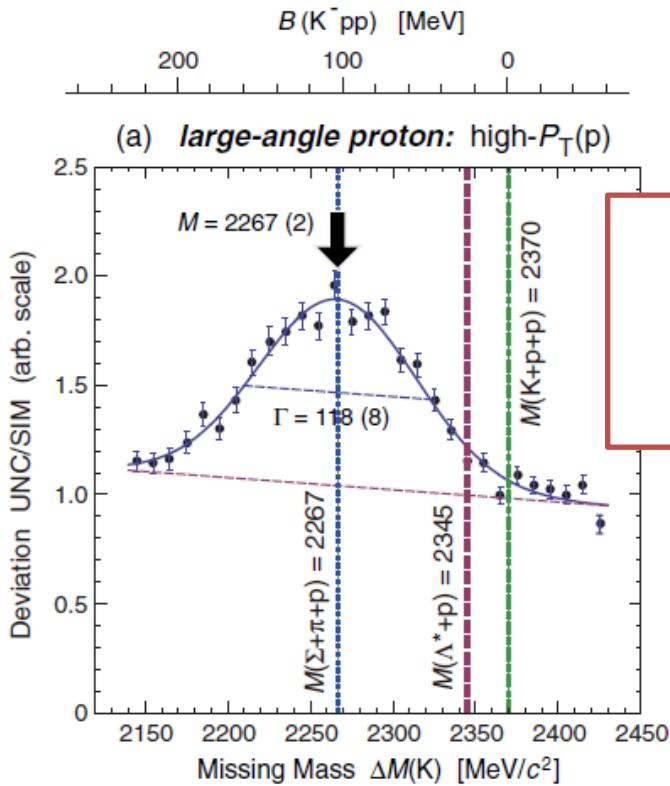
$$B.E. = 115^{+6}_{-5}(\text{stat})^{+3}_{-4}(\text{syst})$$

$$\Gamma = 67^{+14}_{-11}(\text{stat})^{+2}_{-3}(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

Peak structure in $p\bar{\Lambda}$ invariant mass

Possible candidates

DISTO: $pp \rightarrow pK^+\Lambda$ reaction



PRL 104, 132502(2010)

B.E. = $103 \pm 3(\text{stat}) \pm 5(\text{syst})$

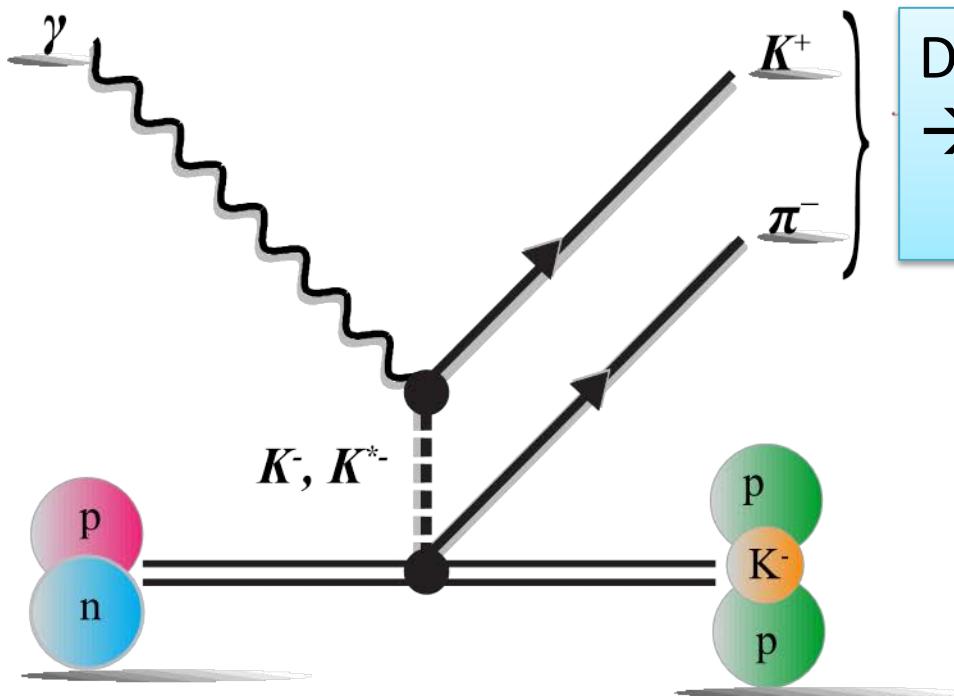
$\Gamma = 118 \pm 8(\text{stat}) \pm 10(\text{syst})\text{MeV}$

Peak structure in K^+ missing mass

Our search

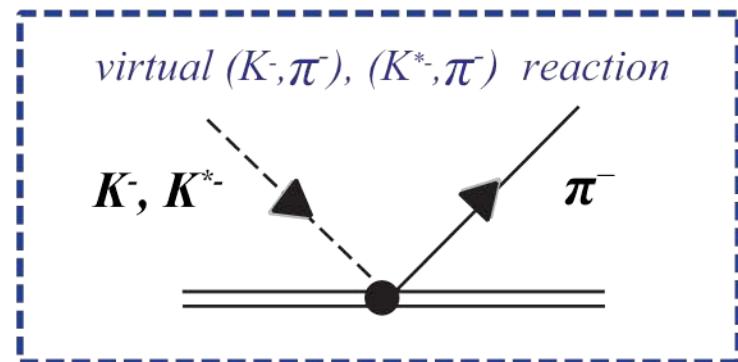
$\gamma d \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- X$ reaction

