

IMPORTANCE OF MESONS IN LIGHT-BY-LIGHT SCATTERING IN ULTRAPERIPHERAL LEAD-LEAD COLLISIONS AT THE LHC

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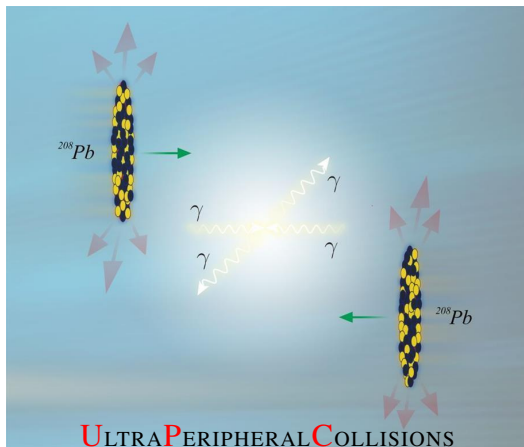
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Kraków, Poland



EPA

 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING $E > 5$ GeV $E < 5$ GeV $E < 2$ GeV

CONCLUSION



- M. K-G, P. Lebiedowicz, A. Szczurek,
Light-by-light scattering in ultraperipheral Pb-Pb collisions at energies available at the CERN Large Hadron Collider, Phys. Rev. **C93** (2016) 044907,
- M. K-G, W. Schäfer, A. Szczurek,
Two-gluon exchange contribution to elastic $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ scattering and production of two-photons in ultraperipheral ultrarelativistic heavy ion and proton-proton collisions, Phys. Lett. **B761** (2016) 399,
- M. K-G, R. McNulty, R. Schicker, A. Szczurek,
Measurements of light-by-light scattering in UPC of heavy ions at the LHC - smaller diphoton collision energies, in preparation.

NUCLEAR CROSS SECTION

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 $\gamma\gamma$ FUSION IN
HEAVY ION UPC

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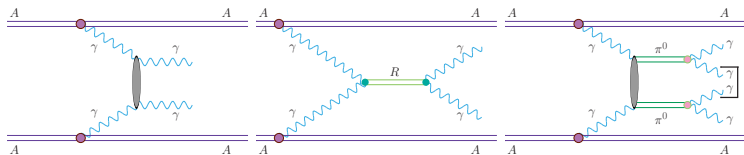
 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING

E > 5 GeV

E < 5 GeV

E < 2 GeV

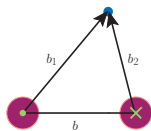
CONCLUSION



CONTINUUM

RESONANCES

BACKGROUND

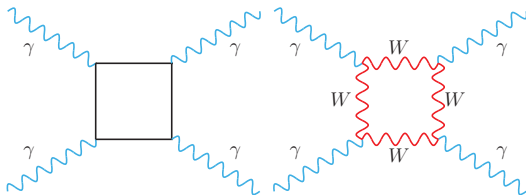


$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{A_1 A_2 \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \gamma\gamma} &= \int N(\omega_1, \mathbf{b}_1) N(\omega_2, \mathbf{b}_2) S_{abs}^2(\mathbf{b}) \\ &\times \sigma_{\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma}(W_{\gamma\gamma}) \\ &\times d^2b d\bar{b}_x d\bar{b}_y \frac{W_{\gamma\gamma}}{2} dW_{\gamma\gamma} dY_{\gamma\gamma} \end{aligned}$$

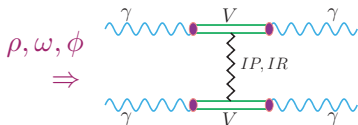
$\gamma - \gamma$ ELASTIC SCATTERING

WELL-KNOWN

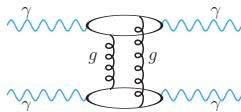
BOXES



WE ADD

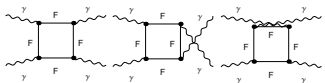
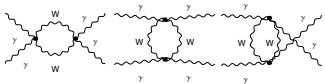
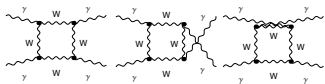
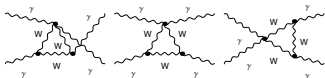
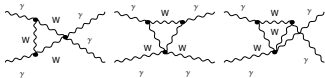
VDM-REGGE
CONTRIBUTION2-GLUON
EXCHANGE

