

Charmed meson production at LHCb

Dominik Müller on behalf of the LHCb collaboration

School of Physics and Astronomy, The University of Manchester

Meson 2016, Kraków

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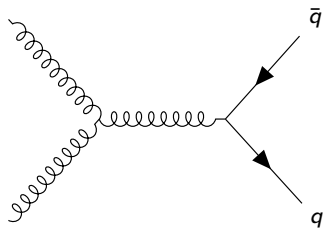
Outline

1. Motivation
2. The LHCb detector
3. J/ψ and D meson production at 13 TeV
4. Associated production of Υ and open charm mesons at 7 and 8 TeV

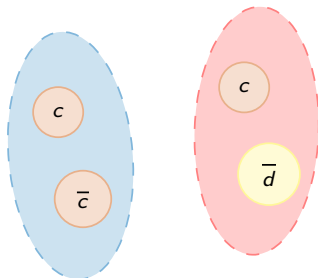
Motivation

Why measure charm meson cross-sections (at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$)?

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Perturbative QCD

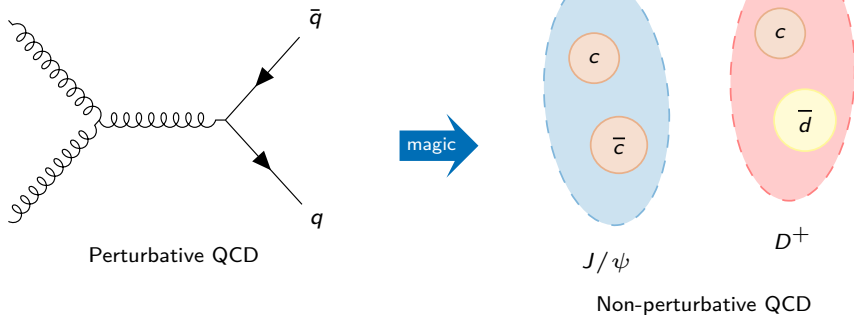


J/ψ

D^+

Non-perturbative QCD

Why measure charm meson cross-sections (at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$)?



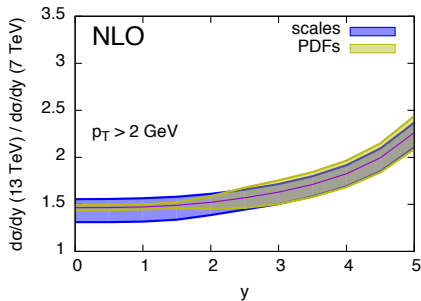
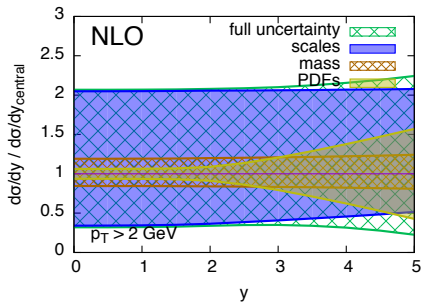
- ▼ Non-perturbative parameters must come from experiment
- ▼ Some predictions not matching new experimental results after 40 years of progress

¹PROSA collaboration, arXiv:1503.04581

²Cacciari et al., Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 610

- Production dominated by gg fusion, measurements can constrain low x gluon pdf.¹

$c\bar{c}$ next-to-leading order predictions²

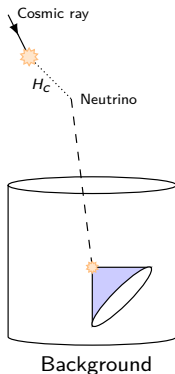
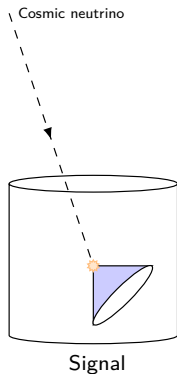


- 13/7 TeV cross-section ratio allows to further constrain the uncertainty.

¹PROSA collaboration, arXiv:1503.04581

²Cacciari et al., Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 610

¹IceCube collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 113 (2014) 101101

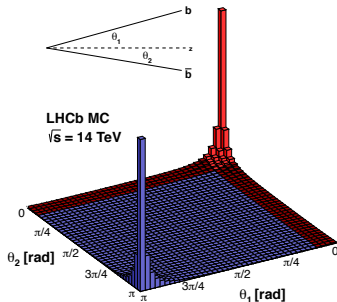
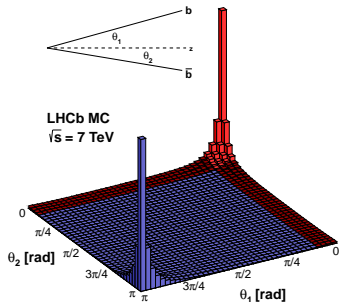


- ▼ Production cross-sections can be used to estimate background contributions of neutrino experiments.¹
- ▼ Proton-proton $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ is equivalent to a 90 PeV cosmic ray

¹IceCube collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 113 (2014) 101101

¹lhcb.web.cern.ch: $b\bar{b}$ production angle plots

$b\bar{b}$ opening angles¹



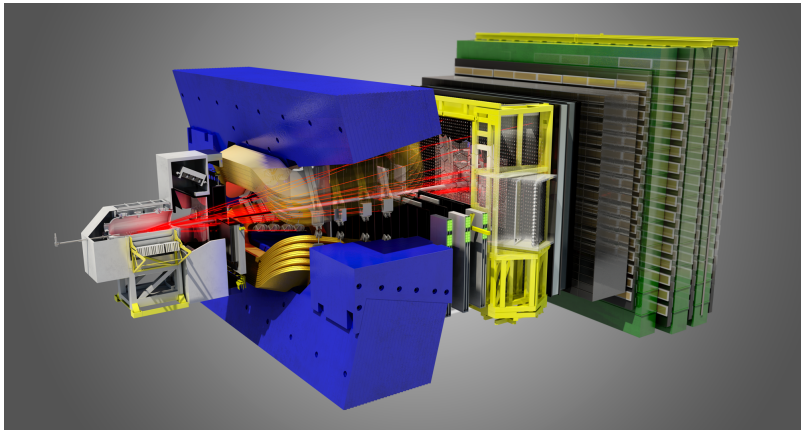
- Production peaks in the LHCb acceptance.