$E_\gamma = 1.5 - 2.4$ GeV



Tokiyasu *et al.*, PLB 728(2014)616

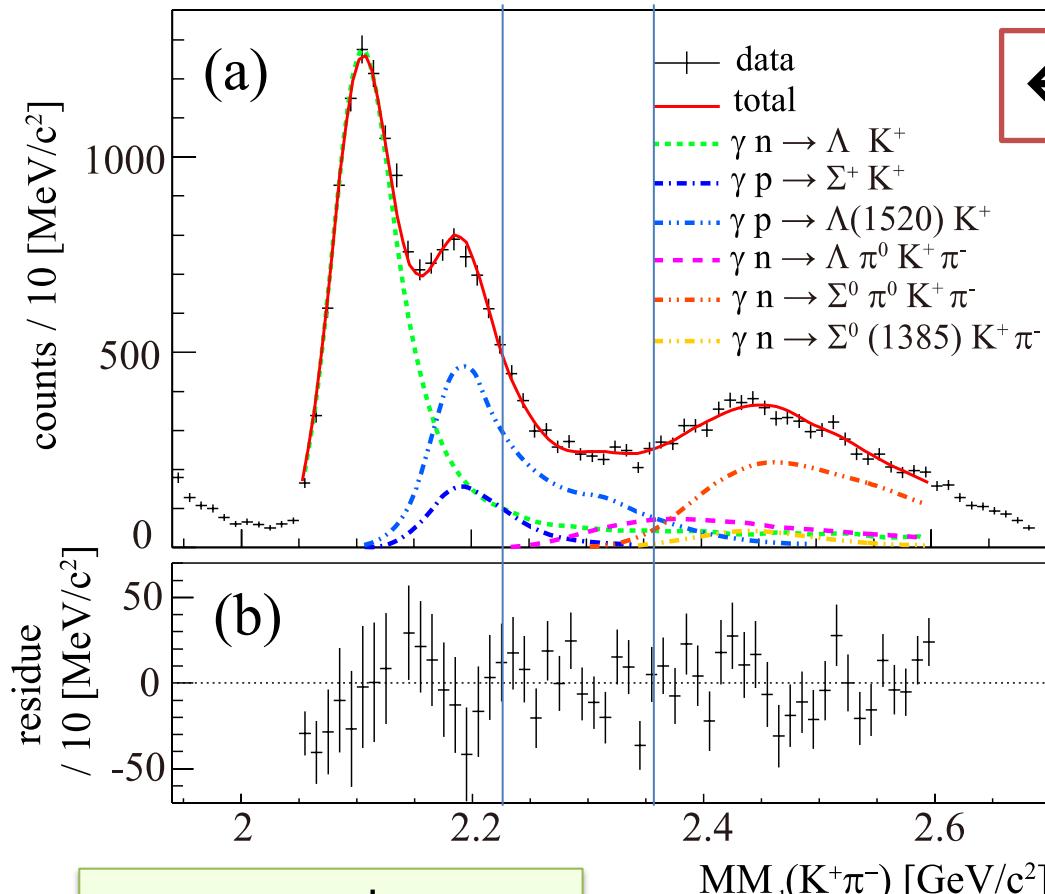
Detecting K^+ and π^- at forward
→ Low momentum transfer
(0.1 – 0.4 GeV/c)



deuteron

Kpp bound state

Result



← Fitting with BG only

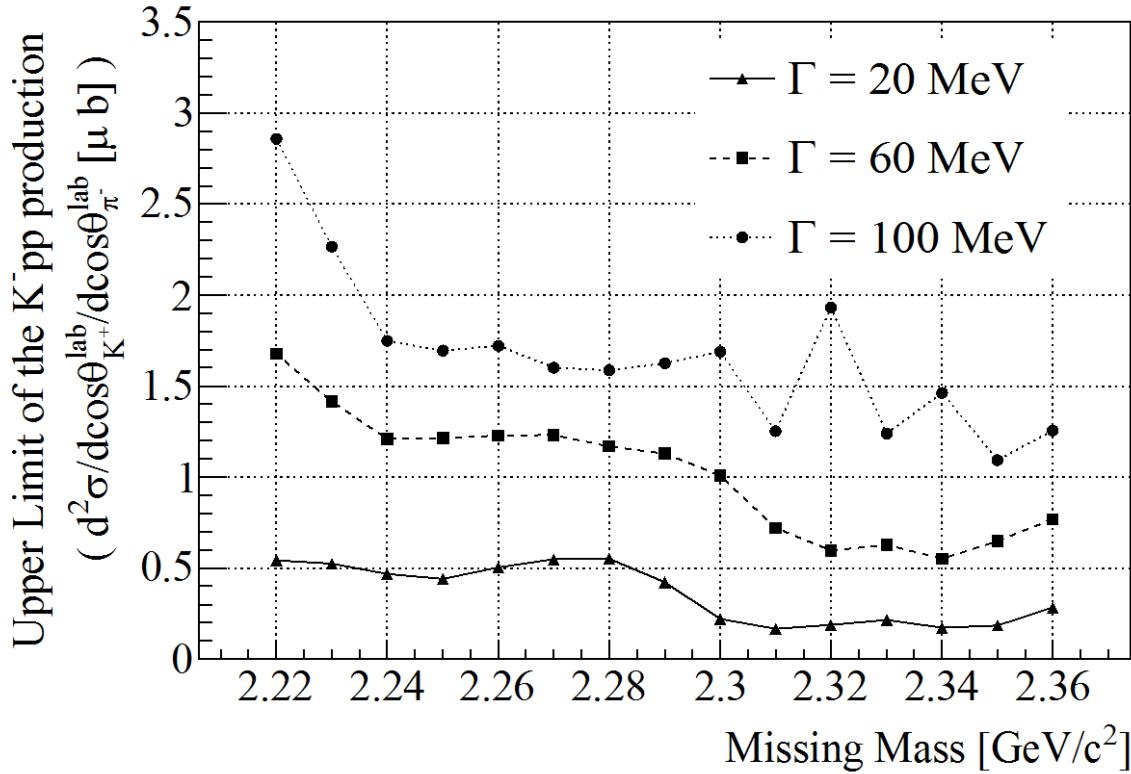
Log-likelihood test if the fitting improved with **$K^- pp$ bound state signal**

No significant peak in
 $M = 2.22 - 2.36 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
(B.E. = 10 – 150 MeV)

$\gamma d \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- X$
missing mass

