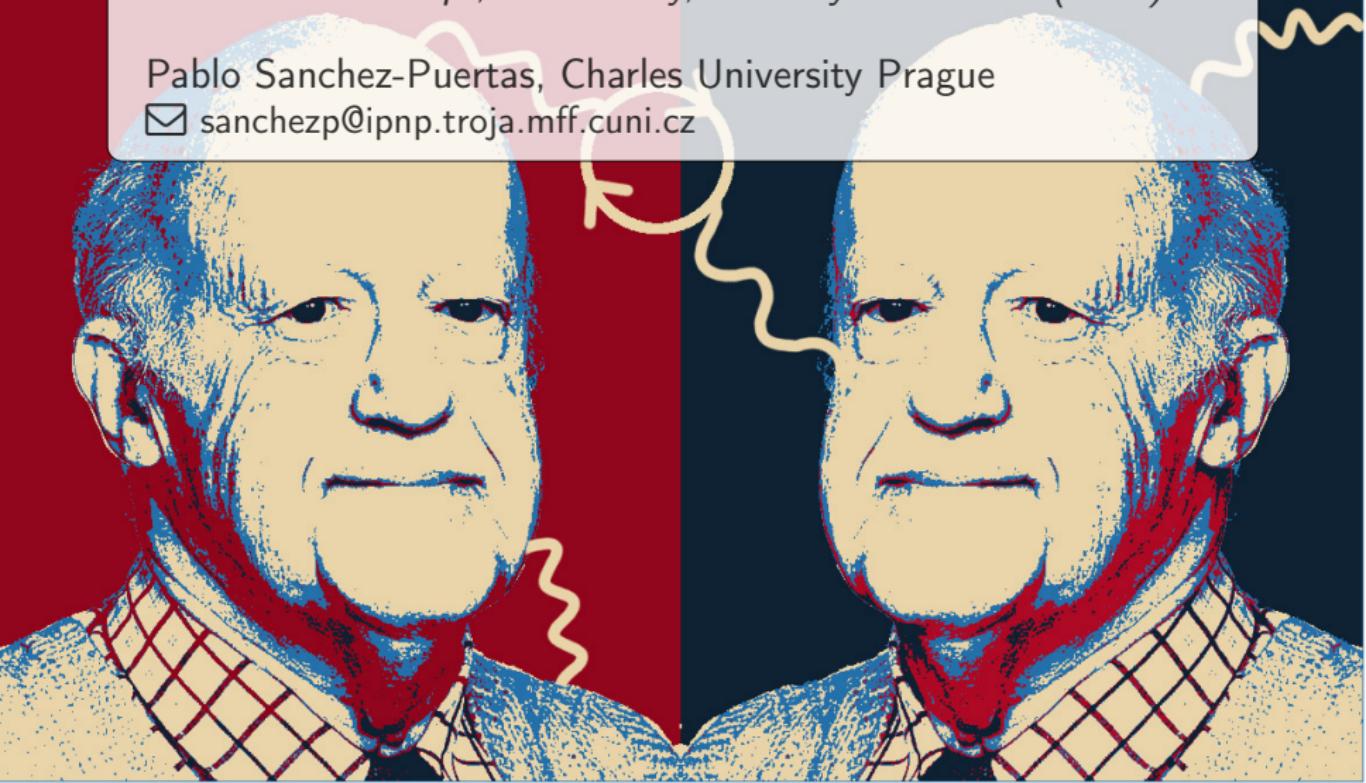


A revision of radiative corrections
to double-Dalitz decays ($P \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell'\ell'$)
based on K. Kampf, J. Novotny, PS: Phys.Rev. D97 (2018)

Pablo Sanchez-Puertas, Charles University Prague
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Outline

1. Motivation: the muon $g - 2$ and HLbL
2. NLO QED corrections in $P \rightarrow \bar{\ell}\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$
3. Outlook: crossing to $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- P$

Section 1

Motivation: the muon $g - 2$ and HLbL

— $(g - 2)_\mu$: status and future —

- $(g - 2)_\mu$ anomaly might point to the existence of new physics (now)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_\mu^{\text{Exp.}} = 116592091(63) \times 10^{-11} \\ a_\mu^{\text{Th.}} = 116591776(44) \times 10^{-11} \end{array} \right] \Delta a_\mu = 315(77) \times 10^{-11} \longrightarrow 4\sigma!$$

— $(g - 2)_\mu$: status and future —

- $(g - 2)_\mu$ anomaly might point to the existence of new physics (2021)

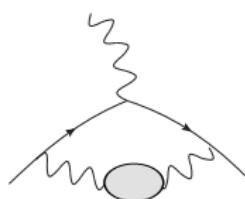
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_\mu^{\text{F} \text{Lab}} = 116592091(16) \times 10^{-11} \\ a_\mu^{\text{Th}} = 116591783(44) \times 10^{-11} \end{array} \right] \Delta a_\mu = 306(76) \times 10^{-11} \longrightarrow 4\sigma!$$

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- We must improve theoretical errors: QCD-driven

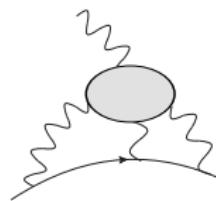


$$a_\mu^{\text{HVP,LO}} = 6895(33) \times 10^{-11}$$



$$a_\mu^{\text{HVP,HO}} = -87(1) \times 10^{-11}$$

+...



$$a_\mu^{\text{HLbL}} = 103(29) \times 10^{-11}$$

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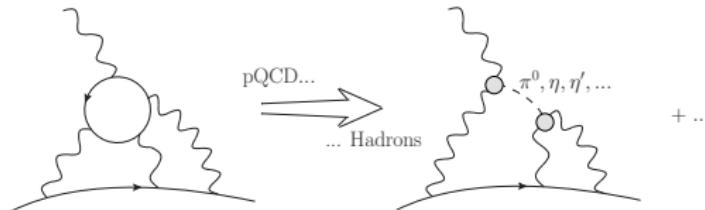
+...

