

Discrete symmetries studies at KLOE-2

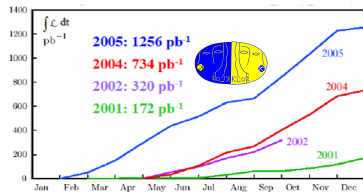
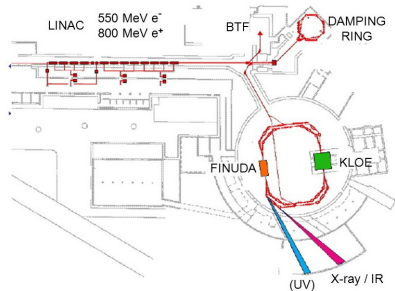
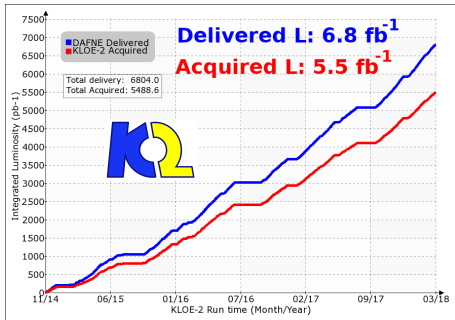
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on behalf of the KLOE-2 Collaboration

MESON 2018
Kraków
11.06.2018

Outline

- KLOE/KLOE-2 @ DAΦNE
- K_S semileptonic charge asymmetry
- Direct test of T and CPT in neutral kaon transitions
- Search for a CP violating decay $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$
- Summary

KLOE/KLOE-2 @ DAΦNE



- DAΦNE e⁺e⁻ collider located in Frascati,
- two alternate interaction regions (one for KLOE),
- $\sqrt{s} \approx m_\phi$, $BR(\Phi \rightarrow K_L K_S) = 34\%$,
- KLOE has collected $\sim 2.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of data,
- KLOE-2 goal: $L(\text{acquired}) > 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- KLOE-2 data-taking campaign completed on 30th March & collected 5.5 fb^{-1}

KLOE + KLOE-2 data sample: $8 \text{ fb}^{-1} \Rightarrow 2.4 \times 10^{10} \phi$ mesons produced,
 the largest sample ever collected at the $\phi(1020)$ peak

The KLOE/KLOE-2 detector

SUPERCONDUCTING MAGNET

$B = 0.52 \text{ T}$

Electromagnetic calorimeter (EMC)

$\sim 4\pi$ solid angle coverage

barrel-endcap

$\sigma_E/E = 5.7\%/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$

$\sigma_t = 54 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})} @ 100\text{ps}$



DRIFT CHAMBER (DC)

(4 m ϕ \times 3.3 m)

$\sigma_p/p = 0.4 \%$

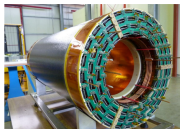
$\sigma_{x/y} = 150 \mu\text{m}$

$\sigma_{vtx} = 2 \text{ mm}$

$\sigma_z = 3 \text{ mm}$

INTERACTION POINT

beryllium beam pipe (ϕ 10 cm)

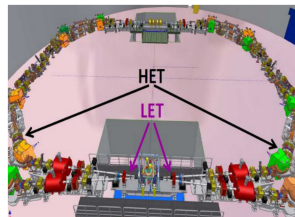
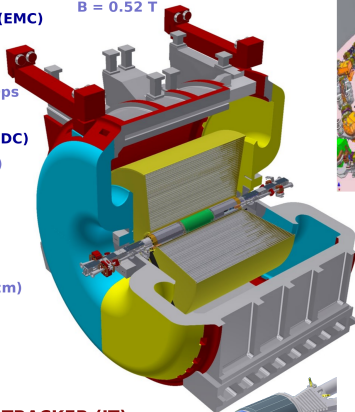


INNER TRACKER (IT)

4 layers of triple Cylindrical-GEM

To improve the track and vertex reconstruction

First time CGEM in high energy experiment



LET & HET = e+e- tagger stations
for $\gamma\gamma$ interactions

Low Energy Taggers (LET)