¹lhcb.web.cern.ch: $b\bar{b}$ production angle plots

The LHCb detector

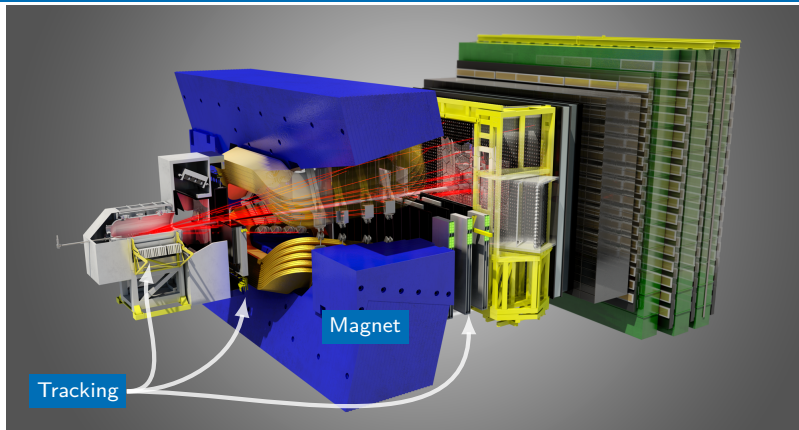
The LHCb detector

JINST 3 S08005 (2008)



The LHCb detector

JINST 3 S08005 (2008)

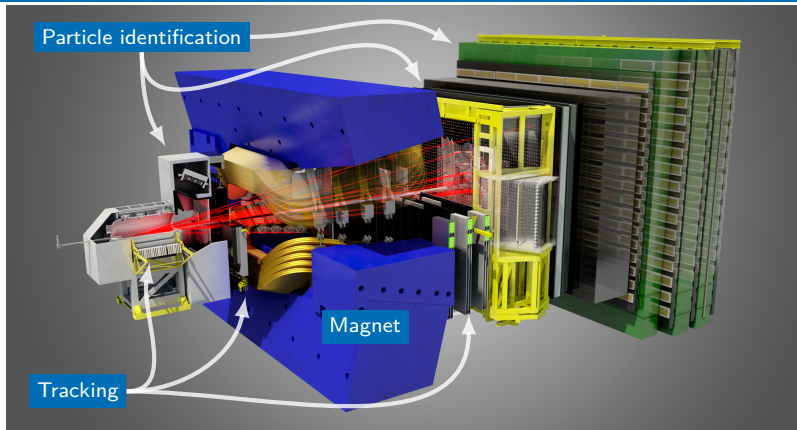


VELO Primary and secondary vertex, impact parameter

TT, IT, OT Momentum of charged particles

The LHCb detector

JINST 3 S08005 (2008)



VELO Primary and secondary vertex, impact parameter

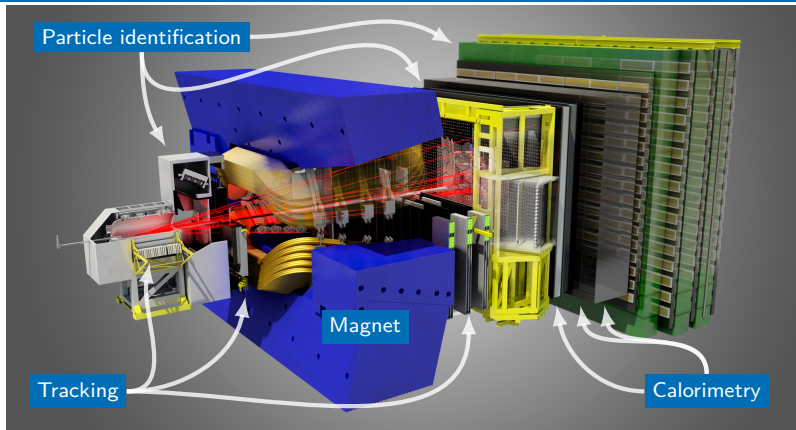
TT, IT, OT Momentum of charged particles

RICHs K^\pm , π^\pm , and p/\bar{p}
PID

MUON Trigger on high p_T μ^\pm , add PID

The LHCb detector

JINST 3 S08005 (2008)



VELO Primary and secondary vertex, impact parameter

TT, IT, OT Momentum of charged particles

RICHs K^\pm , π^\pm , and p/\bar{p} PID

MUON Trigger on high p_T μ^\pm , add PID

SPD/PS Separate γ/e^\pm and h^\pm/e^\pm

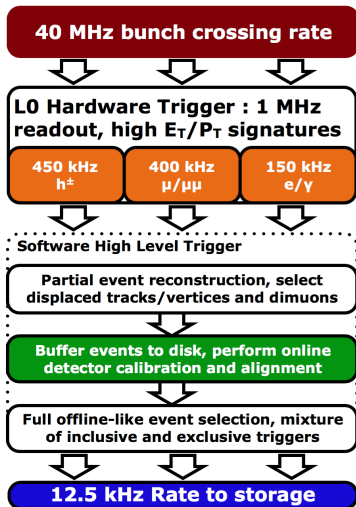
ECAL/HCAL EM/hadronic energy

Real time detector alignment and calibration¹

At the beginning of every fill: buffer and use a small subset of data to do alignment and calibration.