16 diagrams



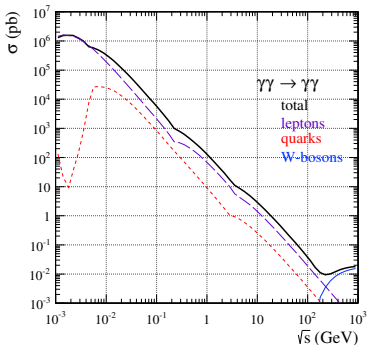
BOXES

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



Fermionic box LO QED - FormCalc.

The one-loop W box diagram - LoopTools.



We have compared our results with:

- ▶ Jikia et al. (1993),
- ▶ Bern et al. (2001),
- ▶ Bardin et al. (2009).

Bern et al. consider QCD and QED corrections

(two-loop Feynman diagrams) to the one-loop

fermionic contributions in the ultrarelativistic limit

($\hat{s}, |\hat{t}|, |\hat{u}| \gg m_f^2$). The corrections are quite small

numerically.

EXPERIMENTAL IDENTIFICATION OF PROCESSES?

- ✓ boxes
- ✓ VDM-Regge
- ✓ 2-gluon exchange

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 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING

E > 5 GeV

E < 5 GeV

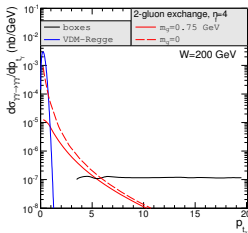
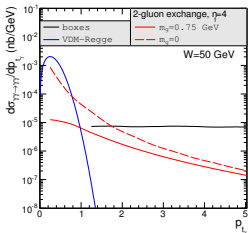
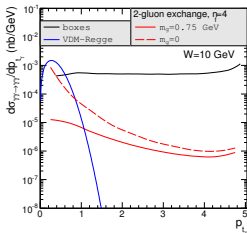
E < 2 GeV

CONCLUSION

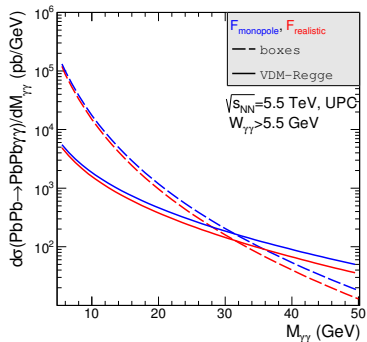
W = 10 GeV

W = 50 GeV

W = 200 GeV

 $\gamma - \gamma$ Collider (the International e^+e^- Linear Collider) ?

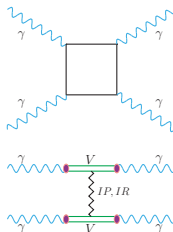
AA \rightarrow AA $\gamma\gamma$ - FORM FACTOR



$\frac{\sigma_{\text{monopole}}}{\sigma_{\text{realistic}}} \nearrow$ for larger values of kinematic variables

\Rightarrow realistic

\Rightarrow monopole



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$\gamma\gamma$ FUSION IN
HEAVY ION UPC

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$\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING

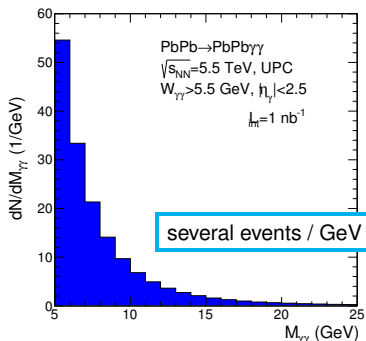
E > 5 GeV

E < 5 GeV

E < 2 GeV

CONCLUSION

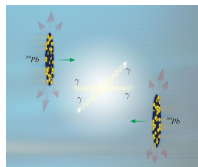
number of count



Photon collisions:
 Photonic billiards might be the newest
 game!