Tokiyasu *et al.*, PLB 728(2014)616

Upper limit



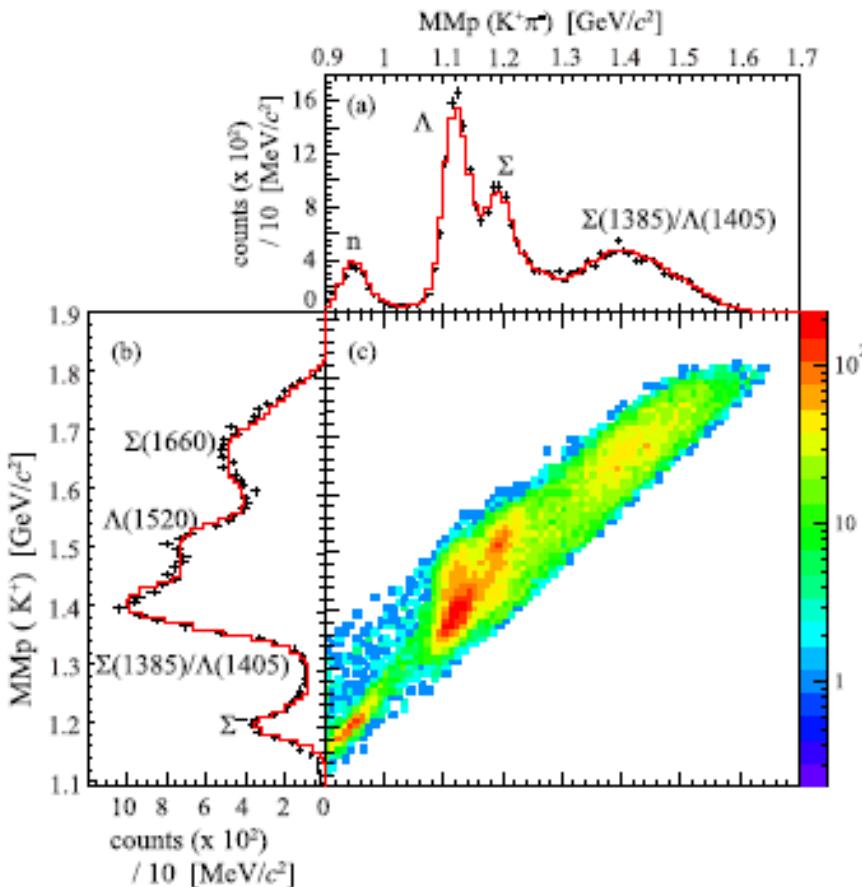
Γ (MeV)	Upper Limit (μb)
20	$0.17 - 0.55$
60	$0.55 - 1.7$
100	$1.1 - 2.9$

at 95% C.L.

Hyperon production
 $\sim 11 \mu\text{b}$

Tokiyasu *et al.*, PLB 728(2014)616

Quasi-free Background



Quasi-free processes.

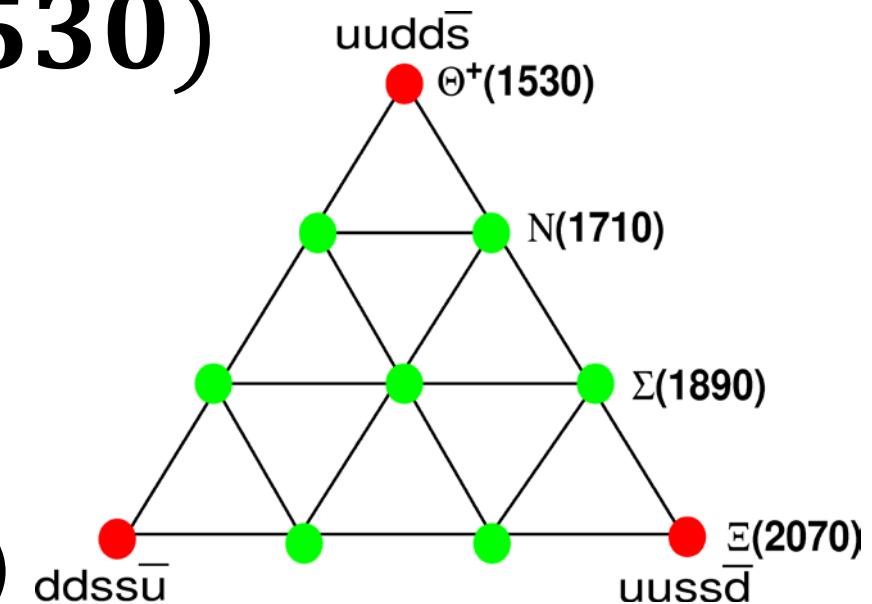
Proton target	Neutron target
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$	$\gamma + n \rightarrow \Sigma^- K^+$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+$	$\gamma + n \rightarrow \Lambda K^+ \pi^-$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Lambda(1405) K^+$	$\gamma + n \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^- K^+$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^0 K^+$	$\gamma + n \rightarrow \Sigma(1660)^- K^+$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^-$	$\gamma + n \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^0 K^+ \pi^-$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) K^+$	
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+ K^+ \pi^-$	

Missing mass spectra for
 $\gamma N \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- X$ and
 $\gamma N \rightarrow K^+ X$
were fitted simultaneously.

Tokiyasu *et al.*, PLB 728(2014)616

$\Theta^+(1530)$

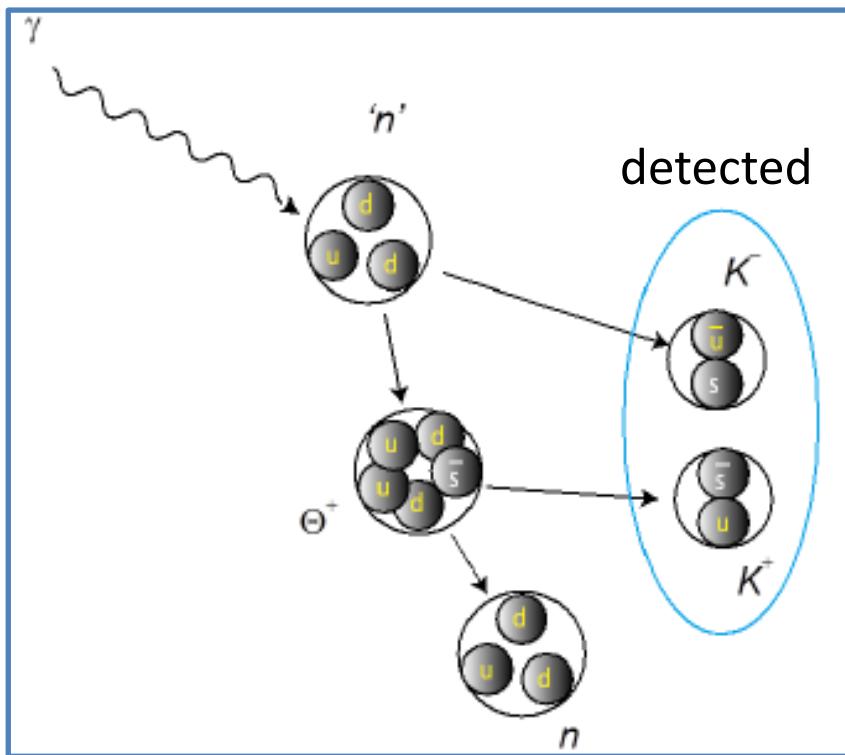
- $S = +1, Q = +1$ Baryon
minimal content: ($uudd\bar{s}$)
→ Pentaquark
Light and narrow
(chiral quark soliton model)



- Width estimation by $K^+n \rightarrow \Theta^+$ reaction
 $0.36 \pm 0.11 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ (DIANA)
 $< 0.64 \text{ MeV}/c^2$, upper limit (Belle)

Its existence is still controversial.