Turbo stream²

- ▼ Candidates out of trigger with offline-quality reconstruction.
- ▼ Analysis-ready candidates stored to disk with no need for additional offline reconstruction.
- ▼ Faster and smaller event size on disk.
- ▼ Candidate to become default procedure in Run3.



¹G. Dujany et al., LHCb-PROC-2015-011

²R. Aaij et al., arXiv:1604.05596

J/ψ and D meson production at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

¹LHCb collaboration, JHEP 1302 (2013) 041

²LHCb collaboration, Eur.Phys.J.C71 (2011) 1645

³LHCb collaboration, J. High Energy Phys. 06 (2013) 064

⁴LHCb collaboration, Nuclear Physics, Section B 871 (2013), pp. 1-20

Double differential cross-sections for different charm mesons H_c :

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_i(H_c)}{dp_T dy} = \frac{1}{\Delta p_T \Delta y} \cdot \frac{N_i(H_c \rightarrow f)}{\varepsilon_{i,\text{tot}}(H_c \rightarrow f)\Gamma(H_c \rightarrow f)\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}}} \quad \text{with } y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{E + p_z c}{E - p_z c}$$

- ▼ Prompt and from b decays J/ψ cross-sections, previously measured by LHCb at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76, 7, \text{ and } 8 \text{ TeV}$ ^{1,2,3}
- ▼ Prompt D^0, D^+, D_s^+ and D^{*+} cross-sections, previously measured by LHCb at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ ⁴

¹LHCb collaboration, JHEP 1302 (2013) 041

²LHCb collaboration, Eur.Phys.J.C71 (2011) 1645

³LHCb collaboration, J. High Energy Phys. 06 (2013) 064

⁴LHCb collaboration, Nuclear Physics, Section B 871 (2013), pp. 1-20

- ▼ All data collected during the 13 TeV ramp-up of the LHC in July 2015.

J/ψ production measurement¹

- ▼ Used 3 pb^{-1} of luminosity.
- ▼ Final state: $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+$.

Charm production measurement²

- ▼ Used 5 pb^{-1} of luminosity.
 - ▼ Final states: $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$, $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$, $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ with $\phi \rightarrow K^- K^+$ and $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$ with $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$.
- ▼ Event selection relies on kinematic and quality cuts on the reconstructed tracks in the detector as well as requirements on the vertices.

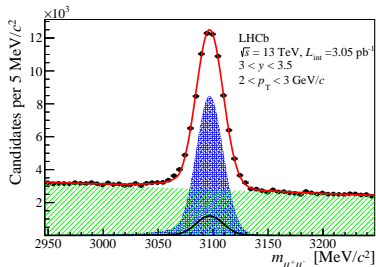
¹LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172

²LHCb collaboration, JHEP03 (2016) 159

Number of signal events

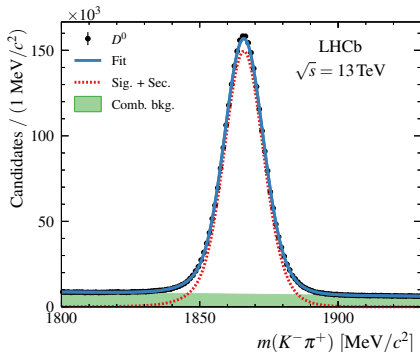
- ▼ Total number of signal events obtained by fitting the invariant mass of the combined final state particles

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+$$



LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172

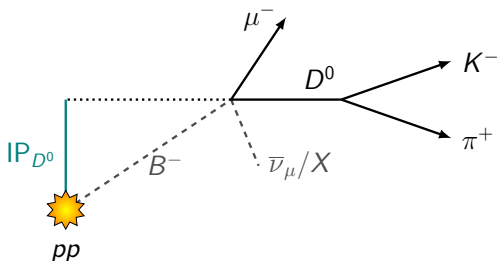
$$D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$$



LHCb collaboration, JHEP03 (2016) 159

This does not distinguish between prompt and secondary production.

- For the long-lived D mesons, the reconstructed D has to point back to the primary vertex of the pp collision:

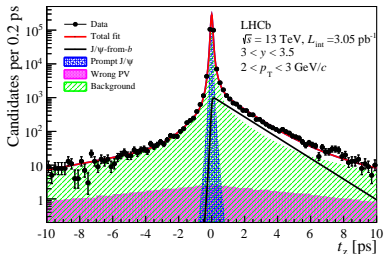


- J/ψ decays instantaneously, life-time has to agree with zero:

$$t_z = \frac{(z_{J/\psi} - z_{PV}) \cdot M_{J/\psi}}{p_z}$$

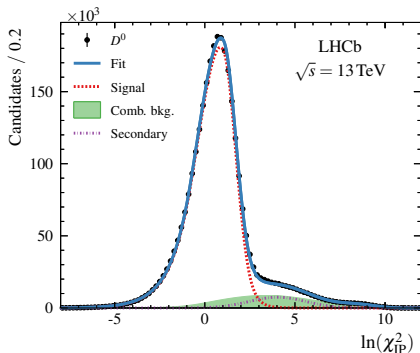
- Both methods are smeared due to resolution effects.