www.eurekalert.org/pub_releases/

2016-05/thni-pcp051916.php

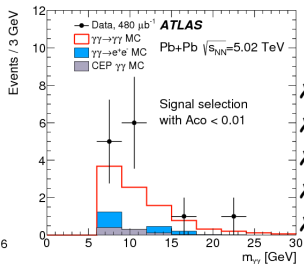
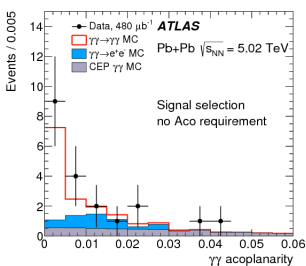


$\sigma(\text{PbPb} \rightarrow \text{PbPb} \gamma\gamma)$ [nb] at LHC ($\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.5$ TeV) and FCC ($\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 39$ TeV)

	cuts	boxes		VDM-Regge	
		$F_{realistic}$	$F_{monopole}$	$F_{realistic}$	$F_{monopole}$
L	$W_{\gamma\gamma} > 5$ GeV	306	349	31	36
	$W_{\gamma\gamma} > 5$ GeV, $p_{t,\gamma} > 2$ GeV	159	182	7E-9	8E-9
	$E_{\gamma} > 3$ GeV	16 692	18 400	17	18
H	$E_{\gamma} > 5$ GeV	4 800	5 450	9	611
	$E_{\gamma} > 3$ GeV, $ \eta_{\gamma} < 2.5$	183	210	8E-2	9E-2
C	$E_{\gamma} > 5$ GeV, $ \eta_{\gamma} < 2.5$	54	61	4E-4	7E-4
	$p_{t,\gamma} > 0.9$ GeV, $ \eta_{\gamma} < 0.7$ (ALICE cuts)	107			
	$p_{t,\gamma} > 5.5$ GeV, $ \eta_{\gamma} < 2.5$ (CMS cuts)	10			
F	$W_{\gamma\gamma} > 5$ GeV	6 169		882	
C	$E_{\gamma} > 3$ GeV	4 696 268		574	
C					

$AA \rightarrow AA\gamma\gamma$ - THEORETICAL PREDICTIONS VS. EXPERIMENT

- ⇒ ATLAS Collaboration (M. Aaboud et al.),
Evidence for light-by-light scattering in heavy-ion collisions with the ATLAS detector at the LHC,
Nature Phys. **13** (2017) 852



- ✗ $p_{t\gamma} > 3 \text{ GeV}$
- ✗ $|\eta_{\gamma}| < 2.4$
- ✗ $M_{\gamma\gamma} > 6 \text{ GeV}$
- ✗ $p_{t\gamma\gamma} < 2 \text{ GeV}$
- ✗ $\text{Aco} < 0.01$

- ✓ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ - using our calculations
- ✓ background:
 - ✓ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$
 - ✓ $gg \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - ✓ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
- ✓ 13 events were observed

$$\text{ATLAS} \Rightarrow \sigma = 70 \pm 20(\text{stat.}) \pm 17(\text{syst.}) \text{ nb}$$

$$\text{from ours model} \Rightarrow \sigma = 49 \pm 10 \text{ nb}$$

$$\text{PRL (2013)/(2016)} \Rightarrow \sigma = 45 \pm 9 \text{ nb}$$

AA \rightarrow AA $\gamma\gamma$ - THEORETICAL PREDICTIONS VS. EXPERIMENT

\Rightarrow CMS Collaboration,
Measurement of light-by-light scattering in ultraperipheral PbPb collisions
at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV,
CMS-PAS-FSQ-16-012

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 $\gamma\gamma$ FUSION IN
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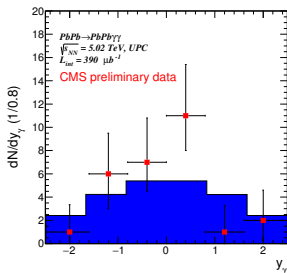
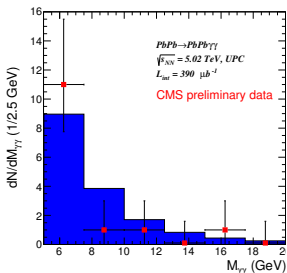
 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING

E > 5 GeV

E < 5 GeV

E < 2 GeV

CONCLUSION



- $\times E_{t_\gamma} > 2$ GeV
- $\times |\eta_\gamma| < 2.4$
- $\times M_{\gamma\gamma} > 5$ GeV
- $\times p_{t_{\gamma\gamma}} < 1$ GeV
- $\times \text{Aco} < 0.01$

CMS $\Rightarrow \sigma = 122 \pm 46(\text{stat.}) \pm 29(\text{syst.})$ nb

from ours model $\Rightarrow \sigma = 103 \pm 0.034$ nb

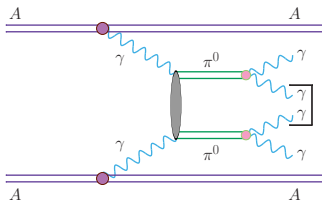
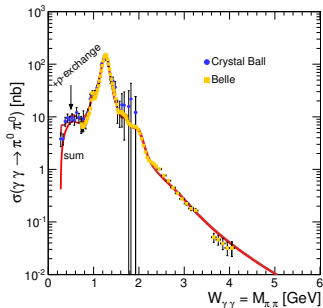
$M_{\gamma\gamma} < 5 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$ BACKGROUND

\Rightarrow M. K-G, A. Szczurek,
 $\pi^+\pi^-$ and $\pi^0\pi^0$ pair production in
 photon-photon and in ultraperipheral
 ultrarelativistic heavy ion collisions,
 Phys. Rev. **C87** (2013) 054908

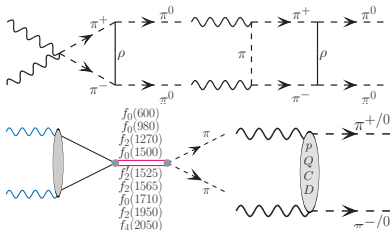
$\Rightarrow W_{\gamma\gamma} \in (2m_\pi - 6) \text{ GeV}$

\Rightarrow total cross section &
 angular distributions

\Rightarrow simultaneously for
 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ & $\pi^0\pi^0$



$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$$



$AA \rightarrow AA \gamma\gamma$ FOR $M_{\gamma\gamma} < 5$ GeV ?

NEW

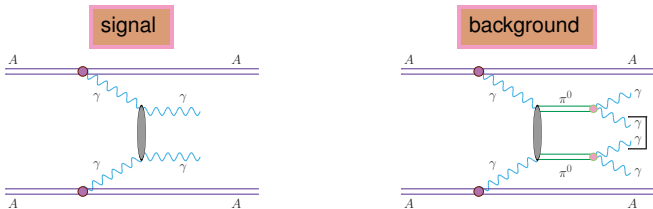
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 $\gamma\gamma$ FUSION IN
HEAVY ION UPC

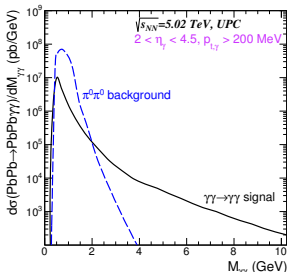
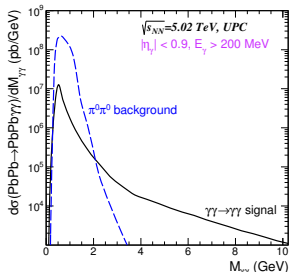
EPA

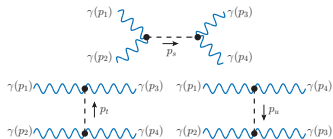
 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING $E > 5$ GeV $E < 5$ GeV $E < 2$ GeV

CONCLUSION

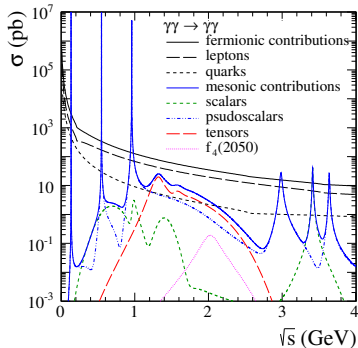


experiment	pseudorapidity range	other condition
ALICE	$-0.9 < \eta_\gamma < 0.9$	$E_\gamma > 200$ MeV
LHCb	$2.0 < \eta_\gamma < 4.5$	$p_{t,\gamma} > 200$ MeV