$\Theta^+(1530)$ search at LEPS



$\gamma d \rightarrow K^+ K^- pn$ reaction

Analysis:

- Fermi motion correction to obtain nK^+ mass
- Rejection of ϕ photoproduction
- Inclusive analysis: events from $n/p \rightarrow$ not separated.

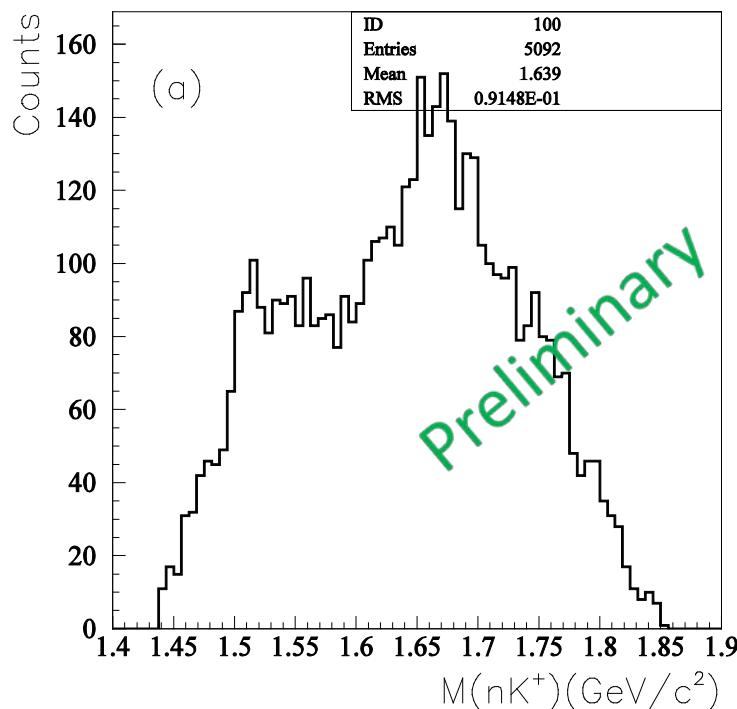
Evidence with 5.1σ statistical significance was reported
as PRC79, 025210(2009)

→ New data with higher statistics, same detector setup

Results of inclusive analysis

New data

2.6 times more statistics than the previous data.



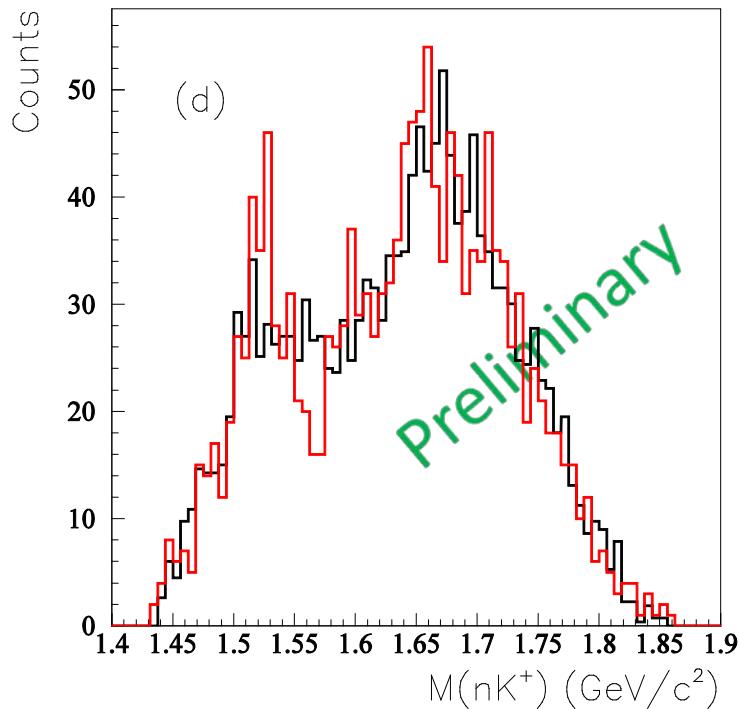
- Blind analysis:
 - Cuts are pre-determined.
- Narrow strong structure is not seen in the signal region.
- The significance is less than 2σ , if we perform the same shape analysis as the previous analysis.

Results of inclusive analysis

New data v.s.

previous data

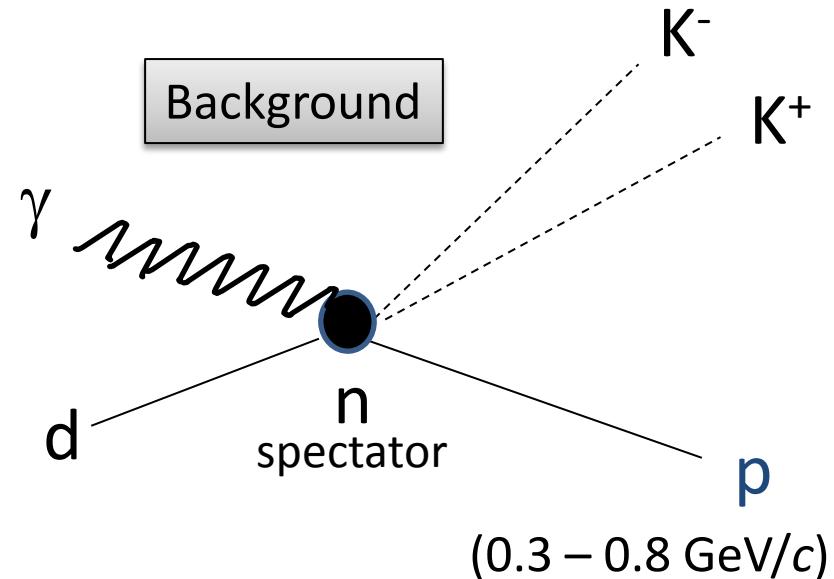
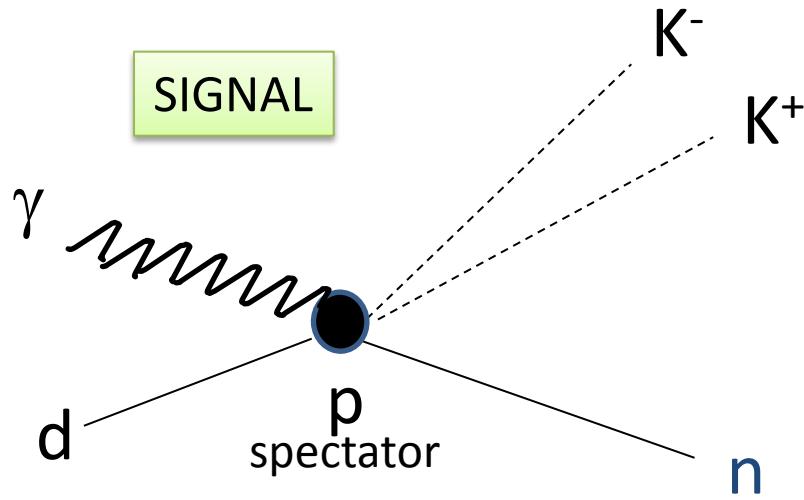
Normalized by entry