$a_\mu^{\text{HLbL}} = 103(29) \times 10^{-11}$

- As we shall see, this process relevant for the HLbL

— $(g - 2)_\mu$ & a theoretician's nightmare: HLbL

- QCD at m_μ scale non perturbative

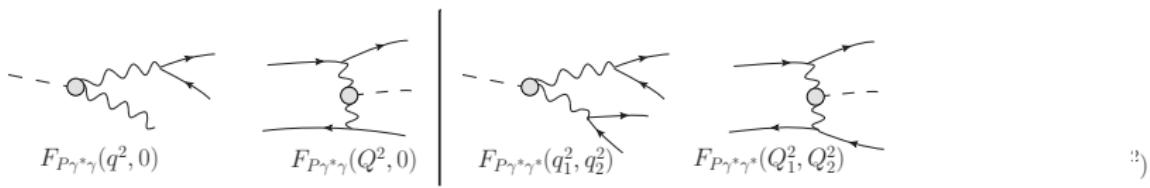


Illustrative Numbers	
π^0, η, η'	95(12)
π, K loops	-20(5)
Scalar	-6(1)
Axials	8(3)
Tensor	1(0)
Quark loop	22(4)

- Need precise description for $\gamma^*\gamma^*M$ interactions: Form Factors

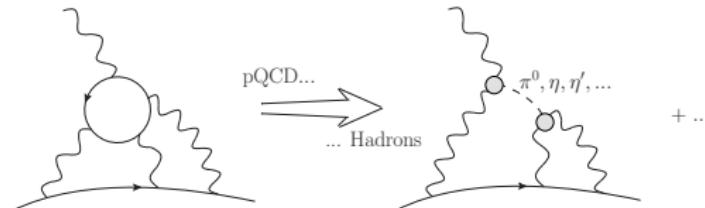
$$\text{eg. } i\mathcal{M}_{\text{PS}}^{\mu\nu} = ie^2 \epsilon_{\mu\rho\nu\sigma} q_1^\rho q_3^\sigma F_{P\gamma^*\gamma^*}(q_1^2, q_2^2)$$

- Do it through data-based description



— $(g - 2)_\mu$ & a theoretician's nightmare: HLbL

- QCD at m_μ scale non perturbative

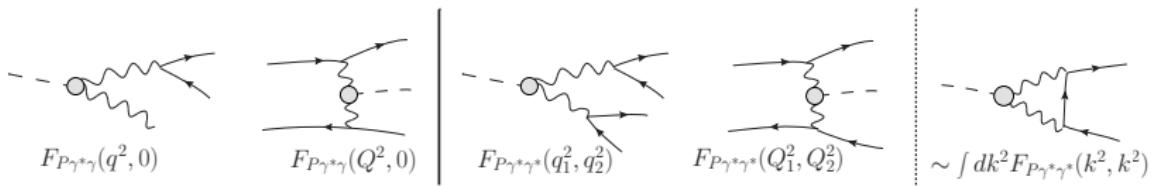


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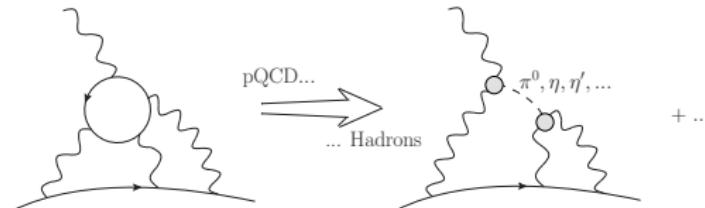
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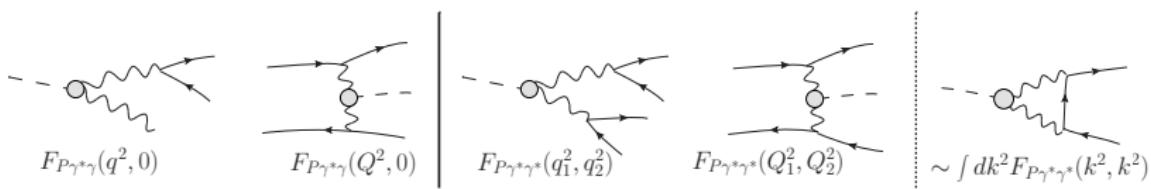


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- Do it through data-based description



Precision requires appropriate care of (QED) RC!