LYSO with SiPM read-out

$E = 160\text{-}230 \text{ MeV}$

High Energy Taggers (HET)

Scintillator + PMT

11 m from IP

$E > 400 \text{ MeV}$



CCALT (lyso-cristals)

QCALT (scintillator tiles and fibers with SiPM read-out)

2 new calorimeters to improve acceptance at low polar angles and for γ s from $KL \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ decays inside the DC volume



Charge asymmetry measurement for K_S

$$A_{S,L} = \frac{\Gamma(K_{S,L} \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu) - \Gamma(K_{S,L} \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu})}{\Gamma(K_{S,L} \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu) + \Gamma(K_{S,L} \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu})}$$

$$= 2 \left[\text{Re}(\epsilon_K) \pm \text{Re}(\delta_K) - \text{Re}(y) \pm \text{Re}(x_-) \right]$$

\mathcal{T} violation in $K^0 \bar{K}^0$ mixing

$\mathcal{CP}\mathcal{T}$ violation in $K^0 \bar{K}^0$ mixing

$\mathcal{CP}\mathcal{T}$ violation in $\Delta S = \Delta Q$

$\mathcal{CP}\mathcal{T}$ violation in $\Delta S \neq \Delta Q$

- $A_{S,L} \neq 0$
signals CP violation
- $A_S \neq A_L$
signals CPT violation

$$(A_S - A_L)/4 = \text{Re}(\delta_K) + \text{Re}(x_-) = (-0.5 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

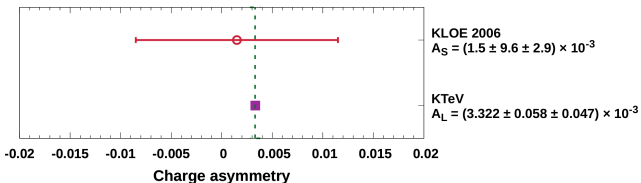
$$(A_S + A_L)/4 = \text{Re}(\epsilon_K) - \text{Re}(y) = (1.2 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

input from other experiments [PLB 444 (1998) 52]

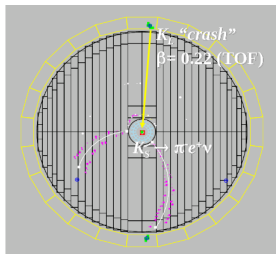
$$\text{Re}(x_-) = (-0.8 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{Re}(y) = (0.4 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

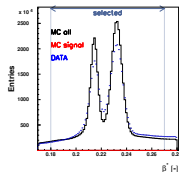
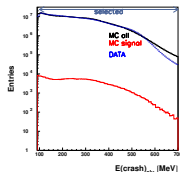
PLB 636 (2006) 173



Charge asymmetry measurement for K_S

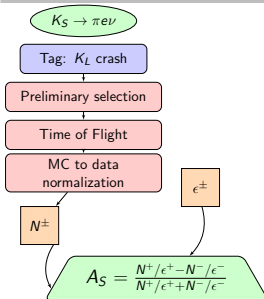
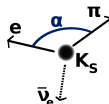


Tag: K_L crash

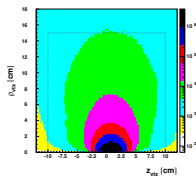


$$E_{clu}(crash) > 100 \text{ MeV}$$

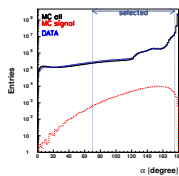
$$0.17 < \beta^* < 0.28$$



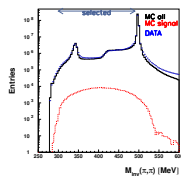
Preliminary selection



$$\begin{aligned} \rho_{vtx} &< 15 \text{ cm} \\ |z_{vtx}| &< 10 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$