$M_{\gamma\gamma} < 5$ GeV \Rightarrow MESON EXCHANGE

$f_0(500)$	π^0	$f_2(1270)$	
$f_0(980)$	η	$a_2(1320)$	
$a_0(980)$	$\eta'(958)$	$f_2'(1525)$	$f_4(2050)$
$f_0(1370)$	$\eta_c(1S)$	$f_2(1565)$	
$\chi_{c0}(1P)$	$\eta_c(2S)$	$a_2(1700)$	



s -channel diagrams (leading to peaks at $\sqrt{s} \cong m_M$)

t - and u -channels (leading to broad continua)

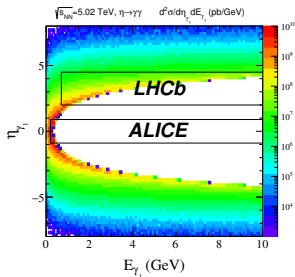
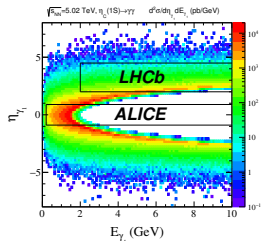
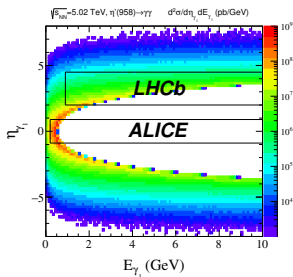
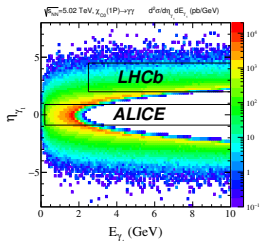
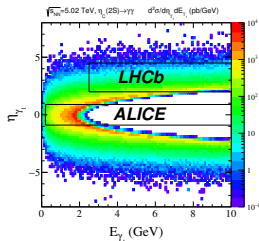
\Rightarrow P. Lebiedowicz, A. Szczurek,
The role of meson exchanges in light-by-light scattering,
Phys. Lett. **B772** (2017) 330

UPC of AA...

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 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING $E > 5$ GeV $E < 5$ GeV $E < 2$ GeV

CONCLUSION

 η  $\eta'(958)$  $\eta_c(1S)$  $\chi_{c0}(1P)$  $\eta_c(2S)$

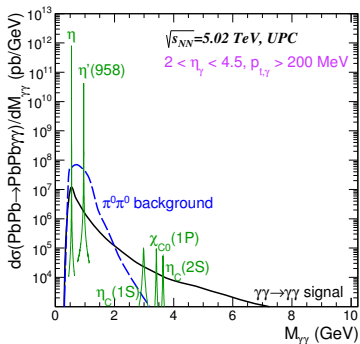
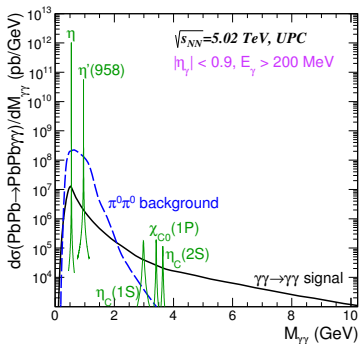
MESON EXCHANGE AT UPC

$$\mathcal{M}_{\gamma\gamma \rightarrow R \rightarrow \gamma\gamma}(\lambda_1, \lambda_2) = \frac{\sqrt{64\pi^2 W_{\gamma\gamma}^2 \Gamma_R^2 Br^2(R \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}}{\hat{s} - m_R^2 - im_R \Gamma_R} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \delta_{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2}$$