Section 2

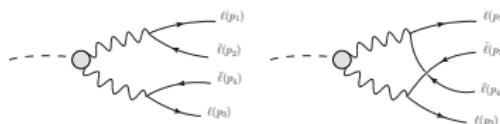
NLO QED corrections in $P \rightarrow \bar{\ell}\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$

$P \rightarrow \bar{\ell}\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$: Towards NLOPrevious computation: Barker *et al*, PRD67, 2003

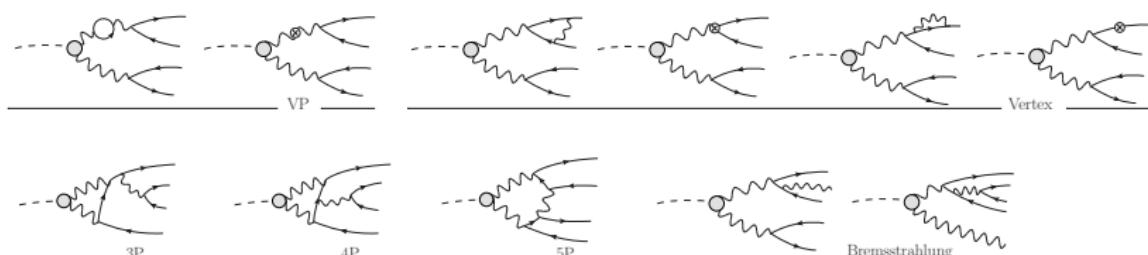
- Some suspicious points and missing diagrams
- Our goal: recompute (with soft-photon apprx.) and include 3P and 4P

Diagrams @NLO

- LO Contributions

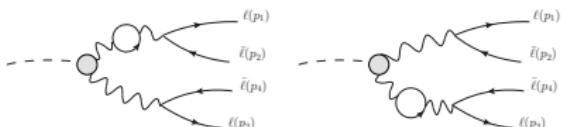


- NLO Contributions (+Exchange)



— QED-universal —

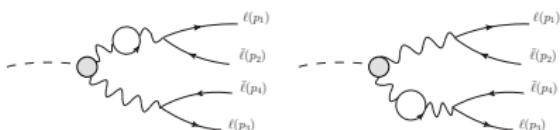
- Vacuum Polarization:



$$\mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} \left(\Pi(s_{12}) + \Pi(s_{34}) \right) \quad \checkmark$$

QED-universal

- Vacuum Polarization: ✓

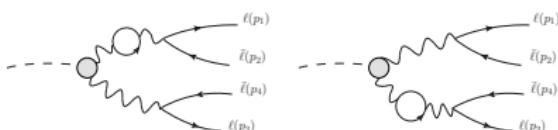


$$\mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} \left(\Pi(s_{12}) + \Pi(s_{34}) \right) \quad \checkmark$$

$\Pi(s_{ij})$ analytic form: ✓

QED-universal

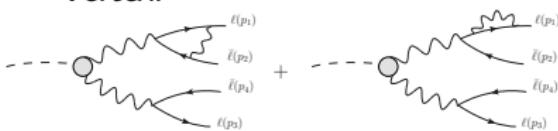
- Vacuum Polarization: ✓



$$\mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} \left(\Pi(s_{12}) + \Pi(s_{34}) \right) \quad \checkmark$$

$\Pi(s_{ij})$ analytic form: ✓

- Vertex:



$$\bar{u}_i \Gamma^\mu v_j : \gamma^\mu \rightarrow \gamma^\mu F_1^{NLO} + i \frac{\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{2m_\ell} F_2^{NLO}$$

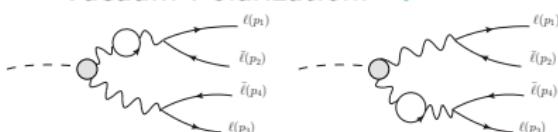
$$F_1 \text{ PART: } \mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} [F_1(s_{12}) + F_1(s_{34})] \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_2 \text{ PART: } \mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} \neq f(p_i, \dots, p_j) \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} F_2 \text{ (particularly } \neq \frac{2\mathcal{M}_D^{NLO}}{2 - \beta_{ij}^2 \sin^2 \theta_{ij}} F_2(s_{ij})) \quad \times$$

Still, small differences

QED-universal

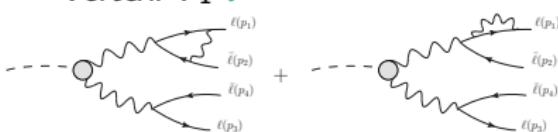
- Vacuum Polarization: ✓



$$\mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} \left(\Pi(s_{12}) + \Pi(s_{34}) \right) \quad \checkmark$$

$\Pi(s_{ij})$ analytic form: ✓

- Vertex: F_1 ✓



$$\bar{u}_i \Gamma^\mu v_j : \gamma^\mu \rightarrow \gamma^\mu F_1^{NLO} + i \frac{\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{2m_\ell} F_2^{NLO}$$

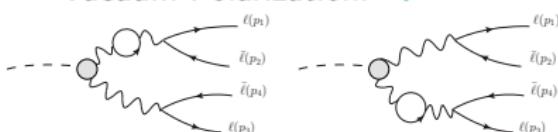
$$F_1 \text{ PART: } \mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} [F_1(s_{12}) + F_1(s_{34})] \quad \checkmark$$