- In total, two data sets are consistent.
- $\chi^2/\text{ndf}=56.4/66$
KS-test 58.8%

Fluctuation?
Human bias?
Over/under-estimation?
→ Exclusive analysis

Exclusive analysis



Quasi-free
 $\gamma n \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+$
 $\gamma n \rightarrow \phi n \rightarrow K^+ K^- n$

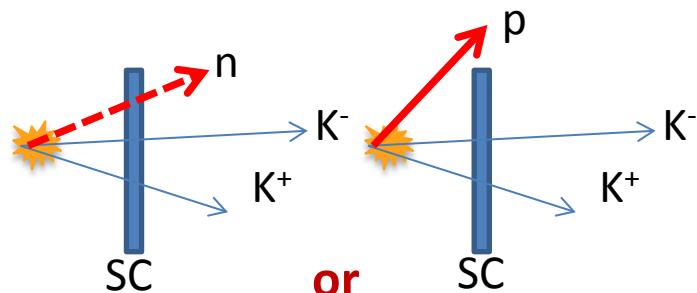
...

Quasi-free
 $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1520)$
 $\gamma p \rightarrow \phi p \rightarrow K^+ K^- p$

...

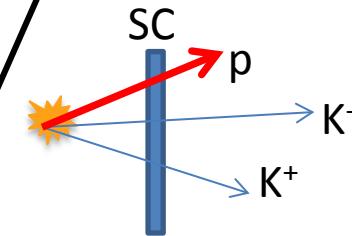
Detection of recoil proton from BG

Using dE/dx information in start counter



QF γn event

+ QF γp event
 p : out of acceptance



QF γp event
 p : tagged

Efficiency = $\sim 60\%$

Detection of recoil proton from BG

Using dE/dx information in start counter

QF γn event

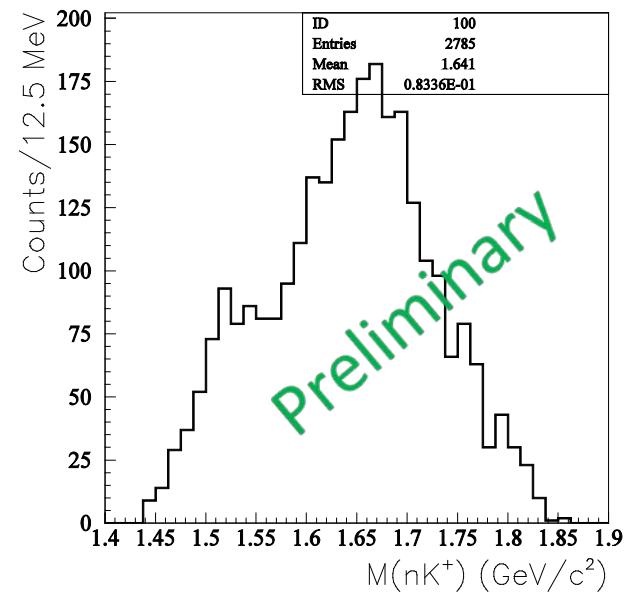
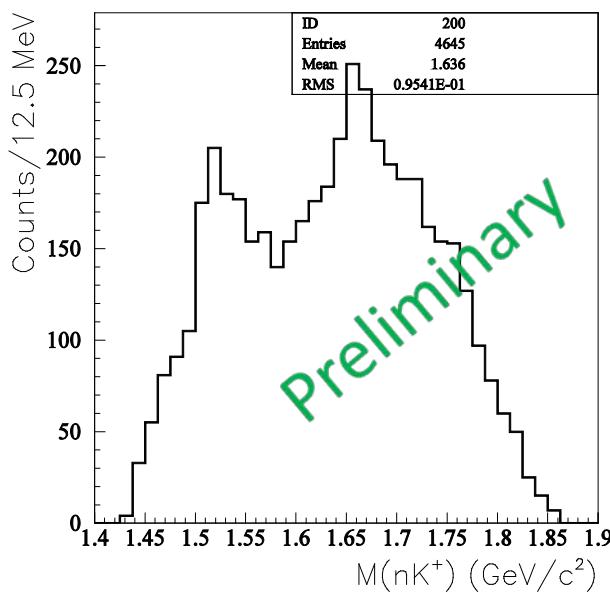
+

QF γp event
 p : out of acceptance

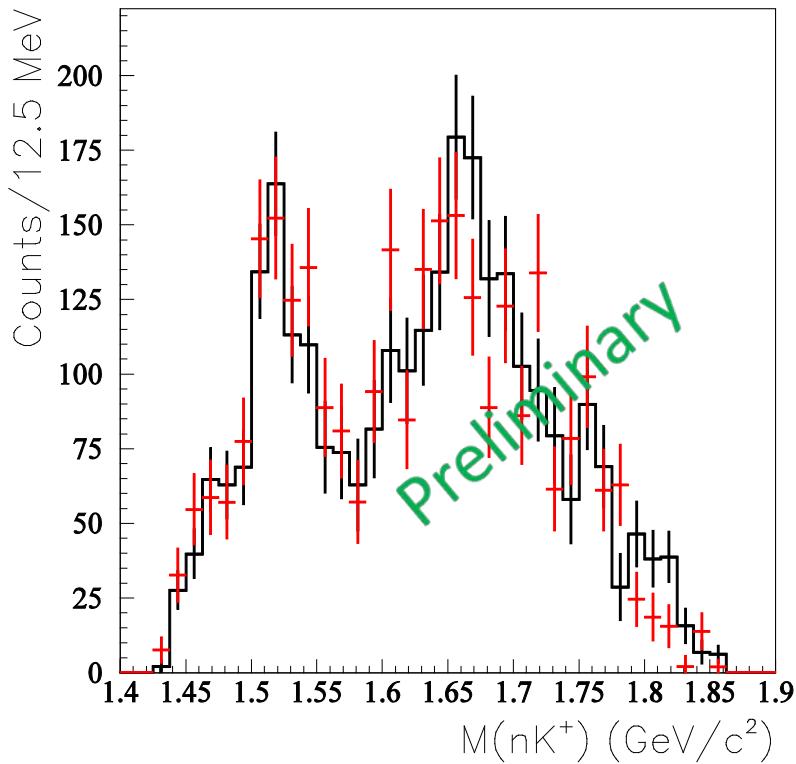
QF γp event
 p : tagged

Signal enhancement is seen.