ALICE cuts

- ✓ boxes
- ✓ bkg
- ✓ mesons

LHCb cuts



RESONANCE CONTRIBUTION & EXPERIMENTAL RESOLUTION

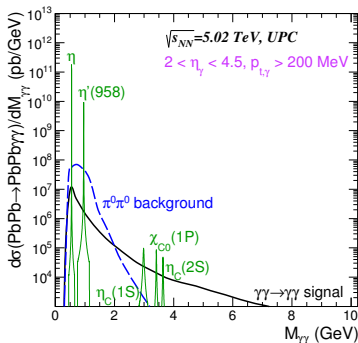
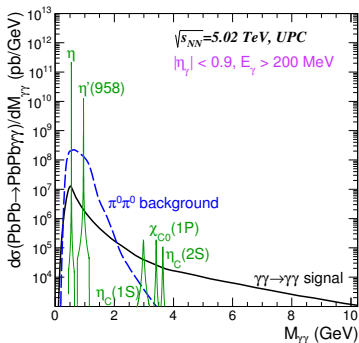
ENERGY RESOLUTION

$$\frac{\sigma E_\gamma}{E_\gamma} = 1\%$$

ALICE cuts

$$\frac{\sigma E_\gamma}{E_\gamma} = \frac{0.085}{\sqrt{E_\gamma}} + \frac{0.003}{E_\gamma} + 0.008$$

LHCb cuts



Energy resolution modifies resonant signals

RESONANCE CONTRIBUTION & EXPERIMENTAL RESOLUTION

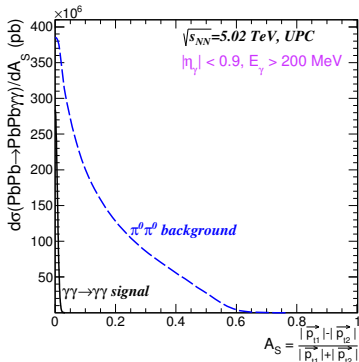
SCALAR ASYMMETRY

$$A_S = \frac{p_{1,t} - p_{2,t}}{p_{1,t} + p_{2,t}}$$

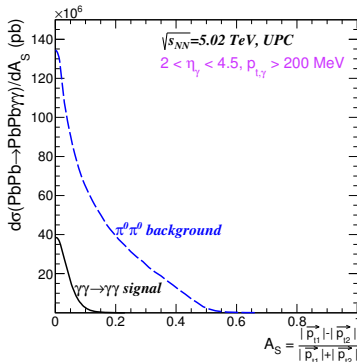
$$p_{1,t} = p_t + \left(\frac{p_t}{E_1}\right) \delta E_1$$

$$p_{2,t} = p_t + \left(\frac{p_t}{E_2}\right) \delta E_2$$

ALICE cuts



LHCb cuts

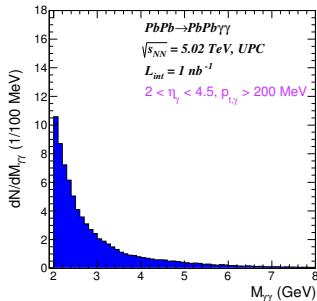
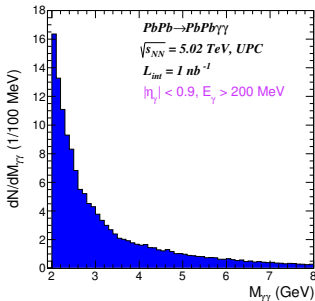


Difficult to separate a region where the $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ signal wins

Number of counts for $M_{\gamma\gamma} > 2$ GeV

ALICE cuts

LHCb cuts



Energy	$W_{\gamma\gamma} = (0 - 2)$ GeV		$W_{\gamma\gamma} > 2$ GeV	
	ALICE	LHCb	ALICE	LHCb
Fiducial region				
boxes	4 890	3 818	146	79
$\pi^0 \pi^0$ background	135 300	40 866	46	24
η	722 573	568 499		
$\eta'(958)$	54 241	40 482		
$\eta_c(1S)$			9	5
$\chi_{c0}(1P)$			4	2
$\eta_c(2S)$			2	1

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 $\gamma\gamma$ FUSION IN
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 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING

E > 5 GeV

E < 5 GeV

E < 2 GeV

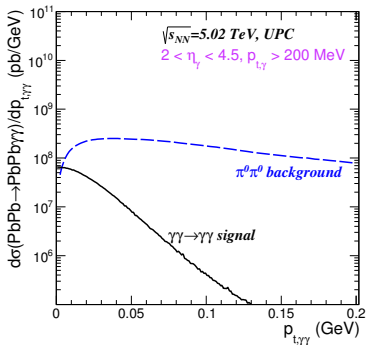
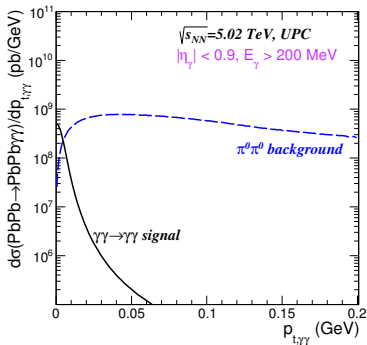
CONCLUSION

RESONANCE CONTRIBUTION & EXPERIMENTAL RESOLUTION

$$p_{t,\gamma\gamma} = (|\vec{p}_{t1} + \vec{p}_{t2}|)$$

ALICE cuts

LHCb cuts

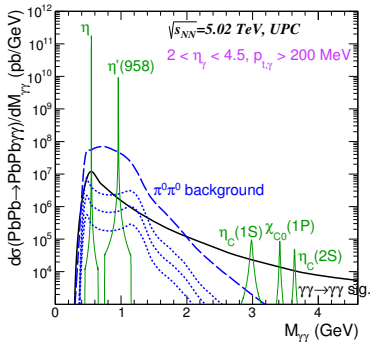
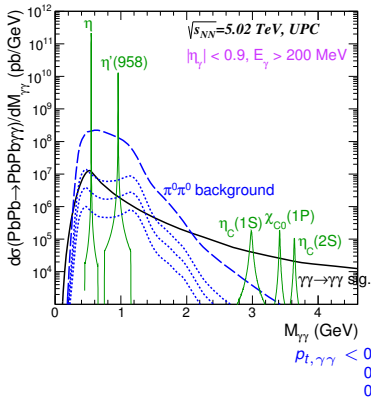


Very limited region where the signal overestimates the background

$AA \rightarrow AA \gamma\gamma$ FOR $M_{\gamma\gamma} < 2$ GeV ?

ALICE cuts

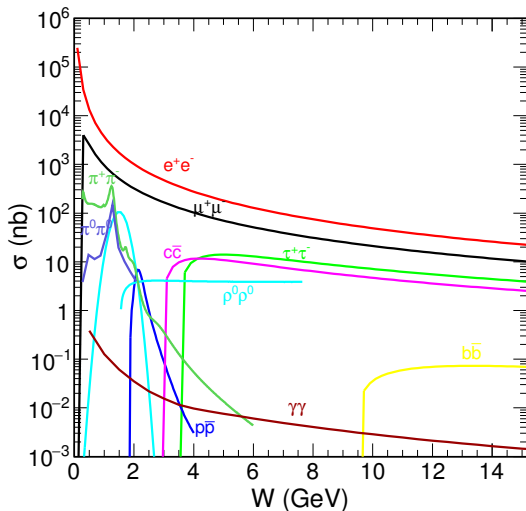
LHCb cuts



The cuts on $p_{t,\gamma\gamma}$ seems the most efficient to reduce the background

CONCLUSION

- EPA in **the impact parameter space**
- Realistic charge distribution
- **Description of the ATLAS and CMS data**
for $\text{Pb Pb} \rightarrow \text{Pb Pb } \gamma\gamma$
- Light-by-light scattering in UPC for $M_{\gamma\gamma} < 5 \text{ GeV}$ -
 - ① signal **new project**
 - ② background
 - ③ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta/\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ **resonance scattering**
can be measured with good statistic
- Sizeable counting rates for realistic luminosity
- Experimental energy resolution (ALICE & LHCb)
- a sizeable reduction of background

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow X_1 X_2$ - REVIEW

Thank you

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 $\gamma\gamma$ FUSION IN
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 $\gamma\gamma$ SCATTERING

E > 5 GeV

E < 5 GeV

E < 2 GeV

CONCLUSION