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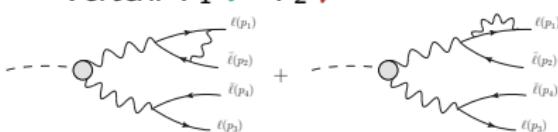
- Vacuum Polarization: ✓



$$\mathcal{M}_D^{NLO} = \mathcal{M}_D^{LO} \left(\Pi(s_{12}) + \Pi(s_{34}) \right) \quad \checkmark$$

$\Pi(s_{ij})$ analytic form: ✓

- Vertex: F_1 ✓ F_2 ✗



$$\bar{u}_i \Gamma^\mu v_j : \gamma^\mu \rightarrow \gamma^\mu F_1^{NLO} + i \frac{\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{2m_\ell} F_2^{NLO}$$

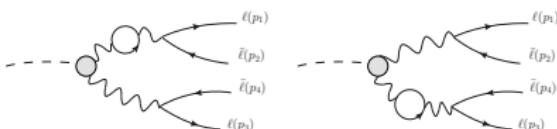
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Still, small differences

QED-universal

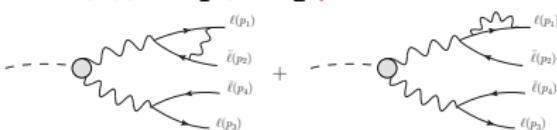
- Vacuum Polarization: ✓



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$\Pi(s_{ij})$ analytic form: ✓

- Vertex: F_1 ✓ F_2 ✗



$$\bar{u}_i \Gamma^\mu v_j : \gamma^\mu \rightarrow \gamma^\mu F_1^{NLO} + i \frac{\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{2m_\ell} F_2^{NLO}$$

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Still, small differences

- Still a word of caution!

If exchange terms absent, $\delta \supset \sum_{s_{ij}} 2 \operatorname{Re} \Pi(s_{ij}) + 2 \operatorname{Re} F_1(s_{ij})$
 \Rightarrow not if exchange! (problems in original study?)

Bremsstrahlung: soft photon

- General result from 't Hooft & Veltman NPB153 (1979)

$$(i \neq j) \Rightarrow \frac{|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2}{-\mathcal{Q}_i \mathcal{Q}_j} \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \frac{z_{ij}}{\lambda_{i,j}} \left[\ln \left(\frac{z_{i,j} + \lambda_{i,j}}{z_{i,j} - \lambda_{i,j}} \right) \ln \left(\frac{2E_c}{m_\gamma} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{4} \ln^2 \left(\frac{u^0 - \mathbf{u}}{u^0 + \mathbf{u}} \right) + \text{Li}_2 \left(1 - \frac{u^0 - \mathbf{u}}{v} \right) + \text{Li}_2 \left(1 - \frac{u^0 + \mathbf{u}}{v} \right) \Big|_{u=p_j}^{u=\alpha p_i} \right].$$

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- Simplifies for $p_i = p_j$

$$(p_i = p_j) \Rightarrow -|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2 \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left[\ln \left(\frac{4E_c^2}{m_\gamma^2} \right) + \frac{p_i^0}{\mathbf{p}_i} \ln \left(\frac{p_i^0 - \mathbf{p}_i}{p_i^0 + \mathbf{p}_i} \right) \right]$$

Bremsstrahlung: soft photon

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$$(p_i = p_j) \Rightarrow -|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2 \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left[\ln \left(\frac{2E_c}{m_\gamma} \right) + \frac{1 + \delta_{i,jkl}}{2\lambda_{i,jkl}} \ln \left(\frac{\Omega_i^-}{\Omega_i^+} \right) \right]$$

Bremsstrahlung: soft photon

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vs.

$$-|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2 \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left[\ln \left(\frac{2E_c}{m_\gamma} \right) + \frac{1}{2\lambda_{i,i}} \ln \left(\frac{1 - \lambda_{i,i}}{1 + \lambda_{i,i}} \right) \right] \quad (\lambda_{i,i} \rightarrow 0) \text{ } \textcolor{red}{X} \text{ ?}$$

Bremsstrahlung: soft photon

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$$(i \neq j) \Rightarrow \frac{|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2}{-\mathcal{Q}_i \mathcal{Q}_j} \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \frac{z_{ij}}{\lambda_{i,j}} \left[\ln \left(\frac{z_{i,j} + \lambda_{i,j}}{z_{i,j} - \lambda_{i,j}} \right) \ln \left(\frac{2E_c}{m_\gamma} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \ln^2 \left(\frac{\Omega_i^-}{\Omega_i^+} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \ln^2 \left(\frac{\Omega_j^-}{\Omega_j^+} \right) + \text{Li}_2 \left(1 - \frac{\Upsilon_{ij} \Omega_i^+}{x_{ij} \lambda_{ij}} \right) + \text{Li}_2 \left(1 - \frac{\Upsilon_{ij} \Omega_i^-}{x_{ij} \lambda_{ij}} \right) - \text{Li}_2 \left(1 - \frac{\Upsilon_{ij} \Omega_j^+}{x_{ij} \lambda_{ij}} \right) - \text{Li}_2 \left(1 - \frac{\Upsilon_{ij} \Omega_j^-}{x_{ij} \lambda_{ij}} \right) \right] \checkmark$$