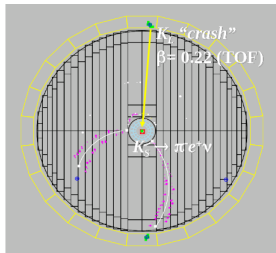
$$70^\circ < \alpha < 175^\circ$$



$$300 < M_{inv}(\pi, \pi) < 490 \text{ MeV}$$

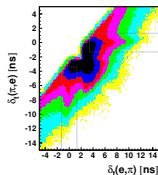
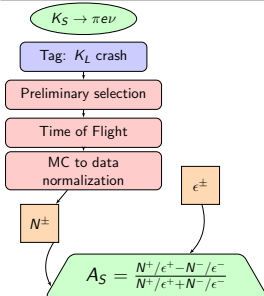
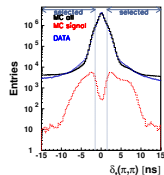
Charge asymmetry measurement for K_S

Time of flight selection

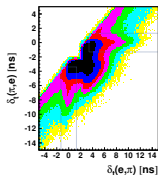


$$\delta_t(X) = t_{cl} - \frac{L}{c\beta(m_X)}$$

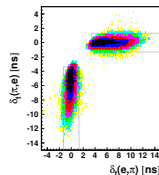
$$\delta_t(a, b) = \delta_t(a) - \delta_t(b)$$



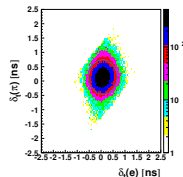
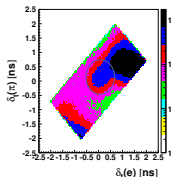
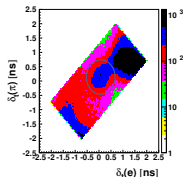
DATA



MC

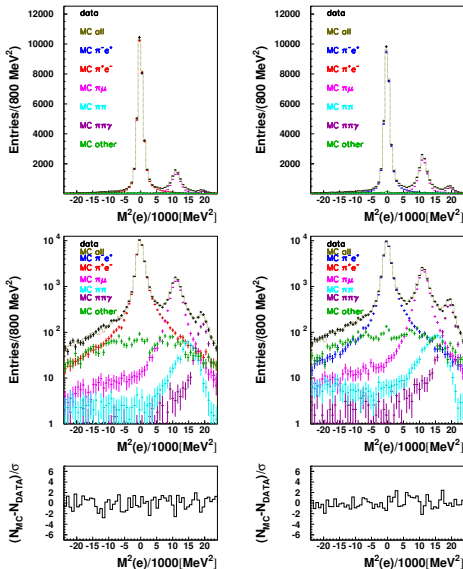


MC KE3



Charge asymmetry measurement for K_S

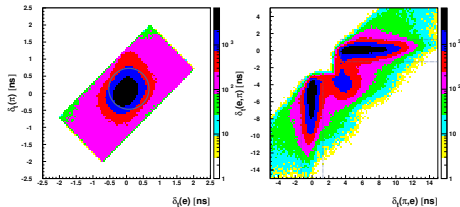
$\Downarrow \phi \rightarrow K_L K_S \rightarrow K_L(\text{crash})\pi e \nu$



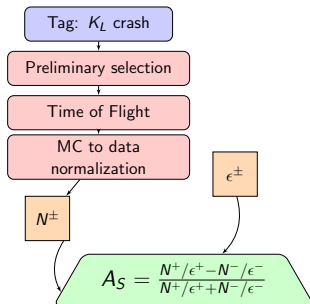
$$M^2(e) = (E_{K_S} - E(\pi) - p_{\text{miss}}(\pi, e))^2 - p^2(e)$$

- Fit of $M^2(e)$ distribution varying MC normalizations of signal and bkg contributions
- Control sample: $K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu$ close to IP tagged by $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$
- track to EMC cluster and TOF efficiency correction from data c.s
- Due to some discrepancies between data and MC on momentum resolution the measured particle momentum components have been smeared. Parameters were tuned on c.s

$\Downarrow \phi \rightarrow K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi e \nu$