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+$$



LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172

$$D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$$



LHCb collaboration, JHEP03 (2016) 159

- ▼ For the J/ψ , both components are used to measure prompt and from b production cross-sections.
- ▼ Only the prompt signal is measured for the different D mesons.

- ▼ Double and single differential cross-sections in p_T and/or y .
- ▼ Ratios between 13 and 8 TeV cross-sections.
- ▼ Integrated cross-sections.

Dominant systematic uncertainties

Luminosity, tracking and Monte Carlo statistics.

- ▼ Compared to theoretical predictions:
 - NRQCD non-relativistic QCD¹
 - FONLL fixed order next-to-leading logarithms²

¹Shao et al., JHEP05 (2015) 103

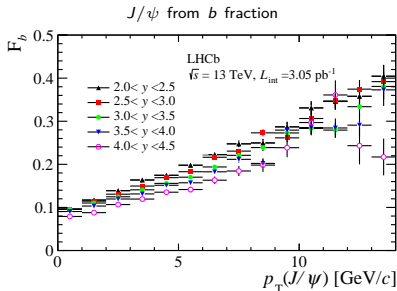
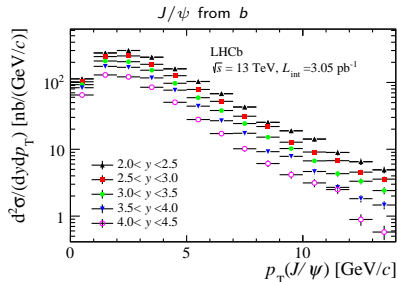
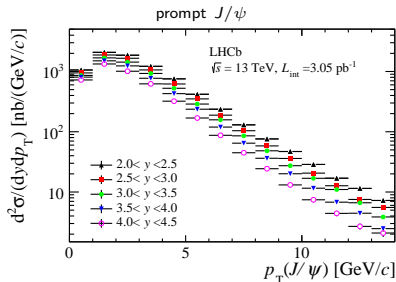
²Cacciari et al., JHEP10 (2012) 137

J/ψ cross-sections at 13 TeV

LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172

J/ψ cross-sections at 13 TeV

LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172



In LHCb acceptance:

$$\sigma_{\text{Prompt}} = 15.30 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.86 \text{ (sys)} \mu\text{b}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{from-}b} = 2.34 \pm 0.01 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.13 \text{ (sys)} \mu\text{b}$$

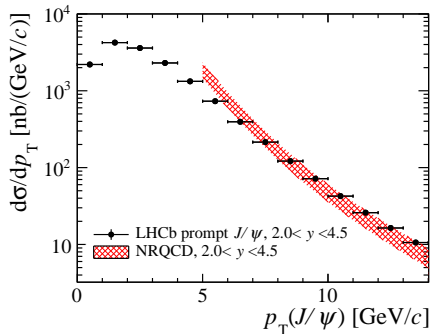
J/ψ cross-sections at 13 TeV- theory comparison

LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172

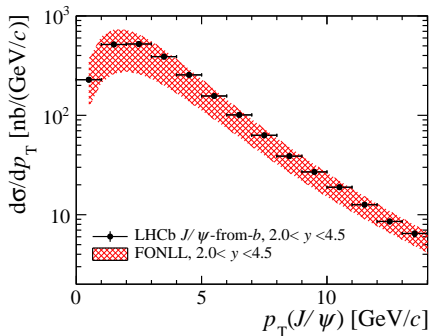
¹Shao et al., JHEP05 (2015) 103

²Cacciari et al., JHEP10 (2012) 137

prompt J/ψ



J/ψ from b



▼ Compared to theoretical predictions:

NRQCD non-relativistic QCD¹

FONLL fixed order next-to-leading logarithms²

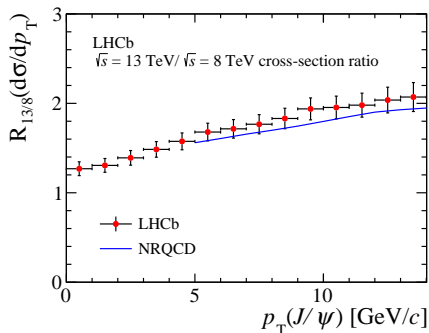
¹Shao et al., JHEP05 (2015) 103

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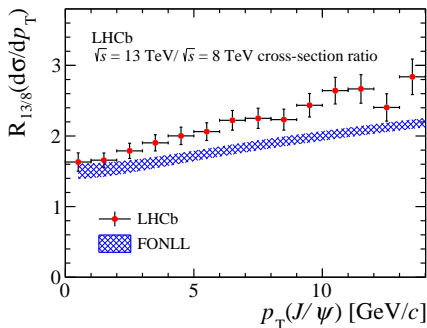
¹Shao et al., JHEP05 (2015) 103

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²Cacciari et al., JHEP10 (2012) 137

- ▼ Double differential cross-sections in p_T and y .
- ▼ Ratios between 13 and 7 TeV cross-sections.
- ▼ Ratios between different meson species.
- ▼ Integrated cross-sections per D meson.
- ▼ Estimates for $c\bar{c}$ cross-sections using fragmentation fractions.¹

Dominant systematic uncertainties

Luminosity, tracking, particle identification efficiencies and Monte Carlo statistics.