Efficiency = $\sim 60\%$



Subtraction of proton BG

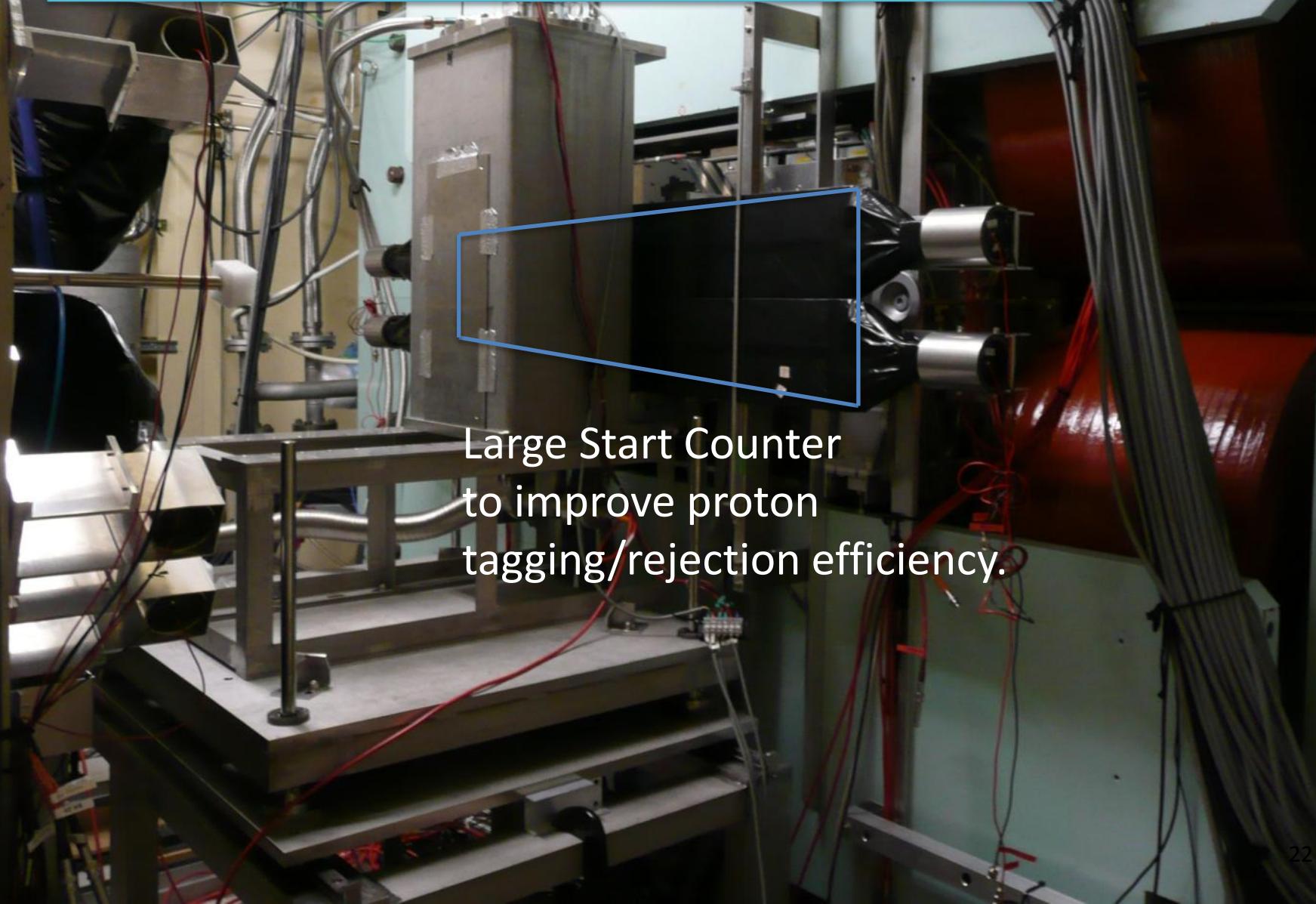


We are now taking data with improved recoil p acceptance

2 methods for BG estimation

- Red: dE/dx method
 - Strict cut for vertex position to improve the rejection efficiency.
 - # of event reduced (normalized in histogram)
- Black: Monte-Carlo based estimation
 - MC fit for proton tagged sample → BG estimation for full data sample.

Setup of the current run



LEPS2 experiments

- **2nd LEPS** beamline at SPring-8
 - Can be operated with **LEPS** at the same time.
- Aiming to obtain $10^7/\text{sec}$ photon beam with improved laser injection system.
- Large acceptance detector in larger experimental hall