Charge asymmetry measurement for K_S



| Efficiency (%) | $K_S \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu$ | $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}$ |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| trigger and event classification (ϵ_{TEC}) | 99.80 ± 0.02 | 99.80 ± 0.02 |
| K_S tagging (ϵ_{TAG}) | 36.54 ± 0.05 | 36.67 ± 0.05 |
| kinematical cuts (ϵ_{KC}) | 75.60 ± 0.08 | 75.62 ± 0.07 |
| Track to Cluster Association (ϵ_{TCA}) | 42.22 ± 0.08 | 41.85 ± 0.08 |
| Time of Flight (ϵ_{TOF}) | 64.03 ± 0.19 | 67.96 ± 0.18 |
| Fit range (ϵ_{FR}) | 99.16 ± 0.03 | 99.17 ± 0.02 |

| Contribution | | Systematic uncertainty (10^{-3}) |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Trigger and event classification | σ_{TEC} | 0.28 |
| Tagging and preselection | $E_{clu}(crash)$ | 0.55 |
| " | β^* | 0.67 |
| " | z_{vtx} | 0.01 |
| " | ρ_{vtx} | 0.05 |
| " | α | 0.46 |
| " | $M_{inv}(\pi, \pi)$ | 0.20 |
| Time of flight selection | $\delta_t(\pi, \pi)$ | 0.71 |
| " | $\delta_t(e, \pi)$ vs $\delta_t(\pi, e)$ | 0.87 |
| " | $\delta_t(e)$ vs $\delta_t(\pi)$ | 1.82 |
| Momenta smearing | σ_{MS} | 0.58 |
| Fit procedure | σ_{HBW} | 0.61 |
| " | Fit range | 0.49 |
| Total | | 2.6 |

- The new KLOE A_S analysis has been finalized with 1.63 fb^{-1} data sample

$$A_S = (-4.8 \pm 5.7_{stat} \pm 2.6_{syst}) \times 10^{-3}$$

Charge asymmetry measurement for K_S

- Combined with the previous KLOE analysis:

$$A_S = (-3.7 \pm 5.0_{stat} \pm 2.6_{syst}) \times 10^{-3}$$

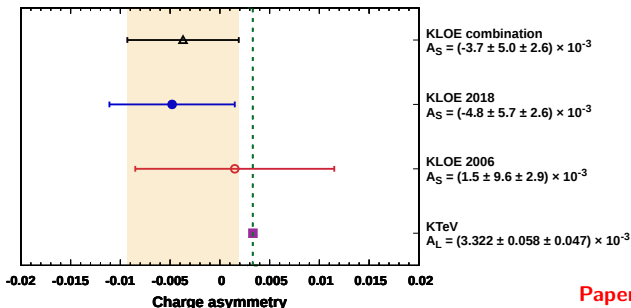
$$(A_S - A_L)/4 = \text{Re}(\delta_K) + \text{Re}(x_-) = (-1.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$(A_S + A_L)/4 = \text{Re}(\epsilon_K) - \text{Re}(y) = (-0.1 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

input from other experiments [PDG (2017)]

$$\text{Re}(x_-) = (-2.0 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{Re}(y) = (1.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$



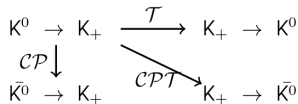
Paper in preparation

Direct test of T and CPT in neutral kaon transitions

$$|\phi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (K^0 \bar{K}^0 - \bar{K}^0 K^0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (K_+ K_- - K_- K_+)$$

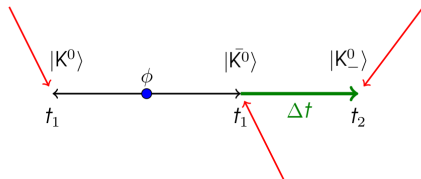
$K \rightarrow \pi^- \ell^+ \nu$
decay tags
 K^0 state

$K \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ decay
tags K_- state



- K^0, \bar{K}^0 - strangeness eigenstates
- K_+, K_- - CP eigenstates of neutral kaons

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|-------|
| K^0 | $\rightarrow \pi^- l^+ \nu$ | S | $=+1$ |
| \bar{K}^0 | $\rightarrow \pi^+ l^- \bar{\nu}$ | S | $=-1$ |
| K_+ | $\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ | CP | $=+1$ |
| K_- | $\rightarrow 3\pi^0$ | CP | $=-1$ |