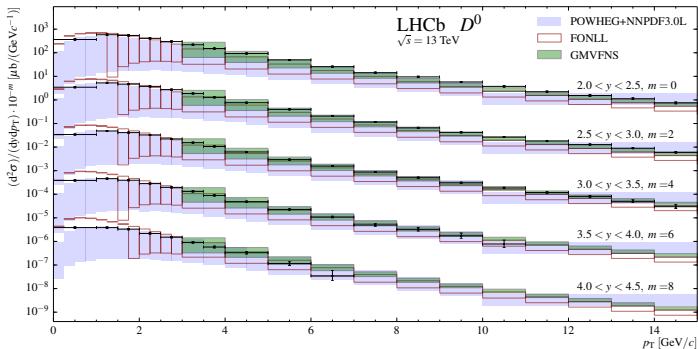
- ▼ Compared to theoretical predictions:
 - FONLL fixed order next-to-leading logarithms²
 - GMVFNS general- mass variable-flavor-number scheme³
 - POWHEG with a modified NNPDF3.0 using the 7 TeV LHCb results⁴

¹Particle Data Group collaboration et al., Phys. Lett. B 667 (2008) 1

²Cacciari et al., Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 610

³Spiesberger et al., Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2082

⁴Gauld et al., JHEP11 (2015) 9



$$\sigma(D^0)_{1 < p_T < 8 \text{ GeV}} = 2460 \pm 3(\text{stat}) \pm 130(\text{syst}) \mu\text{b}$$

FONLL fixed order next-to-leading logarithms¹

GMVFNS general- mass variable-flavor-number scheme²

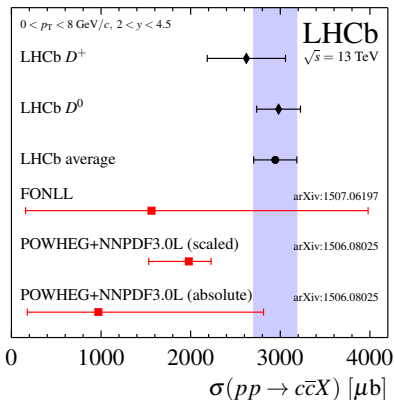
POWHEG with a modified NNPDF3.0 using the 7 TeV LHCb results³

¹Cacciari et al., Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 610

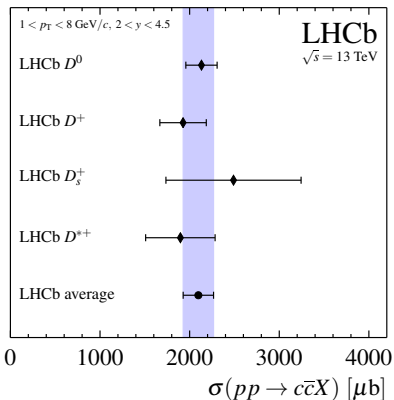
²Spiesberger et al., Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2082

³Gauld et al., JHEP11 (2015) 9

$0 < p_T < 8 \text{ GeV}$

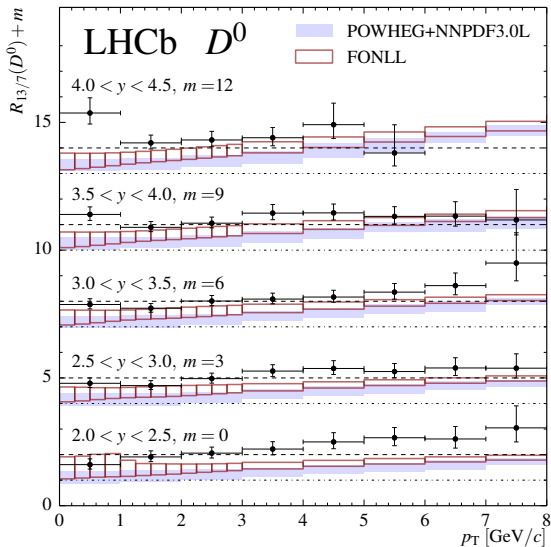


$1 < p_T < 8 \text{ GeV}$



D meson 13 to 7 TeV ratios

LHCb collaboration, JHEP03 (2016) 159

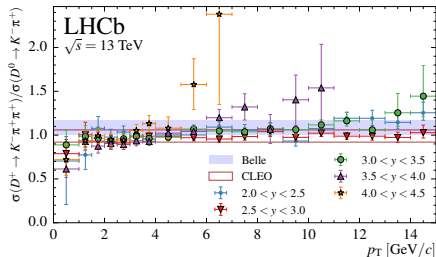


Ratios between different mesons

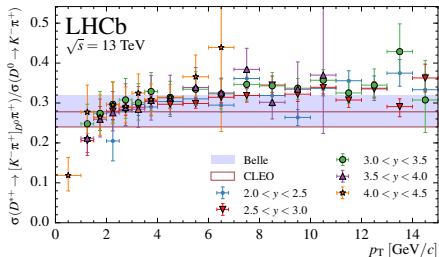
LHCb collaboration, JHEP03 (2016) 159

- ▼ Ratios of $\sigma \cdot \Gamma$ for different D mesons.
- ▼ Compared to ratios of measurements performed at e^+e^- colliders.^{1,2,3}

D^+/D^0



D^{*+}/D^0



¹Cleo collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 70 (2004) 112001

²Belle collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 73 (2006) 032002

³Babar collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 65 (2002) 091104

Associated production of Υ and open charm mesons at 7 and 8 TeV

Double parton scattering (DPS)

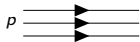
Single parton scattering (SPS)