- Simplifies for $p_i = p_j$

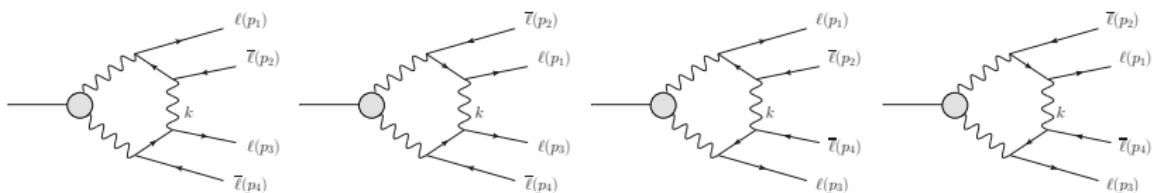
$$(p_i = p_j) \Rightarrow -|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2 \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left[\ln \left(\frac{2E_c}{m_\gamma} \right) + \frac{1 + \delta_{i,jkl}}{2\lambda_{i,jkl}} \ln \left(\frac{\Omega_i^-}{\Omega_i^+} \right) \right]$$

vs.

$$-|\mathcal{M}^{\text{LO}}|^2 \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left[\ln \left(\frac{2E_c}{m_\gamma} \right) + \frac{1}{2\lambda_{i,i}} \ln \left(\frac{1 - \lambda_{i,i}}{1 + \lambda_{i,i}} \right) \right] \quad (\lambda_{i,i} \rightarrow 0) \text{ } \textcolor{red}{X} ?$$

Still, taking last choice, less in agreement

QED “specific” 5P



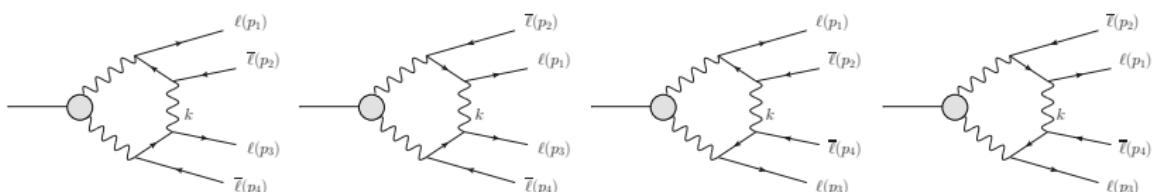
$$i\mathcal{M}_{1D}^{5P} = -e^6 \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \left(-4(p_2 \cdot p_3)(\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) + 2k_\alpha [(\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\alpha \not{p}_3 v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) - (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \not{p}_2 \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\sigma v_4)] \right. \\ \left. + k_\alpha k_\beta (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\eta v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma_\eta \gamma^\beta \gamma^\sigma v_4) \right) \mathcal{C}_{\nu\sigma}^{5P}(p_3, p_2), \quad \checkmark$$

$$i\mathcal{M}_{2D}^{5P} = +e^6 \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \left(-4(p_1 \cdot p_3)(\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) + 2k_\alpha [(\bar{u}_1 \not{p}_3 \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) - (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \not{p}_1 \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\sigma v_4)] \right. \\ \left. + k_\alpha k_\beta (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\eta \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma_\eta \gamma^\beta \gamma^\sigma v_4) \right) \mathcal{C}_{\nu\sigma}^{5P}(p_3, p_1) \quad \checkmark$$

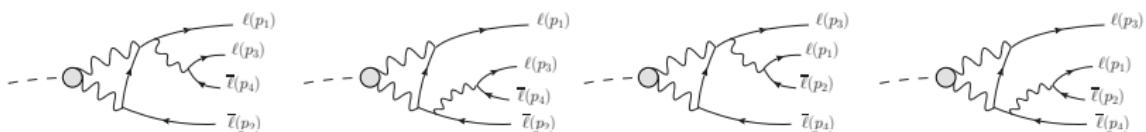
$$i\mathcal{M}_{3D}^{5P} = +e^6 \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \left(-4(p_2 \cdot p_4)(\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) + 2k_\alpha [(\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\alpha \not{p}_4 v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) - (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\alpha \not{p}_2 v_4)] \right. \\ \left. + k_\alpha k_\beta (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\eta v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\beta \gamma_\eta v_4) \right) \mathcal{C}_{\nu\sigma}^{5P}(p_4, p_2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$i\mathcal{M}_{4D}^{5P} = -e^6 \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \left(-4(p_1 \cdot p_4)(\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) + 2k_\alpha [(\bar{u}_1 \not{p}_4 \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma v_4) - (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\alpha \not{p}_1 v_4)] \right. \\ \left. + k_\alpha k_\beta (\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\eta \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\nu v_2)(\bar{u}_3 \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\beta \gamma_\eta v_4) \right) \mathcal{C}_{\nu\sigma}^{5P}(p_4, p_1), \quad \checkmark$$

$$\mathcal{C}_{\nu\sigma}^{5P}(p_i, p_j) = \frac{\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}(p_{12}^\mu p_{34}^\rho + P^\mu k^\rho) F_{P\gamma\gamma}((k-p_{12})^2, (k+p_{34})^2)}{k^2[(k+p_i^2) - m_i^2](k+p_{34})^2(k-p_{12})^2[(k-p_j)^2 - m_j^2]} \quad \checkmark$$