$|\bar{K}^0\rangle$ state is
known before
kaon's decay

- Unique direct T and CPT symmetry test with kaons (model independent)

J. Bernabeu, A. Di Domenico and P. Villanueva-Perez: Nucl.Phys. B 868 (2013) 102, JHEP 10 (2015) 139

- KLOE-2 can do significant tests with $L \sim 5\text{fb}^{-1}$

Direct test of T and CPT in neutral kaon transitions

$$\begin{array}{c}
 K^0 \rightarrow K_+ \xrightarrow{\mathcal{T}} K_+ \rightarrow K^0 \\
 \mathcal{CP} \downarrow \quad \searrow \mathcal{CPT} \\
 \bar{K}^0 \rightarrow K_+ \rightarrow K_+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0
 \end{array}$$

| | Reference | T-conjugate | CPT-conjugate |
|----|---|---|---|
| 1. | $K^0 \rightarrow K_+$ ($l^-, \pi\pi$) | $K_+ \rightarrow K_0$ ($3\pi, l^+$) | $K_+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0$ ($3\pi, l^-$) |
| 2. | $K^0 \rightarrow K_-$ ($l^-, 3\pi$) | $K_- \rightarrow K_0$ ($\pi\pi, l^+$) | $K_- \rightarrow \bar{K}^0$ ($\pi\pi, l^-$) |
| 3. | $\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow K_+$ ($l^+, \pi\pi$) | $K_+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0$ ($3\pi, l^-$) | $K_+ \rightarrow K^0$ ($3\pi, l^+$) |
| 4. | $\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow K_-$ ($l^+, 3\pi$) | $K_- \rightarrow \bar{K}^0$ ($\pi\pi, l^-$) | $K_- \rightarrow K^0$ ($\pi\pi, l^+$) |

Example observable of the test

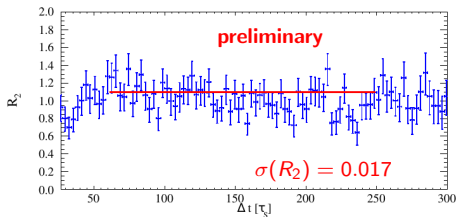
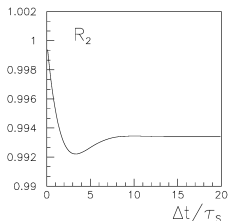
$$R_2(\Delta t) = \frac{P[K^0(0) \rightarrow K_-(\Delta t)]}{P[K_-(0) \rightarrow K_0(\Delta t)]} \sim \frac{I(l^-, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi\pi, l^+; \Delta t)}$$

Direct test of T in neutral kaon transitions

First test of T in transitions with neutral kaons ($L=1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

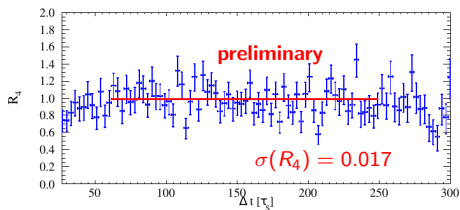
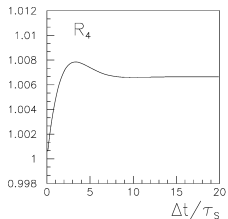
$$R_2(\Delta t) = \frac{P[K^0(0) \rightarrow K_-(\Delta t)]}{P[K_-(0) \rightarrow K_0(\Delta t)]} \sim \frac{I(I^-, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi\pi, I^+; \Delta t)}$$

$$R_2(\Delta t \gg \tau_S) \approx 1 - 4\text{Re}(\epsilon_K)$$



$$R_4(\Delta t) = \frac{P[\bar{K}^0(0) \rightarrow K_-(\Delta t)]}{P[K_-(0) \rightarrow \bar{K}_0(\Delta t)]} \sim \frac{I(I^+, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi\pi, I^-; \Delta t)}$$