¹A. Berezhnoy et al., IJMP A30 (2015) 1550125

²LHCb collaboration, PLB 707 (2012) 52

³JHEP 06 (2012) 141

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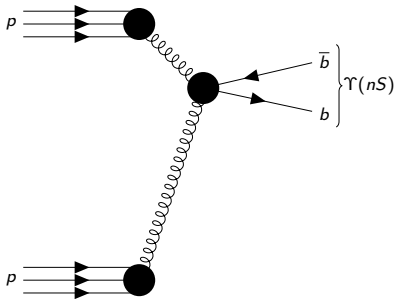
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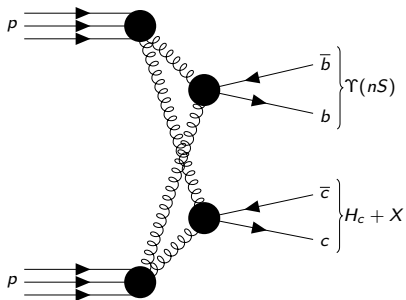
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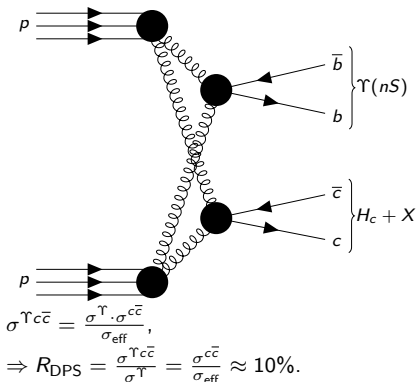
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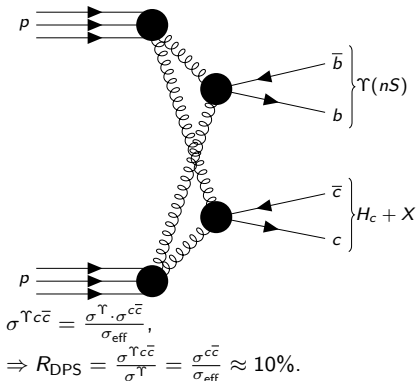
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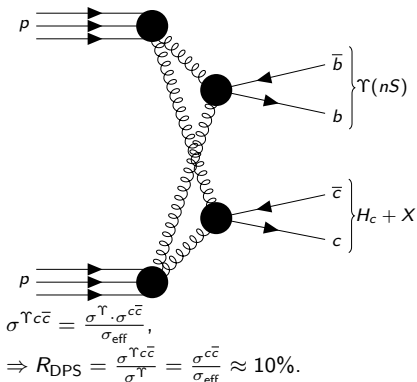


¹A. Berezhnoy et al., IJMP A30 (2015) 1550125

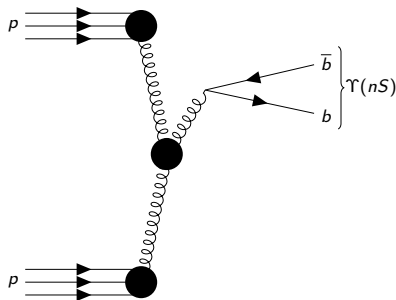
²LHCb collaboration, PLB 707 (2012) 52

³JHEP 06 (2012) 141

Double parton scattering (DPS)



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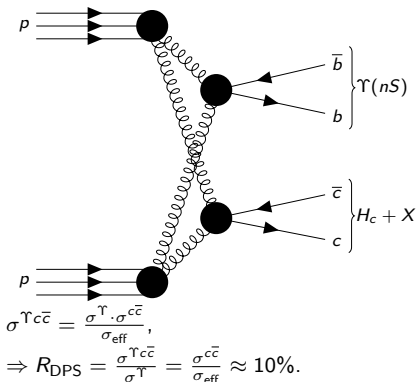


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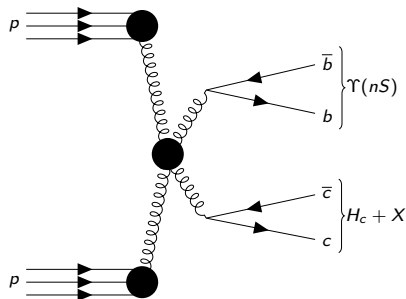
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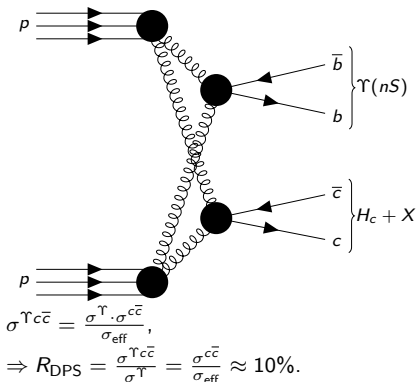


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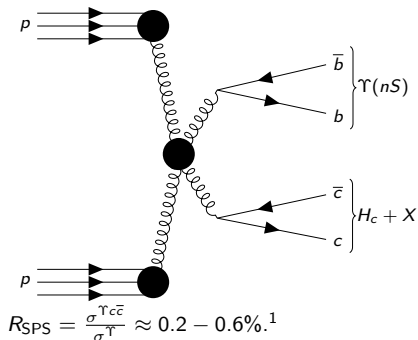
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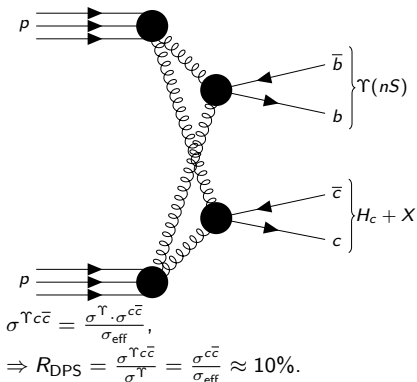