QED “specific” 5P

- No analytic expressions to check (would be complicated)
- Anyway, total correction vanishes unless identical leptons
- We used trace techniques vs. their spinor representation
- Allow to reduce down to 5P scalar and lower point tensor
- Also 5P tensor checked to give same result (different method wrt theirs)
- Integrals evaluated via LoopTools (5P-checked)
- Overall correction (MC integral) compatible with 0 as a check

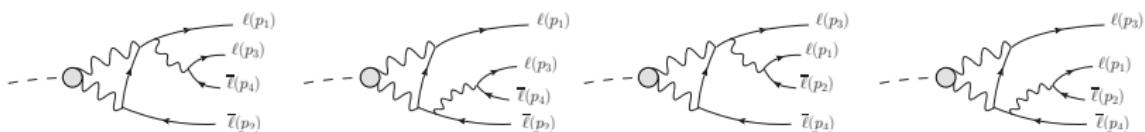
QED “specific” 3P

- Brand new result

$$i\mathcal{M}_{1D}^{3P} = \mathcal{C}_{3P} \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{[\bar{u}_1 \gamma^\lambda (\not{p}_{134} + m_a) \Gamma_{3P} v_2] [\bar{u}_3 \gamma_\lambda v_4]}{k^2 (k+P)^2 ((k+p_2)^2 - m_a^2)} \frac{F_{P\gamma\gamma}(k^2, (k+P)^2)}{p_{34}^2 (p_{134}^2 - m_a^2)},$$

$$i\mathcal{M}_{2D}^{3P} = \mathcal{C}_{3P} \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{[\bar{u}_1 \Gamma_{3P} (-\not{p}_{234} + m_a) \gamma^\lambda v_2] [\bar{u}_3 \gamma_\lambda v_4]}{k^2 (k+P)^2 ((k+p_1)^2 - m_a^2)} \frac{F_{P\gamma\gamma}(k^2, (k+P)^2)}{p_{34}^2 (p_{234}^2 - m_a^2)},$$

$$\mathcal{C}_{3P} = e^4 \left(\frac{i}{16\pi^2} \right)^{-1} \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \quad \Gamma_{3P} = (k^2 \not{p} - (k \cdot P) \not{k}) \gamma^5$$

QED “specific” 3P

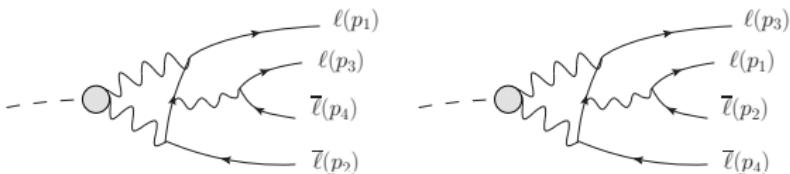
- Brand new result

$$2 \operatorname{Re} \mathcal{M}_D^{LO*} \mathcal{M}_{1D}^{3P} = 2 \operatorname{Re} \frac{e^8 F_{P\gamma\gamma}^*(s_{12}, s_{34})}{x_{34}} \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \left[(\mathcal{I}_1 - \mathcal{I}_2^a) \left(4\lambda y_{12}(2+y_{34}^2-\lambda_{34}^2) - \frac{\lambda z y_{34} \Xi}{x_{12} x_{34}} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{2M^2 \lambda^2 (1-\lambda_{12}^2)(2+y_{34}^2-\lambda_{34}^2)}{p_{134}^2 - m_a^2} \right) - \mathcal{I}_2^b \left(\frac{M^2 \lambda^2 (1-\lambda_{12}^2)(2+y_{34}^2-\lambda_{34}^2)}{p_{134}^2 - m_a^2} \right) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{I}_1 = B_0(p_{134}^2, M_{V_2}^2, m_a^2) + M_{V_1}^2 C_0(M^2, p_{134}^2, m_a^2, M_{V_1}^2, M_{V_2}^2, m_a^2)$$

$$\mathcal{I}_2^a = C_{00} + M^2 C_{11} + (p_2 \cdot P) C_{12}, \quad \mathcal{I}_2^b = M^2 C_{12} + (p_2 \cdot P) C_{22}$$

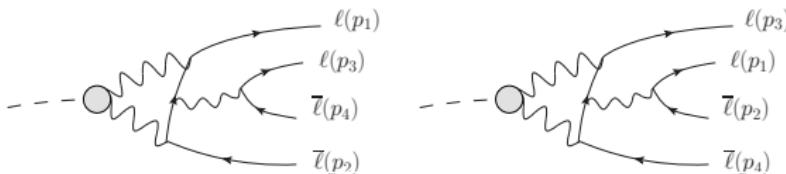
- UV-div for a constant TFF: include it or counterterm $P \rightarrow \bar{\ell}\ell$

QED “specific” 4P

- Brand new result

$$i\mathcal{M}_{1D}^{4P} = \mathcal{C}_{4P} \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{[\bar{u}_1 \Gamma_{4P}^\lambda v_2] [\bar{u}_3 \gamma_\lambda v_4]}{k^2 [(k+p_1)^2 - m_a^2] [(k+p_{134})^2 - m_a^2] (k+P)^2} \frac{1}{s_{34}},$$