BNL-E949 Solenoid



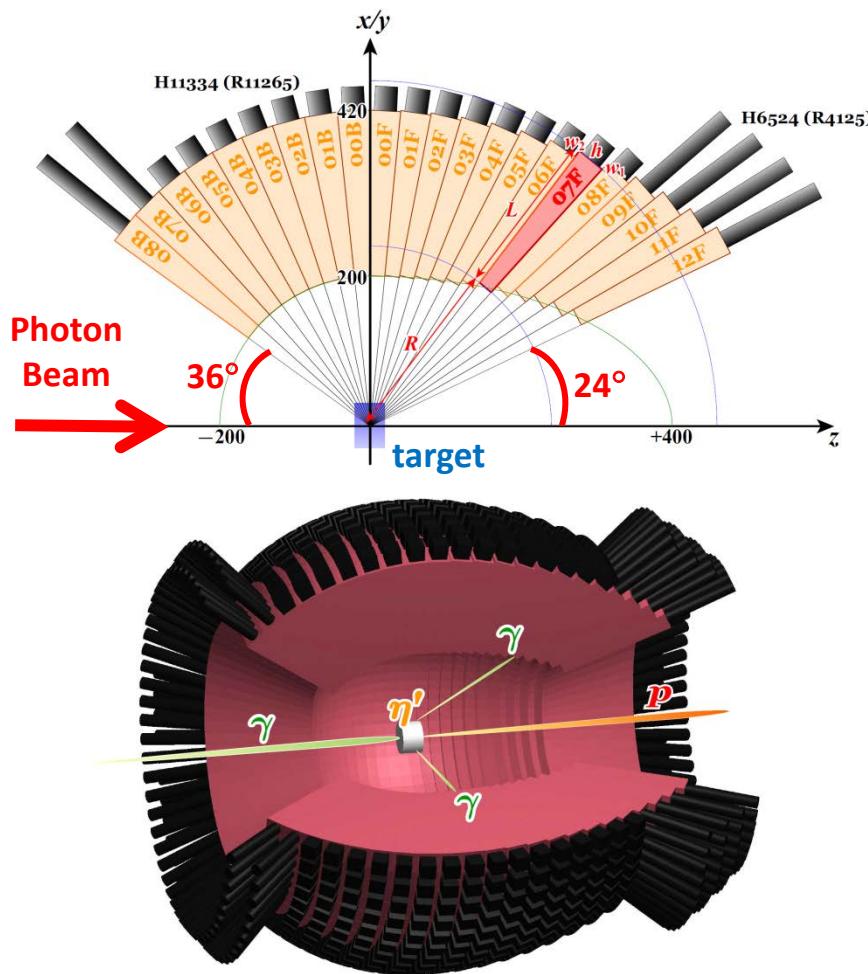
Current Status of LEPS2

Oct. 2013: Tagged photon beam became available.

2 experimental setups:

- **BGOegg**: egg-shaped BGO detector array.
 - Dec. 2013: detector commissioning run started.
- **Solenoidal spectrometer** (magnet from BNL-E949)
 - Magnet is ready.
 - Construction and development of the detectors are underway.

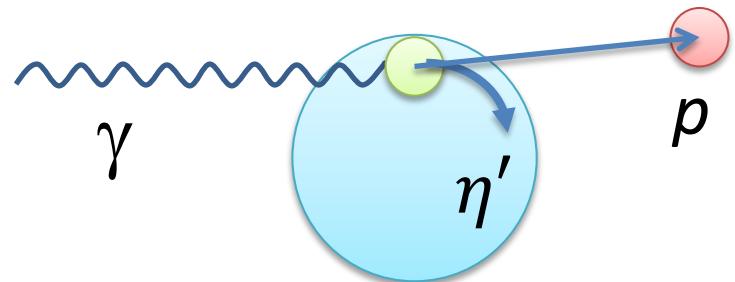
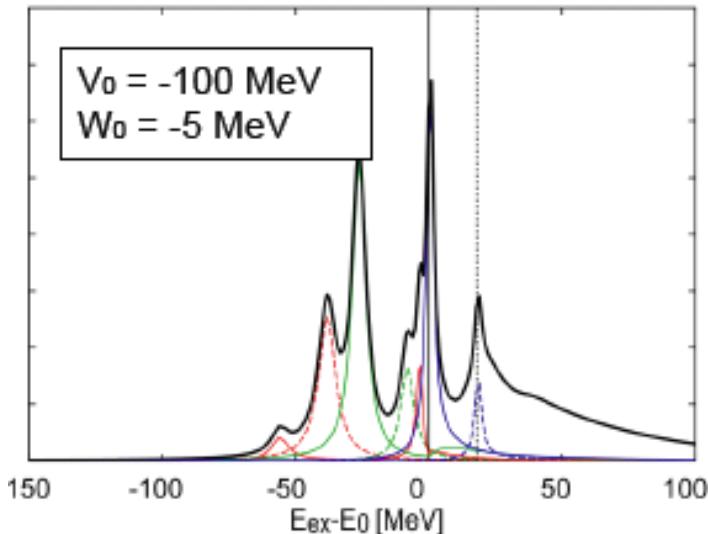
BGOegg detector



- 1320 BGO crystals covers 22 – 144 deg.
- 1.3% energy resolution, 3.1mm position resolution for 1 GeV photon.
- Used with cylindrical drift chamber inside.
- TOF detector at forward angles.

Physics programs with BGOegg

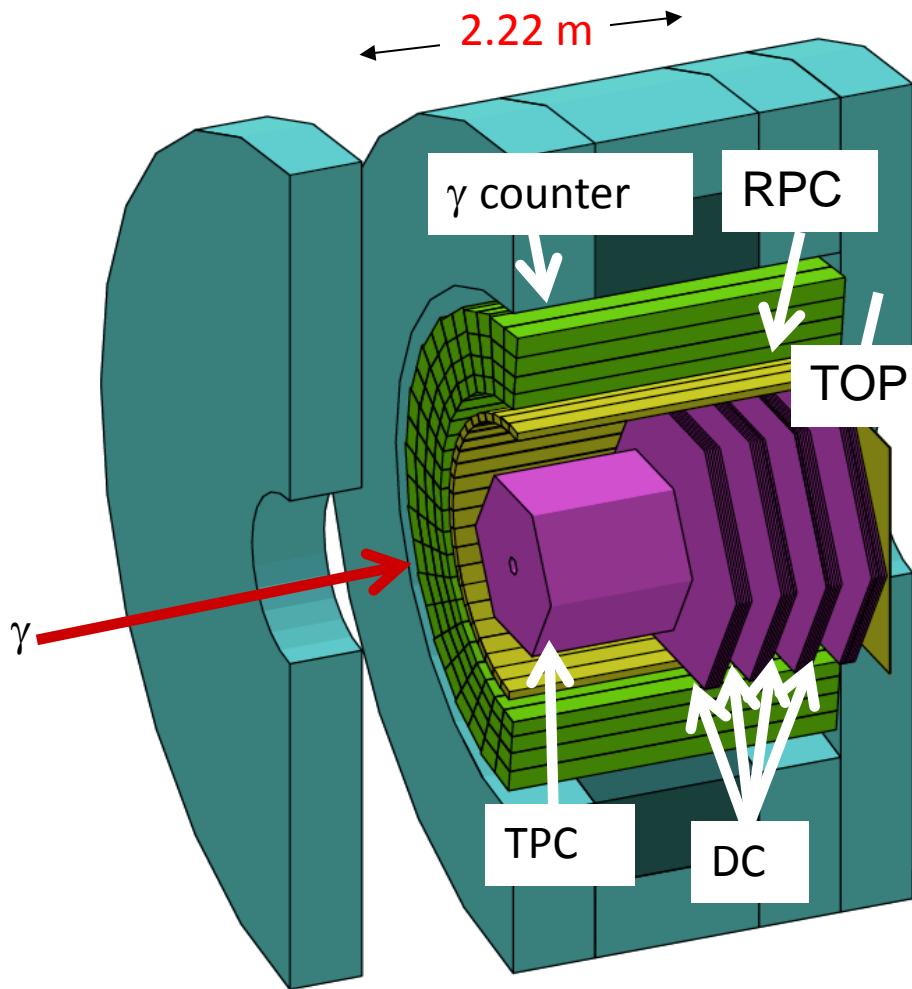
- Search for $\eta'(958)$ mesic nucleus
 - $U_A(1)$ anomaly effect in medium.