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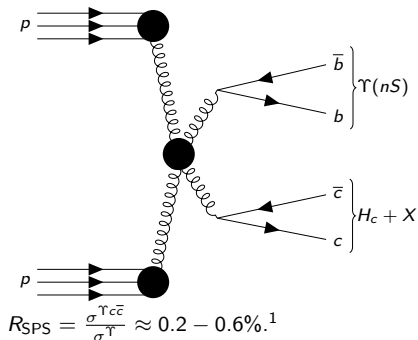
²LHCb collaboration, PLB 707 (2012) 52

³JHEP 06 (2012) 141

Double parton scattering (DPS)



Single parton scattering (SPS)



- ▼ LHCb previously measured J/ψ and open charm pair production.^{2,3}

¹A. Berezhnoy et al., IJMP A30 (2015) 1550125

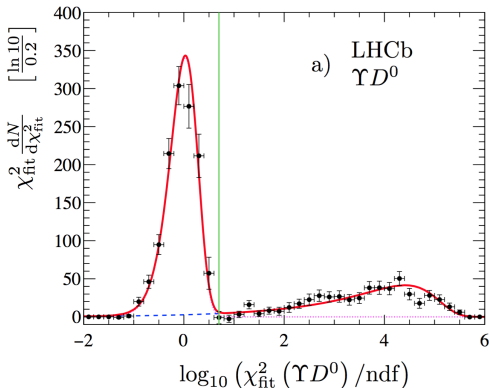
²LHCb collaboration, PLB 707 (2012) 52

³JHEP 06 (2012) 141

The measurement

LHCb collaboration, arXiv:1510.05949

- ▼ Reconstruct and select events with $\Upsilon(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ and either $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$, $D^+ \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+$ or $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^-K^+\pi^+$.
- ▼ Both parts of the event are selected independently to allow independent correction for reconstruction and selection efficiencies.
- ▼ χ^2/ndf requirement on the common $\Upsilon(nS)$ and D production vertex to reject decays from pile-up.

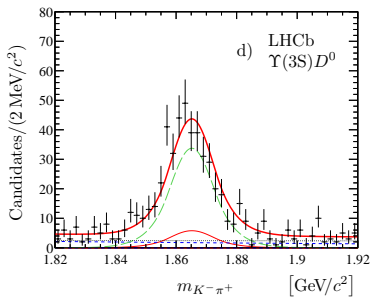
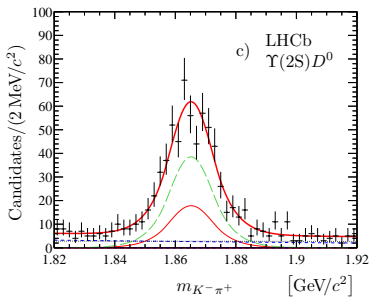
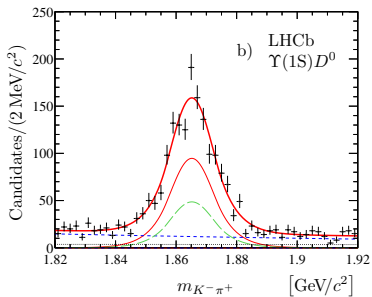
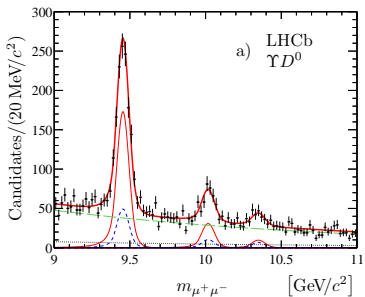


Fit to $\Upsilon(nS)$ and D invariant mass

LHCb collaboration, arXiv:1510.05949

Fit to $\Upsilon(nS)$ and D invariant mass

LHCb collaboration, arXiv:1510.05949



- ▼ Measurement limited by sample size.

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- ▼ First observation of associated production of $\Upsilon(1S)D^0$, $\Upsilon(2S)D^0$, $\Upsilon(1S)D^+$, $\Upsilon(2S)D^+$ and $\Upsilon(1S)D_s^+$!

- ▼ Measurement limited by sample size.
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- ▼ Integrated cross-section measurements for D^0 and D^+ modes:

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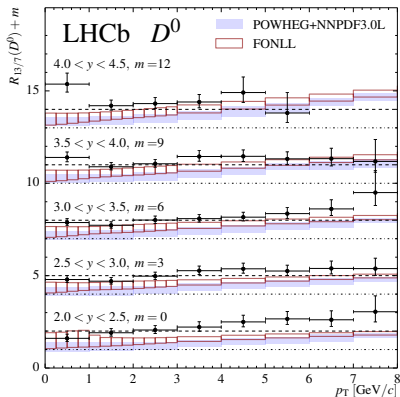
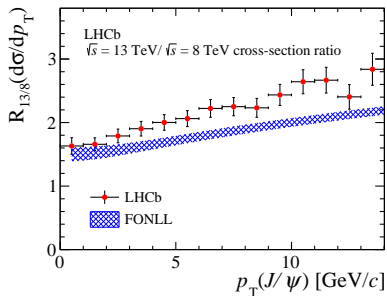
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- ▼ Differential kinematic distribution of the event indicate dominant production via DPS.
- ▼ Assuming 100% DPS:

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 18.0 \pm 1.3(\text{stat}) \pm 1.2(\text{syst}) \text{ mb}$$

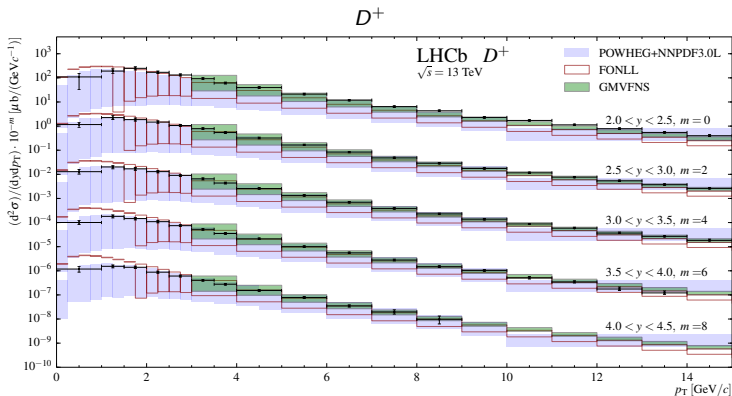
Summary

- Presented 13 TeV production cross-sections for prompt and from- b J/ψ .
- Presented 13 TeV production cross-sections for prompt D mesons.

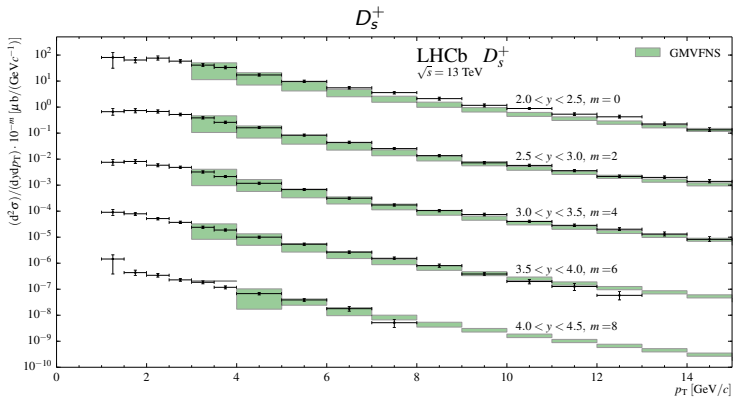


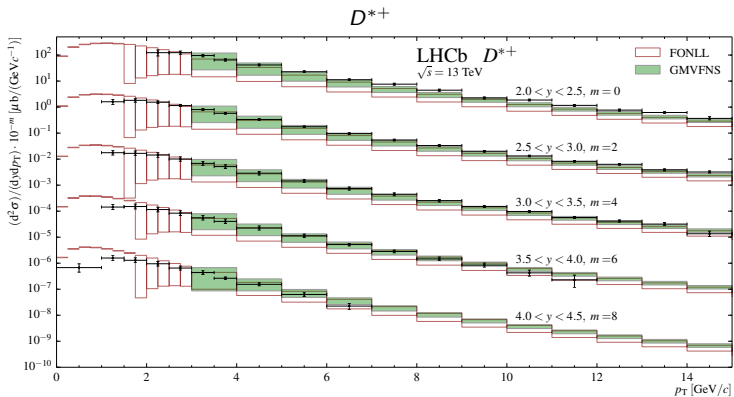
- Both show tension with the QCD prediction in 13 TeV to 7 TeV and 8 TeV ratios respectively.
- First observation of and production cross-sections for associated $\Upsilon(nS)$ and D mesons.

Backup



$$\sigma(D^+)_{1 < p_T < 8 \text{ GeV}} = 1000 \pm 3(\text{stat}) \pm 110(\text{syst}) \mu\text{b}$$

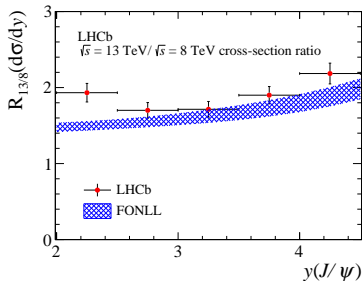
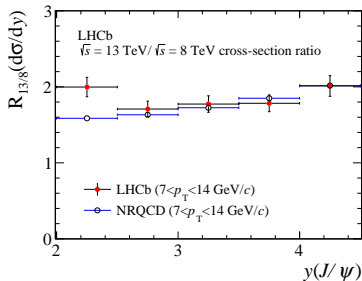
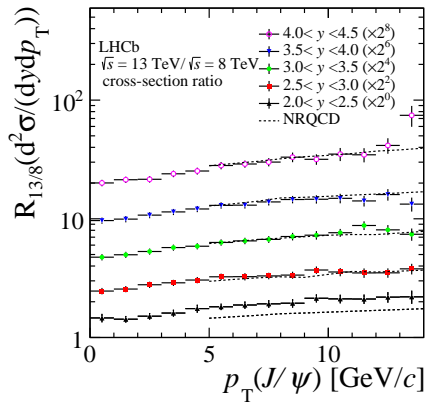




$$\sigma(D^{*+})_{1 < p_T < 8 \text{ GeV}} = 880 \pm 5(\text{stat}) \pm 140(\text{syst}) \mu\text{b}$$

More J/ψ ratios

LHCb collaboration, JHEP10 (2015) 172(supplementary material)



Fit to $\Upsilon(nS)$ and D invariant mass

LHCb collaboration, arXiv:1510.05949