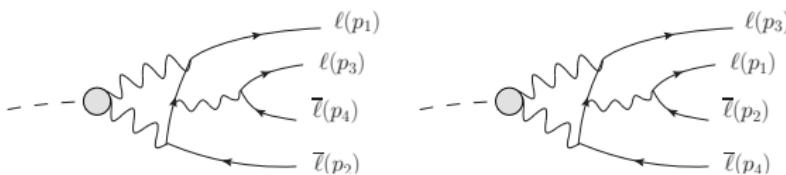
$$\Gamma_{4P}^\lambda = 2i \left(k^\lambda (k+P)^2 \not{k} - (k+P)^\lambda k^2 (\not{k} + \not{P}) \right) \gamma^5 + 2\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} k^\mu P^\rho \left(p_1^\nu \gamma^\lambda (\not{k} + \not{P}) \gamma^\sigma + p_2^\nu \gamma^\sigma \not{k} \gamma^\lambda \right),$$

QED “specific” 4P

- Brand new result

$$-2 \operatorname{Re} \mathcal{M}_D^{LO*} \mathcal{M}_{1D}^{4P} = \mp 2e^8 \operatorname{Re} \frac{F_{P\gamma^*\gamma^*}^*(s_{12(14)}, s_{34(32)})}{s_{12}s_{34}^2(s_{14}s_{34}s_{32})} \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} ([...]\mathbf{1} + [...]\mathbf{2} + [...]\mathbf{3}),$$

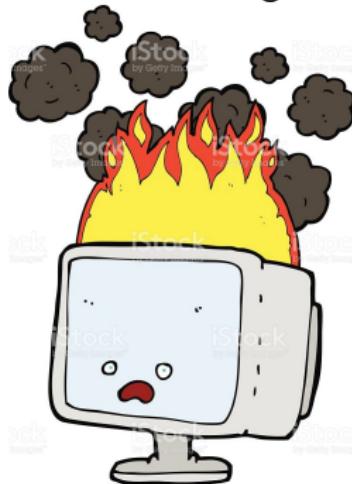
$$\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} p_{12}^\mu p_{34}^\rho \times \operatorname{tr}(\not{p}_1 + m_a) \Gamma_{4P}^{\lambda(i)} (\not{p}_2 - m_a) \gamma^\nu \times \operatorname{tr}(\not{p}_3 + m_b) \gamma_\lambda (\not{p}_4 - m_b) \gamma^\sigma,$$

QED “specific” 4P

- Brand new result

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Gamma_{4P}^{\lambda(1)} &= 2i \left[\gamma^\lambda C_{00} + m_a p_1^\lambda (C_{11} + 2C_{12} + C_{22}) + p_1^\lambda \not{p}_{34} (C_{12} + C_{22}) \right] \gamma^5 + 2i M_{V2}^2 \left[\gamma^\lambda D_{00} \right. \\
 &\quad + m_a p_1^\lambda (D_{11} + 2D_{12} + D_{22} + 3D_{13} + 3D_{23} + 2D_{33}) + p_1^\lambda \not{p}_{34} (D_{12} + D_{13} + D_{22} \\
 &\quad \left. + 2D_{23} + D_{33}) + m_a p_2^\lambda (D_{13} + D_{23} + 2D_{33}) + p_2^\lambda \not{p}_{34} (D_{23} + D_{33}) \right] \gamma^5 - (p_1 \rightarrow p_2), \\
 \Gamma_{4P}^{\lambda(2)} &= 2\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} P^\rho p_1^\nu \gamma^\lambda \gamma^\mu \gamma^\sigma D_{00} + 2\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} p_{34}^\mu p_1^\nu p_2^\rho \left(\gamma^\lambda \not{p}_1 \gamma^\sigma (D_{12} + D_{22} + D_{23} + D_2) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + m_a \gamma^\lambda \gamma^\sigma (D_{23} + D_2) + \gamma^\lambda \not{p}_{34} \gamma^\sigma (D_{22} + D_{23} + D_2) \right), \\
 \Gamma_{4P}^{\lambda(3)} &= 2\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} P^\rho p_2^\nu \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\mu \gamma^\lambda D_{00} + 2\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} p_{34}^\mu p_1^\nu p_2^\rho \left(\gamma^\sigma \not{p}_2 \gamma^\lambda D_{13} + \gamma^\sigma \not{p}_{34} \gamma^\lambda (D_{13} + D_{12}) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - m_a \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\lambda (D_{11} + D_{12} + D_{13}) \right).
 \end{aligned}$$

And we are done ... so evaluate the full BR!
This is, MC integration



$P \rightarrow \bar{\ell}\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$ @NLO Summary

	$\pi^0 \rightarrow 4e$	$K_L \rightarrow 4e$	$K_L \rightarrow 2e2\mu$	$K_L \rightarrow 4\mu$	$\eta \rightarrow 4e$	$\eta \rightarrow 2e2\mu$	$\eta \rightarrow 4\mu$
$\delta(\text{NLO})$	-0.1727(2)	-0.2345(1)	-0.0842(2)	0.0608(2)	-0.2409(1)	-0.0900(1)	0.0455(2)
$\delta(\text{FF})$	0.0037(2)	0.0749(2)	0.6942(2)	0.8608(3)	0.0207(2)	0.4829(2)	0.6202(3)
$3P,4P$	-0.1718(2)	-0.2262(2)	-0.0767(1)	0.0704(1)	-0.2301(1)	-0.0836(1)	0.0535(1)
Barker	-0.160(2)	-0.218(1)	-0.066(1)	0.084(1)	—	—	—
BR(NLO)	$2.840(1)10^{-5}$	$5.120(1)10^{-5}$	$4.436(1)10^{-6}$	$1.851(1)10^{-9}$	$5.202(1)10^{-5}$	$5.393(1)10^{-6}$	$10.289(2)10^{-9}$