$$R_4(\Delta t \gg \tau_S) \approx 1 + 4\text{Re}(\epsilon_K)$$



Direct test of CPT in neutral kaon transitions

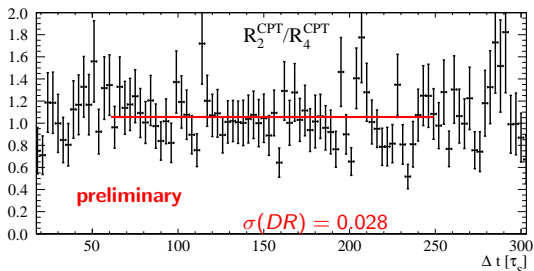
First test of CPT in transitions with neutral kaons ($L=1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

$$R_2^{CPT} = \frac{I(l^-, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi\pi, l^-; \Delta t)}$$

$$R_4^{CPT} = \frac{I(l^+, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi\pi, l^+; \Delta t)}$$

$$\frac{R_2^{CPT}(\Delta t \gg \tau_s)}{R_4^{CPT}(\Delta t \gg \tau_s)} = 1 - 8\text{Re}(\delta_K) - 8\text{Re}(x_-)$$

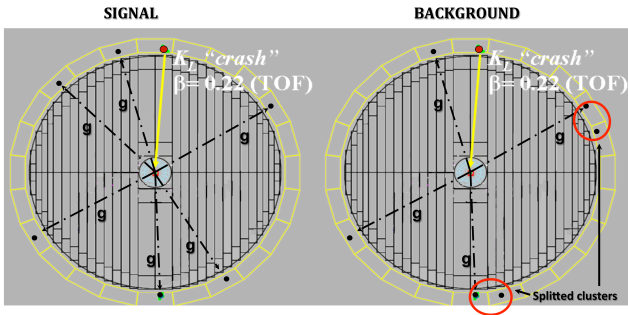
$$\approx 1 + 2(A_L - A_S)$$



$$\text{CPT invariance} \Rightarrow \frac{R_2^{CPT}(\Delta t \gg \tau_s)}{R_4^{CPT}(\Delta t \gg \tau_s)} = 1$$

Search for a CP violating decay $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$

- $3\pi^0$ is a pure CP=-1 state; observation of $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ is an unambiguous sign of CP violation in mixing and/or in decay.
- Standard Model prediction: $BR(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) = 1.9 \times 10^{-9}$
- Best upper limit by KLOE with 1.7 fb^{-1} (PLB 723 (2013) 54)
 $BR(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) < 2.6 \times 10^{-8} @ 90\% \text{ CL}$



$K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0 \rightarrow 6\gamma$

$K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0 + \text{accidental/splitted clusters}$
 $K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0, K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ („fake K_L crash”)

- the analysis is based on γ counting and kinematic fit (in the $2\pi^0$ and $3\pi^0$ hypothesis)
- searching for “KL crash” (KL in the EMC) + 6 prompt photons
- Main bckg: $K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ (4 prompt photons), also used for normalization
- at KLOE-2: Selection criteria hardened to face the larger machine background ~ 10 times better background rejection

- KLOE-2 data analysis ($L=300 \text{ pb}^{-1}$): With the old analysis scheme 1 event selected as a signal: $\Rightarrow Br(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) < 2.5 \times 10^{-7} @ 90\% \text{ CL}$ (preliminary)
- Full KLOE-2 statistics+optimized analysis could reach $\leq 10^{-8}$

Summary

- The study of discrete symmetries with neutral kaons is one of the key issues at KLOE-2 including several high precision tests of CPT and Quantum Mechanics.
- The analysis of the full KLOE data set is in progress:
 - a new measurement of the K_S semileptonic charge asymmetry
 - the analysis for first test of T and CPT in neutral kaon transitions processes is ongoing.
- KLOE/KLOE-2 all together have completed the data-taking and collected about 8 fb^{-1} data at ϕ peak
- The analysis of KLOE-2 data started on several benchmark processes. Among them a preliminary study searching for the CP violating $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ decay shows the possibility to improve the sensitivity on this BR.

Thank you for your attention