Nagahiro, Hirenzaki,
PRL94,232503(2005)
(Discussed in this session)

- $\gamma N \rightarrow \eta'(958)N$ elementary process with H_2/D_2 target
 - Cross section, beam asymmetry...etc.

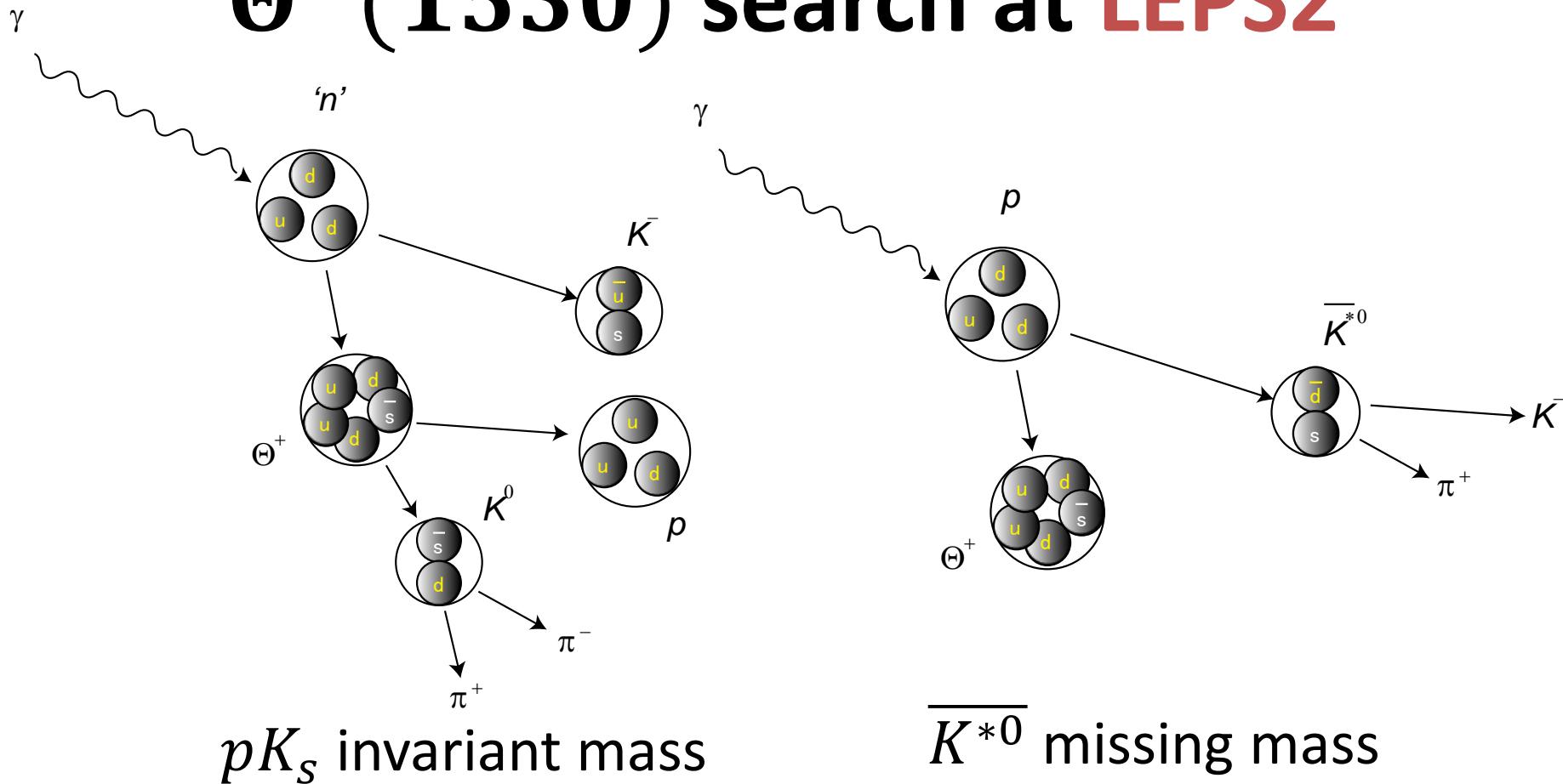
LEPS2 solenoidal spectrometer



Magnet from BNL-E949

Detector construction is underway.

$\Theta^+(1530)$ search at LEPS2



- Without Fermi-motion correction, ϕ background.
- Overwrap with CLAS acceptance

Summary

- LEPS and LEPS2 are now in operation at SPring-8.
- Recent results for $K^- pp$ bound state and Θ^+ pentaquark have been presented.
- BGOegg experiment at LEPS2 has been started.
- Construction of LEPS2 solenoidal spectrometer is underway.

LEPS & LEPS2 collaboration

- Japan
 - RCNP, RIKEN, Kyoto, ELPH/Tohoku, KEK, Gifu, Tokyo, Chiba, Nagoya,...
- Taiwan
 - Academia Sinica
- Korea
 - Korea U., Seoul U.
- USA
 - Ohio U.
- Canada
 - U. Saskatchewan
- Russia
 - JINR Dubna

International Collaboration, but not a Huge group

LEPS & LEPS2 collaboration

- Japan
 - RCNP, RIKEN, Kyoto, ELPH/Tohoku, KEK, Gifu, Tokyo, Chiba, Nagoya,...
- Taiwan
- USA

We welcome your participation in LEPS/LEPS2 !!

- Korea
 - Korea U., Seoul U.
- Canada
 - U. Saskatchewan
- Russia
 - JINR Dubna