- Difference of 1% order wrt Barker *et al* for $3P,4P$
- $3P,4P$ of 1% order roughly (except π^0)
- Could not certainly trace to the origin of differences

Status & Future

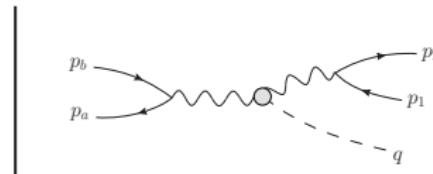
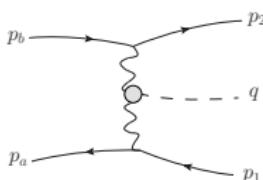
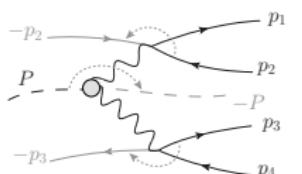
- For π^0 (30k Ev., KTeV) PRL100 (2008) negative slope (old RC related?)
- Our results (soft photon) coded for NA62 (T. Husek)
- For η (362 Ev., KLOE-2) PLB702 (2011) small statistics
- Proposed REDTOP exp: $10^{13(11)}$ $\eta^{(\prime)}$ interesting

A revision of radiative corrections to double-Dalitz decays ($P \rightarrow \bar{\ell}\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$)

Outlook: crossing to $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-P$

Section 3

Outlook: crossing to $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-P$

Outlook: crossing to $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-P$ 

- Double-virtual effects in double-Dalitz elusive for π^0 and some time for η
- Go to crossing-related [$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-P$] @NLO (thanks to A. Kupsc)
- Dictionary for relating crossed-related variables relevant there ✓
- Recompute for t -channel (incl. bremsstrahlung) in a convenient form ✓
- Newly-released EKHARA 3.0 MC includes LO s, t -channel and NLO universal t -channel with soft and hard photon (H. Czyz)
- In contact with H. Czyz to check missing parts

A revision of radiative corrections to double-Dalitz decays ($P \rightarrow \ell\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$)

Outlook: crossing to $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- P$



A revision of radiative corrections to double-Dalitz decays ($P \rightarrow \ell\ell\bar{\ell}'\ell'$)

Outlook: crossing to $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-P$

$\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$							
D+E	0.0392(2)	-0.0032(2)	-0.6391(6)	-0.0007(0)	-0.0017(1)	0	-0.6055(7)
Int	-0.0008(1)	0.0000(0)	0.0126(1)	-0.0004(0)	0.0005(0)	0.0009(1)	0.0128(2)
Total	0.0384(2)	-0.0032(2)	-0.6265(6)	-0.0011(0)	-0.0012(1)	0.0009(1)	-0.5927(7)
$K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$							
D+E	0.1047(1)	-0.0045(0)	-1.6890(5)	-0.0016(1)	-0.0048(5)	0	-1.5952(7)
Int	-0.0016(1)	0.0000(0)	0.0265(3)	-0.0012(1)	0.0013(1)	0.0017(3)	0.0267(4)
Total	0.1031(1)	-0.0045(0)	-1.6625(6)	-0.0028(1)	-0.0035(5)	0.0017(3)	-1.5685(9)
$K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$							
D	0.1067(1)	-0.0107(1)	-0.4763(5)	-0.0067(2)	-0.0209(2)	0	-0.4079(8)
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$							
D+E	0.0481(0)	-0.0080(0)	0.0985(1)	-0.0027(1)	-0.0070(2)	0	0.1289(2)
Int	-0.0026(2)	0.0004(0)	-0.0044(0)	-0.0013(0)	-0.0007(0)	-0.0142(1)	-0.0228(2)
Total	0.0455(2)	-0.0076(0)	0.0941(1)	-0.0040(1)	-0.0077(2)	-0.0142(1)	0.1061(3)
$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$							
D+E	0.1086(1)	-0.0045(0)	-1.7490(5)	-0.0016(1)	-0.0044(4)	0	-1.6509(6)
Int	-0.0015(1)	0.0000(0)	0.0251(2)	-0.0011(1)	0.0012(1)	0.0015(2)	0.0016(6)
Total	0.1070(1)	-0.0045(0)	-1.7239(5)	-0.0027(1)	-0.0032(4)	0.0015(2)	-1.6509(6)
$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$							
D	0.1337(1)	-0.0127(1)	-0.6267(6)	-0.0057(1)	-0.0224(2)	0	-0.5338(7)
$\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$							
D+E	0.2914(3)	-0.0446(0)	0.3679(4)	-0.0111(3)	-0.0361(11)	0	0.5675(12)
Int	-0.0229(2)	0.0035(1)	-0.0207(2)	-0.0056(2)	-0.0018(1)	-0.0718(6)	-0.1193(7)
Total	0.2685(4)	-0.0411(1)	0.3472(4)	-0.0167(4)	-0.0379(11)	-0.0718(6)	0.4482(15)
VP		F_2	F_1	3P	4P	5P	NLO